



SERENA[®]
PVCS[®] VERSION MANAGER[™] 8.5

Developer's Toolkit Reference Guide

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Table of Contents

	Welcome to Version Manager	7
	Using this Manual	7
	Typographical Conventions	7
	Contacting Technical Support	8
<i>Chapter 1</i>	Introduction	9
	Overview	10
	Components of the Toolkit	10
	Calling Conventions	11
	Data Structures	11
	Null Parameters	12
	Compiling and Linking Windows Applications	12
	Compiling and Linking UNIX Applications	13
	Initializing the Toolkit and Setting Global Parameters	13
	Reading the Configuration File	14
	Using Archive Handles	14
	Using DTK Applications with a Version Manager File Server	15
	Licensing the Developer's Toolkit	15
	Distributing Version Manager Functions	15
	Distributing Serena Configuration Builder Functions	16
	Installing a DTK Application	16
<i>Chapter 2</i>	Serena PVCS Version Manager Functions	17
	IDENT	20
	PvcsAccessAddGroupGroup	20
	PvcsAccessAddGroupUser	21
	PvcsAccessCloseDB	22
	PvcsAccessDefineGroup	23
	PvcsAccessDefinePrivilege	24
	PvcsAccessDefineUser	25
	PvcsAccessDeleteGroup	27
	PvcsAccessDeleteGroupGroup	28
	PvcsAccessDeleteGroupUser	29
	PvcsAccessDeletePrivilege	29
	PvcsAccessDeleteUser	30

PvcsAccessEnumerateGroupGroups	31
PvcsAccessEnumerateGroups	32
PvcsAccessEnumerateGroupUsers	34
PvcsAccessEnumeratePrivilege	35
PvcsAccessEnumeratePrivileges	36
PvcsAccessEnumerateUserGroups	37
PvcsAccessEnumerateUsers	39
PvcsAccessOpenDB	40
PvcsAccessQueryGroup	41
PvcsAccessQueryPrivilege	42
PvcsAccessQueryUser	43
PvcsAccessRenameGroup	45
PvcsAccessRenameGroupGroup	46
PvcsAccessRenameGroupUser	47
PvcsAccessRenamePrivilege	48
PvcsAccessRenameUser	49
PvcsAddAlias	50
PvcsAddPromoteTreeNode	51
PvcsAssignPromoGroup	53
PvcsAssignVersion	54
PvcsCancelUpdate	56
PvcsChangeAccessList	57
PvcsChangeArchiveInfo	59
PvcsCloseAll	62
PvcsCloseArchive	63
PvcsComputeArchiveName	64
PvcsCreateArchive	65
PvcsDeleteRevision	67
PvcsDiagnosticEnable	68
PvcsEndArchiveSearch	73
PvcsExport	74
PvcsFindFirstArchive	79
PvcsFindNextArchive	81
PvcsGenDeltaFile	82
PvcsGetArchiveInfo	85
PvcsGetArchiveInfoVB1	87
PvcsGetArchiveInfoVB2	90

PvcsGetErrorMessage	92
PvcsGetExtRevAttribute	93
PvcsGetLockInfo	95
PvcsGetLockInfoVB	97
PvcsGetPromoParent	99
PvcsGetRevision	100
PvcsGetRevisionInfo	103
PvcsGetRevisionInfo2	105
PvcsGetRevisionInfoVB	107
PvcsGetUserInfo	110
PvcsGroupToRevision	111
PvcsInit	113
PvcsIsArchive	114
PvcsIsUserInDatabase	114
PvcsListJournal	115
PvcsLockRevisionGroup	117
PvcsLog	119
PvcsLogin	122
PvcsMakeDB	123
PvcsMerge	124
PvcsMerge2	126
PvcsOpenArchive	129
PvcsPromoteRevision	131
PvcsPutExtRevAttribute	132
PvcsPutRevision	134
PvcsQueryAlias	138
PvcsQueryArchiveAccess	139
PvcsQueryConfiguration	140
PvcsQueryConfigurationError	143
PvcsQueryConfigurationItem	144
Directive Values	145
PvcsQueryUserAccess	150
PvcsQueryVconfigItem	151
PvcsReadDB	152
PvcsRedirectOutput	154
PvcsRegisterCallback	155
PVCS_CALLBACK_CFG_ALIASREF	156
PVCS_CALLBACK_CFG_CONDITION	157
PVCS_CALLBACK_CFG_INCLUDE	157

	PVCS_CALLBACK_CHGDESC	157
	PVCS_CALLBACK_CONFIG	158
	PVCS_CALLBACK_CONFIRM	159
	PVCS_CALLBACK_DELAY	160
	PVCS_CALLBACK_FREEMEM	160
	PVCS_CALLBACK_WORKDESC	161
	PVCS_CALLBACK_NO_DIRECTORY	161
	PVCS_CALLBACK_YIELD	162
	PvcsRegisterEvent	163
	PvcsReportDifferences	165
	PvcsSetGlobalParameter	168
	PvcsSetProjectSemaphore	169
	PvcsTestDifferences	170
	PvcsUnLockRevision	172
	PvcsUnRegisterEvent	173
	PvcsVconfig	175
	PvcsVerifyPromoTree	177
	PvcsVerifyPromoTreeNodeExist	178
	PvcsVersionToRevision	179
Chapter 3	Serena Configuration Builder Functions	183
	PvcsBuild	184
	PvcsCloseBuildScript	185
	PvcsReadBuildScript	186
	PvcsRedirectBuildOutput	188
	PvcsRegisterBuildCallback	190
	PvcsSaveWinmainParams	193
	PvcsUnsaveWinmainParams	194
Chapter 4	Return Values	195
	Return Values	195
Chapter 5	Data Structures	203
	Data Structures	203
	ARCHIVEINFO	203
	CONFIG	203
	LOCK	205
	PVCSDATE	205
	REVINFO	205
	Index	207

Welcome to Version Manager

Thank you for choosing Serena PVCS Version Manager, a powerful and versatile version control system that will revolutionize the way you develop software. Version Manager helps you organize, manage, and protect your software development projects on every level—from storing and tracking changes to individual files, to managing and monitoring an entire development cycle.

Purpose of this manual The *Serena PVCS Version Manager Developer's Toolkit Reference Guide* contains information for programmers using Developer's Toolkit to build applications that use Serena PVCS Professional Suite services.

For more information Refer to the *Serena PVCS Version Manager Getting Started Guide* for a description of the Version Manager documentation set, a summary of the ways to work with Version Manager, and instructions for accessing the Online Help.

Using this Manual

Information for programmers The *Serena PVCS Version Manager Developer's Toolkit Reference Guide* contains information for programmers using Developer's Toolkit to build applications that use Serena PVCS Professional Suite services.

The Developer's Toolkit Reference Guide contains these chapters:

- [Chapter 1, "Introduction" on page 9](#), presents an overview of the Developer's Toolkit, and explains how to compile and link applications that use Serena PVCS Professional Suite services.
- [Chapter 2, "Serena PVCS Version Manager Functions" on page 17](#), describes Version Manager functions in alphabetic order.
- [Chapter 3, "Serena Configuration Builder Functions" on page 183](#), describes Configuration Builder functions in alphabetic order.
- [Chapter 4, "Return Values" on page 195](#), lists values returned by Professional functions, along with an explanation of each error.
- [Chapter 5, "Data Structures" on page 203](#), lists data structures used by Professional functions.

Information about Version Manager functions The function descriptions in Chapters 2 and 3 include function syntax, parameters, return values, and code examples. Developer's Toolkit includes source files that contain code used in the examples.

Typographical Conventions

The following typographical conventions are used in the online manuals and online help. These typographical conventions are used to assist you when using the documentation;

they are not meant to contradict or change any standard use of typographical conventions in the various product components or the host operating system.

Convention	Explanation
italics	Introduces new terms that you may not be familiar with and occasionally indicates emphasis.
bold	Emphasizes important information and field names.
UPPERCASE	Indicates keys or key combinations that you can use. For example, press the ENTER key.
monospace	Indicates syntax examples, values that you specify, or results that you receive.
monospaced italics	Indicates names that are placeholders for values you specify; for example, <i>filename</i> .
monospace bold	Indicates the results of an executed command.
vertical rule	Separates menus and their associated commands. For example, select File Copy means to select Copy from the File menu. Also, indicates mutually exclusive choices in a command syntax line.
brackets []	Indicates optional items. For example, in the following statement: SELECT [DISTINCT] , DISTINCT is an optional keyword.
. . .	Indicates command arguments that can have more than one value.

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Chapter 1

Introduction

Overview	10
Compiling and Linking Windows Applications	12
Compiling and Linking UNIX Applications	13
Initializing the Toolkit and Setting Global Parameters	13
Reading the Configuration File	14
Using Archive Handles	14
Using DTK Applications with a Version Manager File Server	15
Licensing the Developer's Toolkit	15
Installing a DTK Application	16

Overview

Use
Version Manager
functions in your
application

Serena PVCS Version Manager Developer's Toolkit provides application programming interface (API) functions for programmers who want to develop applications that use Serena PVCS Professional Suite services. You can use the functions in Developer's Toolkit to build your own interface to Serena configuration management tools, or to add configuration management capabilities to your applications.

Visual Basic and Delphi programmers can also utilize the Serena PVCS Version Manager Developer's Toolkit functionality easily without having to write external functions to manipulate certain data structures normally returned by a few Developer's Toolkit functions.

The Developer's Toolkit includes functions that implement the functionality of Serena PVCS Version Manager and Serena Configuration Builder.

You can use Developer's Toolkit to build applications that use Serena PVCS Professional Suite services on various platforms.

Components of the Toolkit

DLLs, libraries,
and header files

Serena PVCS Version Manager Developer's Toolkit consists of a set of dynamic link libraries (DLLs), import libraries, shared libraries, static libraries, and header files.

Dynamic Link Libraries

Windows DLLs

The Developer's Toolkit includes the following DLLs for Windows:

- VMWFDTK.DLL contains functions for Version Manager services for 32-bit Windows.
- CBWF51.DLL contains functions for Configuration Builder services for 32-bit Windows.



NOTE When you are using the Serena PVCS Professional Suite services, the calling application must be able to find the DLLs. Under Windows, the DLLs must be in the same directory as the calling application or in a directory included in the PATH statement.

Import Libraries

Windows libraries

The Developer's Toolkit includes the following import libraries for linking Windows programs:

- VMWFDTK.LIB is the 32-bit import library for Version Manager functions.
- CBWF51.LIB is the 32-bit import library for Configuration Builder functions.

Shared UNIX
Libraries

Shared Libraries

The Developer's Toolkit includes the following shared libraries for UNIX:

- *libpvcsvm.a* is the shared UNIX object library for Version Manager for AIX.
- *libpvcsvm.sl* is the shared UNIX object library for Version Manager for HP-UX.
- *libpvcsvm.so* is the shared UNIX object library for Version Manager for Solaris.

Static Library

Static UNIX library The Developer's Toolkit includes one static library for UNIX: `pvcscb.a` is the UNIX object library for Configuration Builder functions.

Header Files

The Developer's Toolkit includes the following C header files:

- `pvcsh.h` contains definitions and function prototypes for the Serena PVCS Professional Suite services.
- `pvcshb.h` contains definitions and function prototypes for Configuration Builder functions. This file is automatically included by `pvcsh.h`.
- `pvcshvm.h` contains definitions and function prototypes for Version Manager functions. This file is automatically included by `pvcsh.h`.
- `pvcshvm.bas` contains definitions and function prototypes for use with Visual Basic applications.
- `pvcshdtk.pas` contains definitions and function prototypes for use with Delphi applications.



NOTE When compiling under Windows, your program should include `windows.h` before including `pvcsh.h`.

Calling Conventions

Unless stated otherwise, any revision parameter can be a revision number, version label, or promotion group. If the parameter refers to a version label that begins with a number, you must prefix the label with a backslash (\) so that Version Manager does not recognize it as a revision number.

All functions return a value of zero if successful. Non-zero return values indicate that an error occurred. See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of the error codes.

Developer's Toolkit uses the following conventions for Windows DLLs:

- The CDecl calling convention for 32-bit Windows.

Developer's Toolkit uses the following convention for UNIX:

- The C language calling convention.

Data Structures

Types of returned data Many Serena PVCS Professional Suite services return data to the caller. There are three types of returned data:

- Simple data types, such as integer.
- Null-terminated ASCII text strings.
- Data structures. These data structures are listed as C structures in the header files `PVCSTM.H` and `PVCSCB.H`, and in [Chapter 5, "Data Structures"](#)

The caller must allocate memory for data returned by the Professional services. The data structures contain a fixed-length structure, which may contain pointers to variable-length strings. The buffer must be large enough to hold the fixed portion plus the variable portion.

The Developer's Toolkit returns the error code `PVCS_E_BUFFER_OVERFLOW` if the buffer is too small.

Structures use the Microsoft C convention of even-byte alignment. This means that all structure members begin on an even-byte address.

Null Parameters

Null pointer equals
pointer to a null
string

Unless otherwise stated, functions with parameters that are pointers to text strings treat a null pointer and a pointer to a null string as equivalent.

Compiling and Linking Windows Applications

Compiling tips The following tips on compiling and linking applications use the Professional API functions:

- **Public names.** Professional services are case-insensitive. If you are using the Microsoft C compiler, the header files declare the functions as *Pascal* type, which means that the compiler converts all public symbols to upper case in generated object code.
- **Stack.** Allocate an additional 4K beyond your application's normal stack requirements. (Use the `/Stack` command-line option with the Microsoft linker.)
- **Single thread.** Professional services were not designed to be used with multiple threads. Results are unpredictable if a process has more than one active thread executing Professional functions. Multiple *processes* executing Professional functions will not cause problems.
- **Memory model.** Professional services use the flat memory model for Windows: 32-bit values are used for everything.

Examples The following compiling and linking examples are for Windows using Microsoft win32 SDK:

```
set LIB=%LIB%;\pvcsdtk\lib
set INCLUDE=%INCLUDE%;\pvcsdtk\include
cl386 -c -D_I386 -D_X86_ -G3 -Foobject_file source_file
link32 -machine:i386 -out:executable_file -subsystem:console
object_file
pvcsvmn.lib
pvcsbn.lib
crtdll.lib
kernel32.lib
mpr.lib
advapi32.lib
```

MS Visual C++:

```
set LIB=\msvcnt\lib;\pvcsdtk\lib
set INCLUDE=\msvcnt\include;\pvcsdtk\include
```

```
set LINK= -machine:i386 -subsystem:console
CL /c /W3 /G3 test.c
LINK test.obj,vmwfdtk + libcmt + kernel32 + advapi32
```

Compiling and Linking UNIX Applications

Tips on compiling To compile a module that includes Developer's Toolkit functions, add the directory containing the header files to the compiler's header file search path. For UNIX C compilers, you generally use the `-I` option to specify an additional directory in which to search for header files.

Examples In the examples below, *os* is *sol*, *hpux*, or *aix*. To compile a module named *test.c* that includes a Developer's Toolkit function, type:

```
cc -I/usr/pvcs/vm/os/dtk -DCDECL="" -DSYS_UNIX -c test.c
```

To link programs that use Developer's Toolkit, name all of the Developer's Toolkit libraries on the command line.

The following examples link a program called *test*, which uses both Version Manager and Configuration Builder functions.

To link the application, enter:

```
cc -o test test.o \
    /usr/pvcs/vm/os/dtk/pvcsvm \
    /usr/pvcs/vm/os/dtk/pvcscb.a \
```

where *pvcsvm* specifies the shared object library for Version Manager for the operating system. The value can be any of the following:

- for *AIX*: *pvcsvm.a*
- for *HP-UX*: *pvcsvm.sl*
- for *Solaris*: *pvcsvm.so*

For programs that require the Configuration Builder functions, you must link in *pvcscb.a*.

Initializing the Toolkit and Setting Global Parameters

Initialize the Toolkit first Before performing Version Manager operations, you must first use the *PvcsInit* function to initialize the Toolkit. If you don't initialize the Toolkit, the first function you call will call *PvcsInit* for you. See ["PvcsInit" on page 113](#) for details.

Set global parameters After you have initialized the toolkit, you should set global parameters that affect all Developer's Toolkit functions. See ["PvcsSetGlobalParameter" on page 168](#) for details.

Reading the Configuration File

Read the configuration file first

Before performing most Version Manager operations, you should first use the **PvcsQueryConfiguration** function to read the configuration file, which defines many aspects of Version Manager's behavior.

PvcsQueryConfiguration finds the default configuration file using the usual Version Manager rules. (These rules are listed in the *Serena PVCS Version Manager Command-Line Reference Guide*.) You can specify a configuration file, which overrides the normal rules for locating the configuration file.

If you do not call **PvcsQueryConfiguration**, the Professional services use the default configuration settings. If your application changes the current directory to a directory that contains a local configuration file, you should call **PvcsQueryConfiguration** again to update the configuration settings.

Using Archive Handles

Functions to open and close archives

Before accessing an archive, you can open it with **PvcsOpenArchive**. This function returns an archive handle, which you pass to other Professional services. When you are finished with the archive, call **PvcsCloseArchive**, which applies pending updates to the archive, closes it, and frees internal resources associated with it.

Functions can open archives automatically

It is not necessary to use **PvcsOpenArchive** to open an archive before processing it. If you use the services that access archives with an archive name rather than an archive handle, they can open and close the archives themselves.

However, if you are performing multiple operations on an archive, it is more efficient to open the archive first and pass the archive handle to other services.

Close or keep archives open

If you have several operations to perform on an archive, you can close the archive after each, or you can close it after the last operation. Here are the advantages and disadvantages of each:

- **Close after each operation.** This makes each operation a separate event. The advantage is that the archive is free between operations, which allows access by other users. However, there is more overhead associated with opening and closing the archive multiple times, and another user could update the archive between operations.
- **Close after last operation.** The archive remains open throughout the operations, which has the advantage of making all operations appear as a single transaction. If you open the archive in update mode, no other users can update the archive until you close it.

Operating on multiple archives

If you will perform operations on multiple archives, make sure the you close each archive before opening another. If more than one archive is opened at a time, the results of toolkit operations will be undefined.

Changes to an archive are not saved until you call **PvcsCloseArchive**. If you need to cancel an update, call **PvcsCancelUpdate**.

Using DTK Applications with a Version Manager File Server

If an access control database, Single Sign On authentication, or LDAP authentication is associated with the Client Name (path map) on the Version Manager File Server, you must use the PvcLogin function or an environment variable to present a user ID and password for validation.

By default, Version Manager checks for a user ID and password authentication source in the following order:

- 1 MERANT_LOGIN_PRIORITY:** An environment variable. Valid values are: "PCLI_ID", "EVENTUSERID", and "*user_id:user_password*".
- 2 PCLI_ID:** An environment variable. Its value is in the form of "*user_id:user_password*".
- 3 EVENTUSERID:** An environment variable in the form of "*user_id*" used in combination with the EVENTPASSWORD variable (which contains a limited-lifetime encrypted password). Values for these variables are generated when an external command is executed from an Event Trigger, a Toolbar Command, or when using the PCLI run -e command.

Special Considerations

- Version Manager validates against the first authentication source that contains a valid value ("PCLI_ID", "EVENTUSERID", or "*user_id:user_password*"). It does NOT check subsequent authentication sources even if the initial one fails.
- You can cause PCLI_ID or EVENTUSERID to be the first authentication source that is checked by assigning the value "PCLI_ID" or "EVENTUSERID" to the environment variable MERANT_LOGIN_PRIORITY.
- You can pass a "hardcoded" user ID and password by assigning a "*user_id:user_password*" value to the environment variable MERANT_LOGIN_PRIORITY. No other authentication sources will be checked.
NOTE You must include the colon (:) even if no password is required.

For information on setting up client access to a Version Manager File Server, see the *Serena PVCS Version Manager Administrator's Guide*.

Licensing the Developer's Toolkit

Purchasing the DTK does not grant you permission to distribute applications you create with the DTK outside of your organization.

Distributing Version Manager Functions

If you distribute an application that calls Serena PVCS Version Manager functions outside of your organization, you must purchase a Serena PVCS Version Manager license for each user of the application or complete an Original Equipment Manufacturer (OEM) agreement with Serena.

Distributing Serena Configuration Builder Functions

If you distribute an application that calls Serena Configuration Builder functions, you must complete an OEM agreement with Serena.

Installing a DTK Application

Once you have created your DTK application, you must install it and at least one Version Manager client to the systems on which you wish to run your DTK application. The Command-Line Interface has the smallest footprint of the Version Manager clients, so install it with your DTK application if you have no need for a specific Version Manager client.

Chapter 2

Serena PVCS Version Manager Functions

IDENT	20
PvcsAccessAddGroupGroup	20
PvcsAccessAddGroupUser	21
PvcsAccessCloseDB	22
PvcsAccessDefineGroup	23
PvcsAccessDefinePrivilege	24
PvcsAccessDefineUser	25
PvcsAccessDeleteGroup	27
PvcsAccessDeleteGroupGroup	28
PvcsAccessDeleteGroupUser	29
PvcsAccessDeletePrivilege	29
PvcsAccessDeleteUser	30
PvcsAccessEnumerateGroupGroups	31
PvcsAccessEnumerateGroups	32
PvcsAccessEnumerateGroupUsers	34
PvcsAccessEnumeratePrivilege	35
PvcsAccessEnumeratePrivileges	36
PvcsAccessEnumerateUserGroups	37
PvcsAccessEnumerateUsers	39
PvcsAccessOpenDB	40
PvcsAccessQueryGroup	41
PvcsAccessQueryPrivilege	42
PvcsAccessQueryUser	43
PvcsAccessRenameGroup	45
PvcsAccessRenameGroupGroup	46
PvcsAccessRenameGroupUser	47
PvcsAccessRenamePrivilege	48
PvcsAccessRenameUser	49
PvcsAddAlias	50
PvcsAddPromoteTreeNode	51
PvcsAssignPromoGroup	53
PvcsAssignVersion	54
PvcsCancelUpdate	56

PvcsChangeAccessList	57
PvcsChangeArchiveInfo	59
PvcsCloseAll	62
PvcsCloseArchive	63
PvcsComputeArchiveName	64
PvcsCreateArchive	65
PvcsDeleteRevision	67
PvcsDiagnosticEnable	68
PvcsEndArchiveSearch	73
PvcsExport	74
PvcsFindFirstArchive	79
PvcsFindNextArchive	81
PvcsGenDeltaFile	82
PvcsGetArchiveInfo	85
PvcsGetArchiveInfoVB1	87
PvcsGetArchiveInfoVB2	90
PvcsGetErrorMessage	92
PvcsGetExtRevAttribute	93
PvcsGetLockInfo	95
PvcsGetLockInfoVB	97
PvcsGetPromoParent	99
PvcsGetRevision	100
PvcsGetRevisionInfo	103
PvcsGetRevisionInfo2	105
PvcsGetRevisionInfoVB	107
PvcsGetUserInfo	110
PvcsGroupToRevision	111
PvcsInit	113
PvcsIsArchive	114
PvcsIsUserInDatabase	114
PvcsListJournal	115
PvcsLockRevisionGroup	117
PvcsLog	119
PvcsLogin	122
PvcsMakeDB	123
PvcsMerge	124
PvcsMerge2	126
PvcsOpenArchive	129
PvcsPromoteRevision	131
PvcsPutExtRevAttribute	132
PvcsPutRevision	134
PvcsQueryAlias	138

PvcsQueryArchiveAccess	139
PvcsQueryConfiguration	140
PvcsQueryConfigurationError	143
PvcsQueryConfigurationItem	144
PvcsQueryUserAccess	150
PvcsQueryVconfigItem	151
PvcsReadDB	152
PvcsRedirectOutput	154
PvcsRegisterCallback	155
PvcsRegisterEvent	163
PvcsReportDifferences	165
PvcsSetGlobalParameter	168
PvcsSetProjectSemaphore	169
PvcsTestDifferences	170
PvcsUnLockRevision	172
PvcsUnRegisterEvent	173
PvcsVconfig	175
PvcsVerifyPromoTree	177
PvcsVerifyPromoTreeNodeExist	178
PvcsVersionToRevision	179

IDENT

This function returns information about the version of the Serena PVCS Version Manager Developer's Toolkit. The information returned is the version string of the Toolkit. The Version Manager desktop client displays this string in the "About" box.

Syntax `IDENT(
 unassigned char *buffer, /* Output */
 unsigned short bufLen) /* Input */`

Parameters

<i>buffer</i>	Buffer receiving ident string.
<i>bufLen</i>	Length of buffer.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful.

PvcsAccessAddGroupGroup

This function adds a new group member to a group and requires the ViewAccessDB privilege. The group must already exist in the database.

Syntax `PvcsAccessAddGroupGroup(
 int DBHandle, /* Input */
 unsigned char *group, /* Input */
 unsigned char *groupMember) /* Input */`

Parameters

<i>DBHandle</i>	Handle returned by PvcsAccessOpenDB .
<i>group</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the name of the group to which you are adding a member.
<i>groupMember</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the name of the group member to be added.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:

PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
PVCS_E_UNKNOWN_GROUP
PVCS_E_GROUP_EXISTS

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Example

```
/* Initialize configuration settings */  
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);  
  
/* Open the access control database */  
status = PvcsAccessOpenDB("access.db", PVCS_ACCOPEN_UPDATE,  
                          &DBHandle);  
  
/* Add group member to group */  
status = PvcsAccessAddGroupGroup(
```

```

        DBHandle, /* Database handle */
        groupName, /* Name of group */
        groupMemberName); /* Name of group to add */

if (!status)
    printf("Added group \"%s\" to group \"%s\".\n",
        groupMemberName, groupName);

/* Close the access control database */
status = PvcsAccessCloseDB(DBHandle);

```

Related Functions

- [PvcsAccessAddGroupUser on page 21](#)
- [PvcsAccessDeleteGroupGroup on page 28](#)
- [PvcsAccessDeleteGroupUser on page 29](#)
- [PvcsAccessRenameGroupGroup on page 46](#)
- [PvcsAccessRenameGroupUser on page 47](#)

PvcsAccessAddGroupUser

This function adds a user to a group and requires the ViewAccessDB privilege. The user must already exist in the database.

Syntax

```

PvcsAccessAddGroupUser(
    int DBHandle, /* Input */
    unsigned char *group, /* Input */
    unsigned char *userMember) /* Input */

```

Parameters

<i>DBHandle</i>	Handle returned by PvcsAccessOpenDB .
<i>group</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the name of a group.
<i>userMember</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the name of a user member.

Return Values

The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:

- PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
- PVCS_E_UNKNOWN_USER
- PVCS_E_UNKNOWN_GROUP
- PVCS_E_USER_EXISTS

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Example

```

/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* Open the access control database */
status = PvcsAccessOpenDB("access.db", PVCS_ACCOPEN_UPDATE,
    &DBHandle);

/* Add user to group */
status = PvcsAccessAddGroupUser(
    DBHandle, /* Database handle */
    groupName, /* Name of group */
    userName); /* Name of user to add */

```

```
if (!status)
    printf("Added user \"%s\" to group \"%s\".\n", userName,
        groupName);

/* Close the access control database */
status = PvcsAccessCloseDB(DBHandle);
```

Related Functions

- [PvcsAccessAddGroupGroup on page 20](#)
- [PvcsAccessDeleteGroupGroup on page 28](#)
- [PvcsAccessDeleteGroupUser on page 29](#)
- [PvcsAccessRenameGroupGroup on page 46](#)
- [PvcsAccessRenameGroupUser on page 47](#)

PvcsAccessCloseDB

This function closes the access control database. It writes the file back to disk if it was opened in create mode, or if it was opened in update mode and the caller made changes to the file.

Syntax `PvcsAccessCloseDB(`
 `int DBHandle) /* Input */`

Parameters

DBHandle Handle returned by **PvcsAccessOpenDB**.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:
 PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
 PVCS_E_INVALID_DBHANDLE

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Example

```
/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* Open the access control database */
status = PvcsAccessOpenDB(
    "access.db", /* Name of access control db */
    PVCS_ACCOPEN_UPDATE, /* Type of access to db */
    &DBHandle); /* Returned database handle */

/* Close the access control database */
status = PvcsAccessCloseDB(
    DBHandle); /* Database handle */
```

Related Functions

- [PvcsAccessOpenDB on page 40](#)
- [PvcsMakeDB on page 123](#)
- [PvcsReadDB on page 152](#)

PvcsAccessDefineGroup

This function adds a group or changes a group's definition and requires the ViewAccessDB privilege.

Syntax `PvcsAccessDefineGroup(
 int DBHandle, /* Input */
 unsigned char *group,/* Input */
 unsigned char *privList,/* Input */
 unsigned char *userList,/* Input */
 unsigned char *groupList,/* Input */
 PVCS_FLAGS flags)/* Input */`

Parameters

<i>DBHandle</i>	Handle returned by PvcsAccessOpenDB .
<i>group</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the name of the group.
<i>privList</i>	Pointer to a buffer that contains the group's privilege list. Each privilege must be terminated by a null character, and the end-of-buffer must be marked by one additional null character. A null parameter indicates that the group has the Unlimited privilege.
<i>userList</i>	Pointer to a buffer that contains the list of users. Each user must be terminated by a null character, and the end-of-buffer must be marked by one additional null character. Each user must already be defined in the database. A null parameter indicates no users in the group.
<i>groupList</i>	Pointer to a buffer that contains the list of groups. Each group must be terminated by a null character.
<i>flags</i>	Bit field that controls the operation of this function and can be combined. The default value is: PVCS_ACCDEFINE_GROUP_ADD This setting adds a new group definition.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:
PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
PVCS_E_UNKNOWN_GROUP
PVCS_E_UNKNOWN_USER
PVCS_E_UNKNOWN_PRIVILEGE

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Example

```
/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* Open the access control database */
status = PvcsAccessOpenDB("access.db", PVCS_ACCOPEN_UPDATE,
    &DBHandle);

/* Add group definition */
status = PvcsAccessDefineGroup(
    DBHandle,/* Database handle */
    groupName,/* Group name */
    privilegeList,/* Group privilege info */
    userList,/* Group user info */
    groupList,/* Group group info */
```

```
PVCS_ACCDEFINE_USER_ADD);/* Add a new group */

if (!status)
    printf("Defined group \"%s\".\n", groupName);

/* Close the access control database */
status = PvcAccessCloseDB(DBHandle);
```

Related Functions

- [PvcAccessDeleteGroup on page 27](#)
- [PvcAccessEnumerateGroupGroups on page 31](#)
- [PvcAccessEnumerateGroups on page 32](#)
- [PvcAccessEnumerateGroupUsers on page 34](#)
- [PvcAccessQueryGroup on page 41](#)
- [PvcAccessRenameGroup on page 45](#)

PvcAccessDefinePrivilege

The function adds a new custom privilege, or changes the definition of an existing custom privilege. It requires the ViewAccessDB privilege.

Syntax

```
PvcAccessDefinePrivilege(
    int DBHandle,      /* Input */
    unsigned char *privilegeName, /* Input */
    unsigned char *privilegeList, /* Input */
    unsigned char *promoGroupList, /* Input */
    PVCS_FLAGS flags) /* Input */
```

Parameters

<i>DBHandle</i>	Handle returned by PvcAccessOpenDB .
<i>privilegeName</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the name of the privilege to define.
<i>privilegeList</i>	Pointer to a buffer that contains the custom privilege's privilege list. Each privilege is null-terminated, and the end-of-buffer must be marked by one additional null character. A null parameter indicates that the custom privilege has the Unlimited privilege.
<i>promoGroupList</i>	Pointer to a buffer that contains the custom privilege's promotion group list. Each promotion group is null-terminated, and the end-of-buffer must be marked by one additional null character. A null parameter indicates the customer privilege has no promotion group restrictions.
<i>flags</i>	Bit field that controls how the function operates. Values include: <ul style="list-style-type: none">■ PVCS_ACCDEFINE_PRIV_ADD This is the default setting; it adds a new privilege definition.■ PVCS_ACCDEFINE_PRIV_REPLACE This setting replaces an existing privilege definition.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:

PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
 PVCS_E_UNKNOWN_PRIVILEGE
 PVCS_E_BUFFER_OVERFLOW

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Example

```
/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* Open the access control database */
status = PvcsAccessOpenDB("access.db", PVCS_ACCOPEN_UPDATE,
    &DBHandle);

/* Add privilege definition */
status = PvcsAccessDefinePrivilege(
    DBHandle, /* I: Handle from PvcsAccessOpenDB */
    privilegeName, /* I: Name of privilege */
    privilegeList, /* I: Buf containing privilege list */
    promoGroupList, /* I: Buf containing promo group list */
    flags); /* I: Function behavior flags */

if (!status)
    printf("Defined privilege \"%s\".\n", privilegeName);

/* Close the access control database */
status = PvcsAccessCloseDB(DBHandle);
```

Related Functions

- [PvcsAccessDeletePrivilege on page 29](#)
- [PvcsAccessEnumeratePrivilege on page 35](#)
- [PvcsAccessEnumeratePrivileges on page 36](#)
- [PvcsAccessQueryPrivilege on page 42](#)
- [PvcsAccessRenamePrivilege on page 48](#)

PvcsAccessDefineUser

This function adds a user or changes the user's definition and requires the ViewAccessDB privilege.

Syntax

```
PvcsAccessDefineUser(
    int DBHandle, /* Input */
    unsigned char *userName, /* Input */
    unsigned char *password, /* Input */
    unsigned char *privList, /* Input */
    unsigned char *expDate, /* Input */
    PVCS_FLAGS flags) /* Input */
```

Parameters

<i>DBHandle</i>	Handle returned by PvcsAccessOpenDB .
<i>userName</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the user name.
<i>password</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the user password. A null parameter indicates no password.

<i>privList</i>	Pointer to a buffer that contains the user's privilege list. Each privilege is null-terminated, and the end-of-buffer must be marked by one additional null character. A null parameter indicates the user has the Unlimited privilege.
<i>expDate</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the user expiration date. The date format is <i>mm-dd-yy hh:mm:ss</i> . A null parameter indicates no expiration date.
<i>flags</i>	Bit field that controls the operation of this function and can be combined. Values include: <ul style="list-style-type: none">■ <code>PVCS_ACCDEFINE_USER_ADD</code> Adds a new user definition. This is the default setting.■ <code>PVCS_ACCDEFINE_USER_REPLACE</code> Replaces an existing user definition.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:
`PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER`
`PVCS_E_UNKNOWN_USER`
`PVCS_E_USER_EXISTS`
`PVCS_E_UNKNOWN_PRIVILEGE`

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Example

```
int status;
int DBHandle;
char *userName = "DAVEE";
char *password = "GOSEAHAWKS";
char *privilegeList = "Get\0Put\0Lock\0";
char *expDate = "01-01-96 12:00:00";

/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* Open the access control database */
status = PvcsAccessOpenDB('access.db', PVCS_ACCOPEN_UPDATE,
    &DBHandle);

/* Add user definition */
status = PvcsAccessDefineUser(
    DBHandle, /* Database handle */
    userName, /* User name */
    password, /* User password */
    privilegeList, /* User privilege info */
    expDate, /* User expiration date */
    PVCS_ACCDEFINE_USER_ADD); /* Add a new user */

if (!status)
    printf("Defined user \"%s\".\n", userName);

/* Close the access control database */
status = PvcsAccessCloseDB(DBHandle);
```

Related Functions [PvcsAccessDeleteUser on page 30](#)
[PvcsAccessEnumerateUserGroups on page 37](#)
[PvcsAccessEnumerateUsers on page 39](#)

[PvcsAccessQueryUser on page 43](#)
[PvcsAccessRenameUser on page 49](#)

PvcsAccessDeleteGroup

This function deletes a group from the access control database and requires the ViewAccessDB privilege.

Syntax `PvcsAccessDeleteGroup(
int DBHandle, /* Input */
unsigned char *group)/` /* Input */

Parameters

DBHandle Handle returned by **PvcsAccessOpenDB**.
group Name of the group to delete.

Return Value The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:
PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
PVCS_E_UNKNOWN_GROUP

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Example

```
/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* Open the access control database */
status = PvcsAccessOpenDB("access.db", PVCS_ACCOPEN_UPDATE,
    &DBHandle);

/* Delete the group */
status = PvcsAccessDeleteGroup(
    DBHandle, /* Database handle */
    groupName); /* Name of group */

if (!status)
    printf("Deleted \"%s\".\n", groupName);

/* Close the access control database */
status = PvcsAccessCloseDB(DBHandle);
```

Related Functions [PvcsAccessDefineGroup on page 23](#)
[PvcsAccessDeleteGroup on page 27](#)
[PvcsAccessEnumerateGroupGroups on page 31](#)
[PvcsAccessEnumerateGroups on page 32](#)
[PvcsAccessEnumerateGroupUsers on page 34](#)
[PvcsAccessQueryGroup on page 41](#)
[PvcsAccessRenameGroup on page 45](#)

PvcsAccessDeleteGroupGroup

This function deletes a group member from within a group where the member is itself a group. It requires the ViewAccessDB privilege.

Syntax `PvcsAccessDeleteGroupGroup(
 int DBHandle, /* Input */
 unsigned char *group, /* Input */
 unsigned char *groupMember) /* Input */`

Parameters

<i>DBHandle</i>	Handle returned by PvcsAccessOpenDB .
<i>group</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the name of the group.
<i>groupMember</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the name of the group member to be deleted.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:
PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
PVCS_E_UNKNOWN_USER
PVCS_E_UNKNOWN_GROUP

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Example

```
/* Initialize configuration settings */  
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);  
  
/* Open the access control database */  
status = PvcsAccessOpenDB("access.db", PVCS_ACCOPEN_UPDATE,  
    &DBHandle);  
  
/* Delete group from group */  
status = PvcsAccessDeleteGroupGroup(  
    DBHandle, /* Database handle */  
    groupName, /* Name of group */  
    groupMemberName); /* Name of group to delete */  
  
if (!status)  
    printf("Deleted group \"%s\" from group \"%s\".\n",  
        groupMemberName, groupName);  
/* Close the access control database */  
status = PvcsAccessCloseDB(DBHandle);
```

Related Functions [PvcsAccessAddGroupGroup on page 20](#)
[PvcsAccessAddGroupUser on page 21](#)
[PvcsAccessDeleteGroupUser on page 29](#)
[PvcsAccessRenameGroupGroup on page 46](#)
[PvcsAccessRenameGroupUser on page 47](#)

PvcsAccessDeleteGroupUser

This function deletes a user from a group member list. It requires the ViewAccessDB privilege.

Syntax `PvcsAccessDeleteGroupUser(
 int DBHandle, /* Input */
 unsigned char *group, /* Input */
 unsigned char *userName) /* Input */`

Parameters

DBHandle Handle returned by **PvcsAccessOpenDB**.
groupName Pointer to a string that contains the name of the group.
userName Pointer to a string that contains the name of the user to delete.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:
PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
PVCS_E_UNKNOWN_USER
PVCS_E_UNKNOWN_GROUP

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Example

```
/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* Open the access control database */
status = PvcsAccessOpenDB("access.db", PVCS_ACCOPEN_UPDATE,
    &DBHandle);

/* Delete user from group */
status = PvcsAccessDeleteGroupUser(
    DBHandle, /* Database handle */
    groupName, /* Name of group */
    userName); /* Name of user to delete */

if (!status)
    printf("Deleted user \"%s\" from group \"%s\".\n",
        userName, groupName);

/* Close the access control database */
status = PvcsAccessCloseDB(DBHandle);
```

Related Functions [PvcsAccessAddGroupGroup on page 20](#)
[PvcsAccessAddGroupUser on page 21](#)
[PvcsAccessDeleteGroupGroup on page 28](#)
[PvcsAccessRenameGroupGroup on page 46](#)
[PvcsAccessRenameGroupUser on page 47](#)

PvcsAccessDeletePrivilege

This function deletes a privilege and requires the ViewAccessDB privilege.

Syntax `PvcsAccessDeletePrivilege(
 int DBHandle, /* Input */
 unsigned char *privilegeName)/` /* Input */

Parameters

DBHandle Handle from **PvcsAccessOpenDB**.
privilegeName Pointer to a string that contains the name of the privilege to delete.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:
PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
PVCS_E_UNKNOWN_PRIVILEGE

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Example

```
/* Initialize configuration settings */  
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);  
  
/* Open the access control database */  
status = PvcsAccessOpenDB("access.db", PVCS_ACCOPEN_UPDATE,  
    &DBHandle);  
  
/* Delete the privilege */  
status = PvcsAccessDeletePrivilege(  
    DBHandle, /* Database handle */  
    privilegeName); /* Name of privilege */  
if (!status)  
    printf("Deleted \"%s\".\n", privilegeName);  
  
/* Close the access control database */  
status = PvcsAccessCloseDB(DBHandle);
```

Related [PvcsAccessDefinePrivilege on page 24](#)
Functions [PvcsAccessEnumeratePrivilege on page 35](#)
 [PvcsAccessEnumeratePrivileges on page 36](#)
 [PvcsAccessQueryPrivilege on page 42](#)
 [PvcsAccessRenamePrivilege on page 48](#)

PvcsAccessDeleteUser

This function deletes a user from the access control database and requires the ViewAccessDB privilege.

Syntax `PvcsAccessDeleteUser(
 int DBHandle, /* Input */
 unsigned char *user)/` /* Input */

Parameters

DBHandle Handle returned by **PvcsAccessOpenDB**.
user Pointer to a string that contains the name of the user to delete.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:

PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
PVCS_E_UNKNOWN_USER

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

```
Example
int status;
int DBHandle;
char *userName = 'DAVEE';

/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* Open the access control database */
status = PvcsAccessOpenDB("access.db", PVCS_ACCOPEN_UPDATE,
    &DBHandle);

/* Delete the user */
status = PvcsAccessDeleteUser(
    DBHandle, /* Database handle */
    userName); /* Name of user */
if (!status)
    printf("Deleted \"%s\".\n", userName);

/* Close the access control database */
status = PvcsAccessCloseDB(DBHandle);
```

Related Functions [PvcsAccessDefineUser on page 25](#)
[PvcsAccessEnumerateUserGroups on page 37](#)
[PvcsAccessEnumerateUsers on page 39](#)
[PvcsAccessQueryUser on page 43](#)
[PvcsAccessRenameUser on page 49](#)

PvcsAccessEnumerateGroupGroups

This function returns a list of all groups within a group registered in the access control database. It requires the ViewAccessDB privilege.

```
Syntax PvcsAccessEnumerateGroupGroups(
    int DBHandle, /* Input */
    unsigned char *group, /* Input */
    unsigned char *groupList, /* Output */
    unsigned groupListLen) /* Input */
```

Parameters

<i>DBHandle</i>	Handle returned by PvcsAccessOpenDB .
<i>group</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the name of a group.
<i>groupList</i>	Pointer to a buffer that receives the group list. Each group is null-terminated, and the end-of-buffer is marked by an additional null character. If no users are present, Developer's Toolkit returns a null string.
<i>groupListLen</i>	Length of the buffer.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:
PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
PVCS_E_BUFFER_OVERFLOW

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Example

```
/* Initialize configuration settings */
rc = PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* Open access database */
rc = PvcsAccessOpenDB(szAccessDatabase, PVCS_ACCOPEN_RDONLY,
    &hAccessDatabase);

/*
 * PvcsAccessEnumerateGroupGroups: get a list of all
 * groups inside given group.
 */

szGroupGroups = (PVCS_PUCHAR)malloc(256);
rc = PvcsAccessEnumerateGroupGroups(
    hAccessDatabase,
    szGroup,
    szGroupGroups,
    256);

/* Print result buffer */
if (!rc)
{
    printf ("groups within group %s:\n",szGroup);
    p = szGroupGroups;
    while (p && *p)
    {
        printf ("    %s\n",p);
        p = p + strlen(p) + 1;
    }
}

/* Close access database */
rc = PvcsAccessCloseDB(hAccessDatabase);
```

Related Functions [PvcsAccessDefineGroup on page 23](#)
[PvcsAccessDeleteGroup on page 27](#)
[PvcsAccessEnumerateGroups on page 32](#)
[PvcsAccessEnumerateGroupUsers on page 34](#)
[PvcsAccessQueryGroup on page 41](#)
[PvcsAccessRenameGroup on page 45](#)

PvcsAccessEnumerateGroups

This function returns a list of all groups registered in the access control database. It requires the ViewAccessDB privilege.

Syntax PvcsAccessEnumerateGroups(
 int *DBHandle*, /* Input */


```
unsigned char *groupList,/* Output */
unsigned groupListLen)/* Input */
```

Parameters

<i>DBHandle</i>	Handle returned by PvcsAccessOpenDB .
<i>groupList</i>	Pointer to a buffer that receives the group list. Each group is null-terminated, and the end-of-buffer is marked by an additional null character. If no users are present, Developer's Toolkit returns a null string.
<i>groupListLen</i>	Length of the buffer.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:
PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
PVCS_E_BUFFER_OVERFLOW

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Example

```
int status;
int DBHandle;
char *groupList;

/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* Open the access control database */
PvcsAccessOpenDB("access.db", PVCS_ACCOPEN_UPDATE,
    &DBHandle);

/* Allocate buffer to hold database information */
groupList = (unsigned char *)malloc(1024);

/* Get a list of all groups registered in the database */
status = PvcsAccessEnumerateGroups(
    DBHandle,/* Database handle */
    groupList,/* Buffer receiving group list */
    1024); /* Length of buffer */
if (!status) {
    printf('Groups:\n');
    print_list(groupList);
}

/* Close the access control database */
PvcsAccessCloseDB(DBHandle);
free(groupList);
```

Related Functions	PvcsAccessDefineGroup on page 23
	PvcsAccessDeleteGroup on page 27
	PvcsAccessEnumerateGroupGroups on page 31
	PvcsAccessEnumerateGroupUsers on page 34
	PvcsAccessQueryGroup on page 41
	PvcsAccessRenameGroup on page 45

PvcsAccessEnumerateGroupUsers

This function returns a list of all users that belong to a group. It requires the ViewAccessDB privilege.

Syntax `PvcsAccessEnumerateGroupUsers(
 int DBHandle, /* Input */
 unsigned char *group, /* Input */
 unsigned char *userList, /* Output */
 unsigned userListLen) /* Input */`

Parameters

<i>DBHandle</i>	Handle returned by PvcsAccessOpenDB .
<i>group</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the name of a group.
<i>userList</i>	Pointer to a buffer that receives the user list. Each user is null-terminated, and the end-of-buffer is marked by an additional null character. If no users are present, then Developer's Toolkit returns a null string.
<i>userListLen</i>	Length of the buffer.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:
PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
PVCS_E_UNKNOWN_GROUP
PVCS_E_BUFFER_OVERFLOW

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Example

```
int status;  
int DBHandle;  
char *groupName = "SOFTDEV";  
char *userList;  
  
/* Initialize configuration settings */  
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);  
  
/* Open the access control database */  
PvcsAccessOpenDB("access.db", PVCS_ACCOPEN_UPDATE,  
    &DBHandle);  
  
/* Allocate buffer to hold database information */  
userList = (unsigned char *)malloc(1024);  
  
/* Get a list of all users belonging to specified group */  
status = PvcsAccessEnumerateGroupUsers(  
    DBHandle, /* Database handle */  
    groupName, /* Name of group */  
    userList, /* Buffer receiving user list */  
    1024); /* Length of buffer */  
if (!status) {  
    printf("The following users belong to group \"%s\":\n",  
        groupName);  
    print_list(userList);  
}
```

```
/* Close the access control database */
PvcsAccessCloseDB(DBHandle);
free(userList);
```

Related Functions

- [PvcsAccessDefineGroup on page 23](#)
- [PvcsAccessDeleteGroup on page 27](#)
- [PvcsAccessEnumerateGroupGroups on page 31](#)
- [PvcsAccessEnumerateGroups on page 32](#)
- [PvcsAccessQueryGroup on page 41](#)
- [PvcsAccessRenameGroup on page 45](#)

PvcsAccessEnumeratePrivilege

This function returns a list of promotion groups assigned to a privilege. It requires the ViewAccessDB privilege.

Syntax

```
PvcsAccessEnumeratePrivilege(
    int DBHandle,          /* Input */
    unsigned char *privName, /* Input */
    unsigned char *promoGroupList, /* Output */
    unsigned char *promoGroupListLen, /* Input */
    PVCS_FLAGS flags) /* Input */
```

Parameters

<i>DBHandle</i>	Handle returned by PvcsAccessOpenDB .
<i>privName</i>	The name of the privilege to enumerate.
<i>promoGroupList</i>	Pointer to a buffer that receives the promotion group list. Each promotion group is null-terminated, and the end-of-buffer is marked by an additional null character. If no promotion groups have been assigned, then Developer's Toolkit returns a null string.
<i>promoGroupListLen</i>	Length of the buffer.

Return Values

The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:

- PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
- PVCS_E_UNKNOWN_PRIVILEGE

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Example

```
int status;
int DBHandle;
char *privilegeName = "SoftDevPriv";
char *promoGroupList;

/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* Open the access control database */
PvcsAccessOpenDB("access.db", PVCS_ACCOPEN_UPDATE,
    &DBHandle);
```

```
/* Allocate buffer to hold promotion group information */
promoGroupList = (unsigned char *)malloc(4096);

/* Get list of all promo groups associated with privilege */
status = PvcsAccessEnumeratePrivilege(
    DBHandle, /* Database handle */
    privilegeName, /* Name of privilege to enumerate */
    promoGroupList, /* Buffer receiving promo group list */
    4096); /* Length of buffer */

if (!status) {
    printf("Promotion Groups:\n");
    print_list(promoGroupList);
}

/* Close the access control database */
PvcsAccessCloseDB(DBHandle);
free(promoGroupList);
```

Related Functions

- [PvcsAccessDefinePrivilege on page 24](#)
- [PvcsAccessDeletePrivilege on page 29](#)
- [PvcsAccessEnumeratePrivileges on page 36](#)
- [PvcsAccessQueryPrivilege on page 42](#)
- [PvcsAccessRenamePrivilege on page 48](#)

PvcsAccessEnumeratePrivileges

This function returns a list of privilege names from the access control database and requires the ViewAccessDB privilege.

Syntax

```
PvcsAccessEnumeratePrivileges(
    int DBHandle, /* Input */
    char *privilegeList, /* Output */
    unsigned *privilegeListLen, /* Input */
    PVCS_FLAGS flags) /* Input */
```

Parameters

<i>DBHandle</i>	Handle returned by PvcsAccessOpenDB .
<i>privilegeList</i>	Pointer to a buffer that receives the privilege list. Each privilege is null-terminated, and the end-of-buffer is marked by an additional null character. If no privileges are present, Developer's Toolkit returns a null string.
<i>privilegeListLen</i>	Length of the buffer.
<i>flags</i>	Bit field that controls how the function operates. Values include: <ul style="list-style-type: none">■ PVCS_ACCENUM_BASE_PRIV Returns the list of base privileges. This is the default setting.■ PVCS_ACCENUM_USER_DEFINED_PRIV Returns the list of custom privileges.

- PVCS_ACCENUM_COMPOSITE_PRIV
Returns the list of composite privileges.
- PVCS_ACCENUM_GUI_PRIV
Returns the list of GUI-specific menu item privileges.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:
PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
PVCS_E_BUFFER_OVERFLOW

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Example

```
int status;
int DBHandle;
char *privilegeList;
int flags = PVCS_ACCENUM_BASE_PRIV;

/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* Open the access control database */
PvcsAccessOpenDB("access.db", PVCS_ACCOPEN_UPDATE, &DBHandle);

/* Allocate buffer to hold database information */
privilegeList = (unsigned char *)malloc(2048);

/* Get a list of all base privileges */
status = PvcsAccessEnumeratePrivileges(
    DBHandle, /* Database handle */
    privilegeList, /* Buf receiving privilege list */
    2048, /* Length of buffer */
    flags); /* Type of privileges to return */

if (!status) {
    printf("Privileges:\n");
    print_list(privilegeList);
}

/* Close the access control database */
PvcsAccessCloseDB(DBHandle);
free(privilegeList);
```

Related Functions [PvcsAccessDefinePrivilege on page 24](#)
[PvcsAccessDeletePrivilege on page 29](#)
[PvcsAccessEnumeratePrivilege on page 35](#)
[PvcsAccessQueryPrivilege on page 42](#)
[PvcsAccessRenamePrivilege on page 48](#)

PvcsAccessEnumerateUserGroups

This function returns a list of all groups to which a specified user belongs. It requires the ViewAccessDB privilege.

Syntax PvcsAccessEnumerateUserGroups (

```
int DBHandle,      /* Input */
unsigned char *user, /* Input */
unsigned char *groupList, /* Output */
unsigned listLen) /* Input */
```

Parameters

<i>DBHandle</i>	Handle returned by PvcsAccessOpenDB .
<i>user</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the name of the user.
<i>groupList</i>	Pointer to a buffer that receives the group list. Each group is null-terminated, and the end-of-buffer is marked by an additional null character. If no users are present, then Developer's Toolkit returns a null string.
<i>listLen</i>	Length of the buffer.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:
PVCS_E_BUFFER_OVERFLOW
PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
PVCS_E_UNKNOWN_USER

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Example

```
int status;
int DBHandle;
char *userName = "DAVEE";
char *groupList;

/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* Open the access control database */
PvcsAccessOpenDB("access.db", PVCS_ACCOPEN_UPDATE,
    &DBHandle);

/* Allocate buffer to hold database information */
groupList = (unsigned char *)malloc(1024);

/* Get list of groups to which the specified user belongs */
status = PvcsAccessEnumerateUserGroups(
    DBHandle, /* Database handle */
    userName, /* Name of user */
    groupList, /* Buf receiving group list */
    1024); /* Length of buffer */

if (!status) {
    printf("User \"%s\" belongs to the following groups:\n",
        userName);
    print_list(groupList);
}

/* Close the access control database */
PvcsAccessCloseDB(DBHandle);
free(groupList);
```

Related Functions [PvcsAccessDefineUser on page 25](#)
 [PvcsAccessDeleteUser on page 30](#)
 [PvcsAccessEnumerateUsers on page 39](#)
 [PvcsAccessQueryUser on page 43](#)
 [PvcsAccessRenameUser on page 49](#)

PvcsAccessEnumerateUsers

This function returns a list of all users registered in the access control database. It requires the ViewAccessDB privilege.

Syntax `PvcsAccessEnumerateUsers(
 int DBHandle, /* Input */
 unsigned char *userList,/* Output */
 unsigned listLen)/* Input */`

Parameters

<i>DBHandle</i>	Handle returned by PvcsAccessOpenDB .
<i>userList</i>	Pointer to a buffer that receives the user list. Each user is null-terminated, and the end-of-buffer is marked by an additional null character. If no users are present, then Developer's Toolkit returns a null string.
<i>listLen</i>	Length of the buffer.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:
 PVCS_E_BUFFER_OVERFLOW
 PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Example

```
int status;  
int DBHandle;  
char *userList;  
  
/* Initialize configuration settings */  
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);  
  
/* Open the access control database */  
PvcsAccessOpenDB("access.db", PVCS_ACCOPEN_UPDATE,  
                  &DBHandle);  
  
/* Allocate buffer to hold database information */  
userList = (unsigned char *)malloc(1024);  
  
/* Get a list of all users registered in the database */  
status = PvcsAccessEnumerateUsers(  
        DBHandle,/* Database handle */  
        userList,/* Buf receiving user list */  
        1024); /* Length of buffer */  
if (!status) {  
    printf("Users:\n");  
    print_list(userList);  
}
```

```
    }

    /* Close the access control database */
    PvcsAccessCloseDB(DBHandle);
    free(userList);
```

Related Functions

- [PvcsAccessDefineUser on page 25](#)
- [PvcsAccessDeleteUser on page 30](#)
- [PvcsAccessEnumerateUserGroups on page 37](#)
- [PvcsAccessQueryUser on page 43](#)
- [PvcsAccessRenameUser on page 49](#)

PvcsAccessOpenDB

This function opens the access control database.

Syntax

```
PvcsAccessOpenDB(
    unsigned char *path, /* Input */
    int mode,           /* Input */
    int *pDBHandle) /* Output */
```

Parameters

<i>path</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the name of the access control database.
<i>mode</i>	Integer that specifies the type of access to the access control database. Values include: <ul style="list-style-type: none">■ <code>PVCS_ACCOPEN_RDONLY</code> Opens the existing access control database for read-only access.■ <code>PVCS_ACCOPEN_UPDATE</code> Opens the existing access control database for read-write access. All other authorized users are locked out during this function.■ <code>PVCS_ACCOPEN_CREATE</code> Creates a new access control database. If a database exists already, it is overwritten. All other authorized users are locked out during this function.
<i>pDBHandle</i>	Pointer to a variable that receives the access control database handle. This handle is used in other Serena PVCS Professional Suite services.

Return Values

The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:

- `PVCS_E_FILE_NOT_FOUND`
- `PVCS_ACCOPEN_RDONLY`
- `PVCS_ACCOPEN_UPDATE`
- `PVCS_E_CANT_OPEN_ACCESSDB`
- `PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER`
- `PVCS_E_NO_HANDLES`
- `PVCS_E_FILE_BUSY`

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Example

```
int status;
int DBHandle;
```



```

/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* Open the access control database */
status = PvcsAccessOpenDB(
    "access.db", /* Name of access control db */
    PVCS_ACCOPEN_UPDATE, /* Type of access to database */
    &DBHandle); /* Returned database handle */

/* Close the access control database */
status = PvcsAccessCloseDB(
    DBHandle); /* Database handle */

```

PvcsAccessQueryGroup

This function returns information about a group (privileges) and requires the ViewAccessDB privilege.

Syntax `PvcsAccessQueryGroup(`
 int DBHandle, /* Input */
 unsigned char **groupName*, /* Input */
 unsigned char **privilegeList*, /* Output */
 unsigned *privilegeListLen*) /* Input */

Parameters

<i>DBHandle</i>	Handle returned by PvcsAccessOpenDB .
<i>groupName</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the name of the group.
<i>privilegeList</i>	Pointer to a buffer that receives the privilege list. Each privilege is null-terminated, and the end-of-buffer is marked by an additional null character.
<i>privilegeListLen</i>	Length of the buffer.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:
 PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
 PVCS_E_BUFFER_OVERFLOW
 PVCS_E_UNKNOWN_GROUP

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Example

```

int status;
int DBHandle;
char *group = "SOFTDEV";
char *privilegeList;

/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* Open the access control database */
PvcsAccessOpenDB("access.db", PVCS_ACCOPEN_UPDATE,
    &DBHandle);

```

```
/* Allocate buffers to hold database information */
privilegeList = (unsigned char *)malloc(4096);

/* Get access control information for a specific group */
status = PvcsAccessQueryGroup(
    DBHandle, /* Database handle */
    group,    /* Name of group */
    privilegeList, /* Buf to receive privilege info */
    4096);    /* Length of buffer */

if (!status) {
    printf("Group:\n  %s\n", group);
    printf("Privileges:\n");
    print_list(privilegeList);
}

/* Close the access control database */
PvcsAccessCloseDB(DBHandle);
free(privilegeList);
```

Related Functions

- [PvcsAccessDefineGroup on page 23](#)
- [PvcsAccessDeleteGroup on page 27](#)
- [PvcsAccessEnumerateGroups on page 32](#)
- [PvcsAccessEnumerateGroupUsers on page 34](#)
- [PvcsAccessRenameGroup on page 45](#)

PvcsAccessQueryPrivilege

This function returns the list of privileges that make up a composite privilege. It requires the ViewAccessDB privilege.

Syntax

```
PvcsAccessQueryPrivilege(
    int DBHandle,      /* Input */
    unsigned char *privName, /* Input */
    unsigned char *privList, /* Output */
    unsigned privListLen) /* Input */
```

Parameters

<i>DBHandle</i>	Handle returned by PvcsAccessOpenDB .
<i>privName</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the name of the privilege.
<i>privList</i>	Pointer to a buffer that receives the privilege list. Each privilege is null-terminated, and the end-of-buffer is marked by an additional null character.
<i>privListLen</i>	Length of the buffer.

Return Values

The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:

- PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
- PVCS_E_UNKNOWN_PRIVILEGE

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

```

Example  int status;
         int DBHandle;
         char *privilegeName = "SoftDevPriv";
         char *privilegeList;

         /* Initialize configuration settings */
         PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

         /* Open the access control database */
         PvcsAccessOpenDB("access.db", PVCS_ACCOPEN_UPDATE,
                          &DBHandle);

         /* Allocate buffer to hold database information */
         privilegeList = (unsigned char *)malloc(4096);

         /* Get a list of all base privileges making up a given privilege */
         status = PvcsAccessQueryPrivilege(
             DBHandle, /* Database handle */
             privilegeName, /* Name of privilege to enumerate */
             privilegeList, /* Buffer receiving privilege list */
             4096); /* Length of buffer */

         if (!status) {
             printf("Privileges:\n");
             print_list(privilegeList);
         }

         /* Close the access control database */
         PvcsAccessCloseDB(DBHandle);
         free(privilegeList);

```

Related Functions

- [PvcsAccessDefinePrivilege on page 24](#)
- [PvcsAccessDeletePrivilege on page 29](#)
- [PvcsAccessEnumeratePrivilege on page 35](#)
- [PvcsAccessEnumeratePrivileges on page 36](#)
- [PvcsAccessRenamePrivilege on page 48](#)

PvcsAccessQueryUser

This function returns information about a specific user (password, privilege, and expiration date). This function requires the ViewAccessDB privilege.

```

Syntax  PvcsAccessQueryUser(
         int DBHandle, /* Input */
         unsigned char *userName, /* Input */
         unsigned char *password, /* Output */
         unsigned passwordLen, /* Input */
         unsigned char *privilegeList, /* Output */
         unsigned privilegeListLen, /* Input */
         char *expDate, /* Output */
         unsigned expDateLen) /* Input */

```

Parameters

<i>DBHandle</i>	Handle returned by PvcsAccessOpenDB .
<i>userName</i>	Pointer to a string containing the user name.
<i>password</i>	Pointer to a buffer that receives the user password. If no password is present, then Developer's Toolkit returns a null string.
<i>passwordLen</i>	Length of the buffer.
<i>privilegeList</i>	Pointer to a buffer that receives the privilege list. Each privilege is null-terminated, and the end-of-buffer is marked by an additional null character.
<i>privilegeListLen</i>	Length of the buffer.
<i>expDate</i>	Pointer to a buffer that receives the user expiration data. The date format is: mm dd yyyy hh:mm:ss If no expiration date is present, then Developer's Toolkit returns a null string.
<i>expDateLen</i>	Length of the buffer.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:

PVCS_E_BUFFER_OVERFLOW
PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
PVCS_E_UNKNOWN_USER

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Example

```
int status;
int DBHandle;
char *user = "DAVEE";
char *password;
char *privilegeList;
char *expDate;

/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* Open the access control database */
PvcsAccessOpenDB("access.db", PVCS_ACCOPEN_UPDATE, &DBHandle);

/* Allocate buffers to hold database information */
password = (unsigned char *)malloc(32);
privilegeList = (unsigned char *)malloc(4096);
expDate = (unsigned char *)malloc(32);

/* Get access control information for a specific user */
status = PvcsAccessQueryUser(
    DBHandle, /* Database handle */
    user,     /* Name of user */
    password, /* Buf to receive user password */
    32,      /* Length of buffer */
    privilegeList, /* Buf to receive privilege info */
    4096,    /* Length of buffer */
    expDate, /* Buf to user expiration date */
    0);
```

```

    32);    /* Length of buffer */

    if (!status) {
        printf("User:\n  %s\n", user);
        printf("Password:\n  %s\n",
            strlen(password) ? password : "<none>");
        printf("Privileges:\n");
        print_list(privilegeList);
        printf("Expiration date:\n  %s\n",
            strlen(expDate) ? expDate : "<none>");
    }

    /* Close the access control database */
    PvcsAccessCloseDB(DBHandle);
    free(password);
    free(privilegeList);
    free(expDate);

```

Related Functions

- [PvcsAccessDefineUser on page 25](#)
- [PvcsAccessDeleteUser on page 30](#)
- [PvcsAccessEnumerateUsers on page 39](#)
- [PvcsAccessEnumerateUserGroups on page 37](#)
- [PvcsAccessRenameUser on page 49](#)

PvcsAccessRenameGroup

This function renames a group and requires the ViewAccessDB privilege.

Syntax

```

PvcsAccessRenameGroup(
    int DBHandle,    /* Input */
    unsigned char *oldGroup, /* Input */
    unsigned char *newGroup) /* Input */

```

Parameters

<i>DBHandle</i>	Handle returned by PvcsAccessOpenDB .
<i>oldGroup</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the original name of the group.
<i>newGroup</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the new name of the group.

Return Values

The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:

- PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
- PVCS_E_UNKNOWN_GROUP
- PVCS_E_USER_EXISTS

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Example

```

int status;
int DBHandle;
char *oldName = "SOFTDEV";
char *newName = "SOFTWARE_DEVELOPMENT";

/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

```

```
/* Open the access control database */
status = PvcsAccessOpenDB("access.db", PVCS_ACCOPEN_UPDATE,
    &DBHandle);

status = PvcsAccessRenameGroup(
    DBHandle, /* Database handle */
    oldName, /* Original name of group */
    newName); /* New name of group */
if (!status)
    printf("Renamed \"%s\" to \"%s\".\n", oldName, newName);
/* Close the access control database */
status = PvcsAccessCloseDB(DBHandle);
```

Related Functions

- [PvcsAccessDefineGroup on page 23](#)
- [PvcsAccessDeleteGroup on page 27](#)
- [PvcsAccessEnumerateGroupGroups on page 31](#)
- [PvcsAccessEnumerateGroups on page 32](#)
- [PvcsAccessEnumerateGroupUsers on page 34](#)
- [PvcsAccessQueryGroup on page 41](#)

PvcsAccessRenameGroupGroup

This function renames group members in a group. It requires the ViewAccessDB privilege.

Syntax

```
PvcsAccessRenameGroupGroup(
    int DBHandle, /* Input */
    unsigned char *group, /* Input */
    unsigned char *oldGroupMember, /* Input */
    unsigned char *newGroupMember) /* Input */
```

Parameters

<i>DBHandle</i>	Handle returned by PvcsAccessOpenDB .
<i>group</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the name of the group.
<i>oldGroupMember</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the original name of the group member.
<i>newGroupMember</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the new name of the group member.

Return Values

The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:

- PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
- PVCS_E_UNKNOWN_GROUP
- PVCS_E_GROUP_EXISTS

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Example

```
/* Initialize configuration settings */
rc = PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* Open access database */
rc = PvcsAccessOpenDB(szAccessDatabase, PVCS_ACCOPEN_RDONLY,
```

```

        &hAccessDatabase);

/*
 * PvcsAccessEnumerateGroupGroups: get a list of all
 * groups inside given group.
 */
szGroupGroups = (PVCS_PUCHAR)malloc(256);
rc = PvcsAccessEnumerateGroupGroups(
    hAccessDatabase,
    szGroup,
    szGroupGroups,
    256);

/* print result buffer */
if (!rc)
{
    printf("Groups within group %s:\n",szGroup);
    {
        p = szGroupGroups;
        while (p && *p)
        {
            printf("    %s\n",p);
            p = p + strlen(p) + 1;
        }
    }
}

/* Close access control database */
rc = PvcsAccessCloseDB(hAccessDatabase);
free(szGroupGroups);

```

Related Functions

- [PvcsAccessAddGroupGroup on page 20](#)
- [PvcsAccessAddGroupUser on page 21](#)
- [PvcsAccessDeleteGroupGroup on page 28](#)
- [PvcsAccessDeleteGroupUser on page 29](#)
- [PvcsAccessRenameGroupUser on page 47](#)

PvcsAccessRenameGroupUser

This function changes the name of a user in a group member list. It requires the ViewAccessDB privilege.

Syntax

```

PvcsAccessRenameGroupUser(
    int DBHandle,          /* Input */
    unsigned char *group, /* Input */
    unsigned char *oldUserMember, /* Input */
    unsigned char *newUserMember) /* Input */

```

Parameters

<i>DBHandle</i>	Handle returned by PvcsAccessOpenDB .
<i>group</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the name of the group.

oldUserMember Pointer to a string that contains the original name of the user.
newUserMember Pointer to a string that contains the new name of the user.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:
PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
PVCS_E_UNKNOWN_USER
PVCS_E_UNKNOWN_GROUP
PVCS_E_USER_EXISTS

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Example

```
int status;  
int DBHandle;  
char *groupName = "SOFTDEV";  
char *oldUserName = "DAVEE";  
char *newUserName = "FREDF";  
  
/* Initialize configuration settings */  
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);  
  
/* Open the access control database */  
status = PvcsAccessOpenDB("access.db", PVCS_ACCOPEN_UPDATE,  
    &DBHandle);  
  
/* Change the name of user within group */  
status = PvcsAccessRenameGroupUser(  
    DBHandle, /* Database handle */  
    groupName, /* Name of group */  
    oldUserName, /* Original name of user */  
    newUserName); /* New name of user */  
  
if (!status)  
    printf("Renamed user \"%s\" in group \"%s\" to \"%s\".\n",  
        oldUserName, groupName, newUserName);  
  
/* Close the access control database */  
status = PvcsAccessCloseDB(DBHandle);
```

Related Functions [PvcsAccessAddGroupGroup on page 20](#)
 [PvcsAccessAddGroupUser on page 21](#)
 [PvcsAccessRenameGroupGroup on page 46](#)
 [PvcsAccessDeleteGroupGroup on page 28](#)
 [PvcsAccessDeleteGroupUser on page 29](#)

PvcsAccessRenamePrivilege

This function renames a custom privilege. It requires the ViewAccessDB privilege.

Syntax `PvcsAccessRenamePrivilege(
 int DBHandle, /* Input */
 unsigned char *oldName, /* Input */
 unsigned char *newName) /* Input */`

Parameters

<i>DBHandle</i>	Handle returned by PvcsAccessOpenDB .
<i>oldName</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the original name of the privilege.
<i>newName</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the new name of the privilege.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:
 PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
 PVCS_E_UNKNOWN_PRIVILEGE
 PVCS_E_PRIVILEGE_EXISTS

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Example

```
int status;
int DBHandle;
char *oldName = "SOFTDEV";
char *newName = "SOFTWARE_DEVELOPMENT";

/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* Open the access control database */
status = PvcsAccessOpenDB("access.db", PVCS_ACCOPEN_UPDATE,
    &DBHandle);

status = PvcsAccessRenamePrivilege(
    DBHandle, /* Database handle */
    oldName, /* Original name of privilege */
    newName); /* New name of privilege */
if (!status)
    printf("Renamed \"%s\" to \"%s\".\n", oldName, newName);

/* Close the access control database */
status = PvcsAccessCloseDB(DBHandle);
```

Related Functions

- [PvcsAccessQueryPrivilege on page 42](#)
- [PvcsAccessEnumeratePrivilege on page 35](#)
- [PvcsAccessEnumeratePrivileges on page 36](#)
- [PvcsAccessDefinePrivilege on page 24](#)
- [PvcsAccessDeletePrivilege on page 29](#)

PvcsAccessRenameUser

This function changes a user name and requires the ViewAccessDB privilege.

Syntax

```
PvcsAccessRenameUser(
    int DBHandle, /* Input */
    unsigned char *oldUser, /* Input */
    unsigned char *newUser) /* Input */
```

Parameters

DBHandle	Handle returned by PvcsOpenAccessDB .
oldUser	Pointer to a string that contains the original name of the user.
newUser	Pointer to a string that contains the new name of the user.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:
PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
PVCS_E_UNKNOWN_USER
PVCS_E_USER_EXISTS

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Example

```
int status;
int DBHandle;
char *oldName = "DAVEE";
char *newName = "CLARKR";

/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* Open the access control database */
status = PvcsAccessOpenDB("access.db", PVCS_ACCOPEN_UPDATE,
    &DBHandle);

status = PvcsAccessRenameUser(
    DBHandle, /* Database handle */
    oldName, /* Original name of user */
    newName; /* New name of user */
if (!status)
    printf("Renamed \"%s\" to \"%s\".\n", oldName, newName);

/* Close the access control database */
status = PvcsAccessCloseDB(DBHandle);
```

Related Functions [PvcsAccessEnumerateUsers on page 39](#)
[PvcsAccessEnumerateUserGroups on page 37](#)
[PvcsAccessQueryUser on page 43](#)
[PvcsAccessDefineUser on page 25](#)
[PvcsAccessDeleteUser on page 30](#)

PvcsAddAlias

This function adds an alias definition to the alias list. It is equivalent to the Alias directive.

Syntax `PvcsAddAlias(
 unsigned char *aliasName, /* Input */
 unsigned char *aliasValue) /* Input */`

Parameters

`aliasName` Pointer to the name of the alias to define.
`aliasValue` Pointer to the character string that is assigned to *aliasName*.

Return Values This function returns zero if successful. Otherwise the value is `PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER`. See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Example

```
char *name = "SourceFiles";
char *value = "alpha.c beta.c gamma.c";
int status;

/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* Add alias definition to alias list */
status = PvcsAddAlias(
    name,    /* Alias name */
    value); /* Alias value */

/* Display newly defined alias */
if (!status)
    printf("Alias name \"%s\" is defined to be \"%s\".\n",
        name, value);
```

Related Function [PvcsQueryAlias on page 138](#)

Related Topic For more information, see the following topics in the *Serena PVCS Version Manager Command-Line Reference Guide*.

For information about...

How to use aliases

See...

Using Aliases

PvcsAddPromoteTreeNode

This function adds a group to a promotion model by defining the relationship between each group and its parent group. This is equivalent to the Promote directive.

Syntax `PvcsAddPromoteTreeNode(`
 `unsigned char *fromGroup, /* Input */`
 `unsigned char *toGroup) /* Input */`

Parameters

fromGroup Name of promotion group.
toGroup Name of the parent of group *fromGroup*.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:
`PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER`
`PVCS_E_INVALID_PROMO`

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Special Considerations To define a complete promotion model, call this function once for every promotion group, except the highest group in the model, called the *production group*. Then call **PvcsVerifyPromoTree** to verify that the model has exactly one production group and that every group except the production group promotes to exactly one parent group.

Example int status;

```
/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* Build the following promotion model */
/*
/*          PRODUCTION          */
/*          |                   */
/*          QA                   */
/*          |                   */
/*  _____|_____         */
/*          |         |         */
/*        DEV1      DEV2      DEV3      */
/*          |         |         */
/*          |         |         */
status = PvcsAddPromoteTreeNode("QA", "PRODUCTION");
if (!status)
    status = PvcsAddPromoteTreeNode("DEV1", "QA");
if (!status)
    status = PvcsAddPromoteTreeNode("DEV2", "QA");
if (!status)
    status = PvcsAddPromoteTreeNode("DEV3", "QA");

/* Verify the promotion model */
if (!status)
    status = PvcsVerifyPromoTree();
if (!status)
    printf("Promotion model defined successfully.\n");
```

Related Functions [PvcsGetPromoParent on page 99](#)
[PvcsGroupToRevision on page 111](#)
[PvcsPromoteRevision on page 131](#)
[PvcsVerifyPromoTree on page 177](#)
[PvcsVerifyPromoTreeNodeExist on page 178](#)

Related Topics For more information, see the following topics in the *Serena PVCS Version Manager Command-Line Reference Guide*.

For information about...	See...
Promotion models	<i>Promotion</i>
Defining a promotion group	<i>Promote directive</i>
Promoting revisions	<i>V PROMOTE command</i>

PvcsAssignPromoGroup

This function assigns or deletes a promotion group. It is equivalent to the VCS -G command.

Syntax `PvcsAssignPromoGroup(`
`ARCHIVEHANDLE hArchive,/* Input */`
`unsigned char *fileName,/* Input */`
`unsigned char *group,/* Input */`
`unsigned char *revarg,/* Input */`
`PVCS_FLAGS grpFlags)/* Input */`

Parameters

<code>hArchive</code>	Handle returned by PvcsOpenArchive . If the archive is not open, specify <code>ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN</code> .
<code>fileName</code>	Pointer to a string that contains the name of the archive or workfile. Required only if the archive is not open.
<code>group</code>	Pointer to a string that contains the promotion group that you want to revise.
<code>revarg</code>	Pointer to a string that contains a revision number, version label, or promotion group. If the version label or promotion group begins with a number, precede it with a backslash (\). A null parameter defaults to the tip revision on the trunk.
<code>grpFlags</code>	Bit field that controls how the function operates. Values include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ <code>PVCS_AG_REPLACE_GROUP</code> Moves an existing promotion group to a new revision. ■ <code>PVCS_AG_NO_REPLACE_GROUP</code> Does not move an existing promotion group. This is the default. ■ <code>PVCS_AG_RENAME_GROUP</code> Renames the promotion group using <i>revarg</i> as the old name and <i>group</i> as the new name. ■ <code>PVCS_AG_DELETE_GROUP</code> Deletes the group.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:

`PVCS_E_GROUP_EXISTS`
`PVCS_E_LOCKED_REVISION`
`PVCS_E_ARCHIVE_EMPTY`
`PVCS_E_NO_GROUP`
`PVCS_E_NO_REVISION`
`PVCS_E_NO_VERSION`
`PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER`

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Example

```
/* Initialize configuration settings */
rc = PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* PvcsAssignPromoGroup: */
rc = PvcsAssignPromoGroup(
    ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN,
```

```
        szArchive,  
        szGroup,  
        szRevision,  
        flags);  
  
/*  
 * Call PvcsGetRevisionInfo2 to get a list of the promotion  
 * groups assigned to the given revision.  
 */  
bufSize = 256;  
pRevInfo2Buffer = (PVCS_PUCHAR)malloc(bufSize);  
rc = PvcsGetRevisionInfo2(  
    ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN,  
    szArchive,  
    szRevision,  
    &szAuthor,  
    &szVersions,  
    &szPromoGroups,  
    &szLockers,  
    &szDescription,  
    pRevInfo2Buffer,  
    bufSize,  
    NULL);  
  
if (!rc)  
{  
    printf("    Rev: %s\n", szRevision);  
    printf("    PromoGroups:  ");  
    print_string_list(szPromoGroups);  
}  
if (pRevInfo2Buffer) free(pRevInfo2Buffer);
```

Related Functions [PvcsGroupToRevision on page 111](#)
[PvcsGetPromoParent on page 99](#)
[PvcsPromoteRevision on page 131](#)

PvcsAssignVersion

This function assigns or modifies a version label. It is equivalent to the VCS -V command.

Syntax `PvcsAssignVersion(
 ARCHIVEHANDLE hArchive,/* Input */
 unsigned char *fileName,/* Input */
 unsigned char *version,/* Input */
 unsigned char *revarg,/* Input */
 PVCS_FLAGS verFlags)/* Input */`

Parameters

<code>hArchive</code>	Handle returned by PvcsOpenArchive . If the archive is not open, specify ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN.
<code>fileName</code>	Pointer to the name of the archive or workfile. This parameter is required only if the archive is not open.

<code>version</code>	Pointer to a string that contains the version label to modify.
<code>revarg</code>	Pointer to a string that contains a revision number or version label. If the version label begins with a number, precede it with a backslash (\). A null parameter defaults to the tip revision on the trunk.
<code>verFlags</code>	Bit field that controls the operation of this function. Values include: <ul style="list-style-type: none">■ <code>PVCS_AV_REPLACE_VERS</code> Moves an existing version label to a new revision.■ <code>PVCS_AV_NO_REPLACE_VERS</code> Does not move an existing version label. This is the default.■ <code>PVCS_AV_BRANCH_VERS</code> Makes <i>version</i> a floating version label on the same branch as <i>revarg</i>.■ <code>PVCS_AV_RENAME_VERS</code> Renames the version label, using <i>revarg</i> as the old name and <i>version</i> as the new name.■ <code>PVCS_AV_DELETE_VERS</code> Deletes the version label.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:

`PVCS_E_ACCESS_VIOLATION`
`PVCS_E_ARCHIVE_NOT_FOUND`
`PVCS_E_BAD_ARCHIVE_HANDLE`
`PVCS_E_FILE_BUSY`
`PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER`
`PVCS_E_NO_REVISION`
`PVCS_E_NO_VERSION`
`PVCS_E_USER_ABORTED`
`PVCS_E_VERSION_EXISTS`
`PVCS_E_VERSION_EXISTS`

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

- Special Considerations**
- If *fileName* refers to a workfile, the program infers the archive name. If *fileName* contains wildcards, the program expands it according to the usual Version Manager rules.
 - If *revarg* is a revision number, *version* is assigned to it. If *revarg* is a version label, *version* is assigned to the revision number to which *revarg* is currently assigned.
 - If you specify `PVCS_AV_DELETE_VERSION` for *verFlags* to delete a version label, *revarg* is ignored.

Example

```
/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* Assign a version label */
PvcsAssignVersion(ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN,
    "foo.c_v", /* Name of archive */
    "Beta Release 1.0", /* Version label to assign */
    NULL, /* Assign to tip revision */
    PVCS_AV_NO_REPLACE_VERS); /* Don't move existing label */
```

Related Functions [PvcsOpenArchive on page 129](#)
[PvcsPutRevision on page 134](#)
[PvcsVersionToRevision on page 179](#)

Related Topics For more information, see the following topics in the *Serena PVCS Version Manager Command-Line Reference Guide*.

For information about...	See...
Version labels	<i>Version Labels</i>
Assigning version labels	<i>PUT command</i> <i>VCS command</i>
Specifying archives and workfiles	<i>File Specification</i>
Wildcard file expansion	<i>Wildcards</i>

PvcsCancelUpdate

This function cancels an update to an open archive.

Syntax `PvcsCancelUpdate(
 ARCHIVEHANDLE hArchive)/ * Input */`

Parameter

`hArchive` Handle returned by **PvcsOpenArchive**. If the archive is not open, specify `ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN`.

Return Value This function returns zero if successful. Otherwise it returns `PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER`. See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Special Considerations

- You must open the archive with **PvcsOpenArchive** before calling this function.
- Changes to an archive are not saved until you call **PvcsCloseArchive** or **PvcsCloseAll**. To cancel changes made since you opened the archive, call **PvcsCancelUpdate**. You do not need to call **PvcsCloseArchive** after calling **PvcsCancelUpdate**.

- If the `NoArchiveWork` directive is in effect, you cannot use this function to cancel changes to an archive. When `NoArchiveWork` is in effect, Version Manager applies changes directly to the archive, rather than to a copy of it.

When `ArchiveWork` is in effect, Version Manager applies updates to a working copy of the archive. When you call **PvcsCancelUpdate**, Version Manager deletes the working copy and leaves the archive in its original state.

You can query the `ArchiveWork` directive from your program by using the `useArchiveWork` value of the `CONFIG` structure after calling **PvcsQueryConfiguration**. For details on the `CONFIG` data structure, see [Chapter 5, "Data Structures"](#)

Example

```
ARCHIVEHANDLE handle;  
int status;
```



```

/* Initialize configuration structure */
config = (CONFIG *)malloc(sizeof(CONFIG));
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0,
    PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* Open archive for update */
PvcsOpenArchive("foo.c_v", NULL, 0, NULL,
    0, PVCS_OPEN_UPDATE, &handle);

/* Perform an operation on archive */
status = PvcsUnlockRevision(handle, NULL, NULL, "DAVEE");

/* Cancel update and close archive */
if (status)
    PvcsCancelUpdate(handle);

```

Related Functions
[PvcsCloseAll on page 62](#)
[PvcsCloseArchive on page 63](#)
[PvcsOpenArchive on page 129](#)

Related Topics For more information, see the following topics in the *Serena PVCS Version Manager Command-Line Reference Guide*.

For information about...

Using the ArchiveWork directive

See...

ArchiveWork directive

PvcsChangeAccessList

This function modifies an archive access list. It is equivalent to the VCS -A command.

Syntax `PvcsChangeAccessList(
 ARCHIVEHANDLE archiveHandle, /* Input */
 unsigned char *fileName, /* Input */
 unsigned char *accessList, /* Input */
 PVCS_FLAGS accessListflags) /* Input */`

Parameters

archiveHandle	Handle returned by PvcsOpenArchive . If the archive is not open, specify ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN.
fileName	Pointer to the name of an archive or a workfile. This parameter is required only if the archive is not open. The file name can contain wildcards.
accessList	Pointer to a string that contains a list of user IDs separated by spaces or commas.
accessListflags	Bit field that controls the operation of this function. Values include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ PVCS_ACCLIST_ADD Adds name(s) to an existing list.

- PVCS_ACCLIST_DELETE
Deletes name(s) from an existing list.
- PVCS_ACCLIST_REPLACE
Replaces an existing list.
- PVCS_ACCLIST_CLEAR
Deletes all names from a list.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:
PVCS_E_ACCESS_DENIED
PVCS_E_ARCHIVE_NOT_FOUND
PVCS_E_BAD_ARCHIVE_HANDLE
PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Special Considerations If *fileName* refers to a workfile, the program infers the archive name. If *fileName* contains wildcards, the program expands it according to the usual Version Manager rules.

Example

```
/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* Add "SOFTDEV" to AccessList of foo.c_v */
PvcsChangeAccessList(ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN,
    "foo.c_v",
    "SOFTDEV",
    PVCS_ACCLIST_ADD);

/* Delete "QA" from AccessList of foo.c_v */
PvcsChangeAccessList(ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN,
    "foo.c_v",
    "QA",
    PVCS_ACCLIST_DELETE);

/* Replace AccessList of foo.c_v with DEVGROUP1,DEVGROUP2,DEVGROUP3 */
PvcsChangeAccessList(ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN,
    "foo.c_v",
    "DEVGROUP1,DEVGROUP2,DEVGROUP3",
    PVCS_ACCLIST_REPLACE);

/* Delete all names from AccessList of foo.c_v */
PvcsChangeAccessList(ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN,
    "foo.c_v",
    NULL,
    PVCS_ACCLIST_CLEAR);
```

Related Functions [PvcsChangeArchiveInfo on page 59](#)
[PvcsGetArchiveInfo on page 85](#)
[PvcsQueryArchiveAccess on page 139](#)

Related Topics For more information, see the following topics in the *Serena PVCS Version Manager Command-Line Reference Guide*.

For information about...	See...
Changing an access list	<i>VCS command</i>
Controlling user access	<i>Access Control</i>

PvcsChangeArchiveInfo

This function changes archive header information. It is equivalent to certain VCS command options.

Syntax `PvcsChangeArchiveInfo(`
`ARCHIVEHANDLE hArchive,/* Input */`
`unsigned char *fileName,/* Input */`
`unsigned short attributes,/* Input */`
`unsigned short reclen,/* Input */`
`unsigned short renum_start_col,/* Input */`
`unsigned short renum_end_col,/* Input */`
`long renum_start_val,/* Input */`
`long renum_step_val,/* Input */`
`unsigned char *workfile,/* Input */`
`unsigned char *owner,/* Input */`
`unsigned char *access,/* Input */`
`unsigned char *cmt_str,/* Input */`
`unsigned char *newline,/* Input */`
`unsigned char *diffmask)//* Input */`

Parameters

<i>hArchive</i>	Handle returned by PvcsOpenArchive . If the archive is not open, specify <code>ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN</code> .
<i>fileName</i>	Pointer to the name of an archive or a workfile. This parameter is required only if the archive is not open.
<i>attributes</i>	Bit field with values that toggle archive attributes. Values include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ <code>PVCS_ATTR_CHK_LOCK</code> Enables or disables lock checking. This flag is equivalent to the VCS <code>+ -PL</code> command. ■ <code>PVCS_ATTR_CMPRS_DELTA</code> Enables or disables delta compression. This flag is equivalent to the VCS <code>+ -PD</code> command. ■ <code>PVCS_ATTR_CMPRS_TEXT</code> Enables or disables compression of workfile images. This flag is equivalent to the VCS <code>+ -PC</code> command. ■ <code>PVCS_ATTR_EXCL_LOCK</code> Enables or disables exclusive locking. This flag is equivalent to the VCS <code>+ -PE</code> command.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none">■ PVCS_ATTR_EXP_KEYS Enables or disables keyword expansion. This flag is equivalent to the VCS + -PK command.■ PVCS_ATTR_TRANSLATE Enables or disables file translation. This flag is equivalent to the VCS + -PT command.■ PVCS_ATTR_WRT_PROT Enables or disables write protection of archives. This flag is equivalent to the VCS + -PW command.
<i>reclen</i>	Workfile record length. Use 0 to indicate that the workfile does not contain fixed-length records. This parameter is equivalent to the VCS -XRecordLength command.
<i>renum_start_col</i>	Starting column number of the line number field. Use 0 to disable renumbering. This parameter is equivalent to the <i>column_start</i> parameter to the VCS -XRenumber command.
<i>renum_end_col</i>	Ending column number of the line number field. This parameter is equivalent to the <i>column_end</i> parameter to the VCS -XRenumber command.
<i>renum_start_val</i>	The number for the first line in the workfile. This parameter is equivalent to the <i>start</i> parameter to the VCS -XRenumber command.
<i>renum_step_val</i>	The value used to increment the line numbers. This parameter is equivalent to the <i>number</i> parameter to the VCS -XRenumber command.
<i>workfile</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the name of the workfile. The program uses this name as the workfile name when it only knows the archive name. This parameter is equivalent to the VCS -W command.
<i>owner</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the ID of the archive's owner. This parameter is equivalent to the VCS -O command.
<i>access</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the archive access list, which is a comma-separated list of user IDs or group names. This parameter is equivalent to the VCS -A command.
<i>cmt_str</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the comment prefix string, used when expanding the \$Log\$ keyword. This parameter is equivalent to the VCS -EC command.
<i>newline</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the end-of-line characters used when expanding the \$Log\$ keyword. The default is \r\n. This parameter is equivalent to the VCS -EN command.
<i>diffmask</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the column mask specification used when computing differences. A null parameter indicates that columns are not masked when computing differences. This parameter is equivalent to the VCS -X ColumnMask command.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:
PVCS_E_ACCESS_VIOLATION

PVCS_E_ARCHIVE_NOT_FOUND
 PVCS_E_FILE_BUSY
 PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Special Consideration If *fileName* refers to a workfile, the program infers the archive name. If *fileName* contains wildcards, the program expands it according to the usual Version Manager rules.

Example

```
#define ARCHIVEINFO_PAD 256
ARCHIVEINFO *archinfo;
char newAccessList[256];
unsigned short newAttributes;
char *fileName = "foo.c_v";

/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* Obtain archive information */
archinfo = (ARCHIVEINFO *)malloc(sizeof(ARCHIVEINFO) +
    ARCHIVEINFO_PAD);
PvcsGetArchiveInfo(ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN,
    Filename,
    archinfo,
    sizeof(ARCHIVEINFO) + ARCHIVEINFO_PAD);

/* Add names to the AccessList */
if (strlen(archinfo->info + archinfo->access))
    strcpy(newAccessList, archinfo->info + archinfo->access);
strcat(newAccessList, "SOFTDEV,TECHPUBS,QA");

/* Turn off keyword expansion */
newAttributes = archinfo->attributes &= ~PVCS_ATTR_EXP_KEYS;

/* Change archive information */
PvcsChangeArchiveInfo(ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN,
    "Filename",
    newAttributes,
    archinfo->reclen,
    archinfo->renum_start_col,
    archinfo->renum_end_col,
    archinfo->renum_start_val,
    archinfo->renum_step_val,
    archinfo->info + archinfo->workfile,
    archinfo->info + archinfo->owner,
    newAccessList,
    archinfo->info + archinfo->cmt_str,
    archinfo->info + archinfo->newline,
    archinfo->info + archinfo->diffmask);
```

Related Functions [PvcsChangeAccessList on page 57](#)
[PvcsGetArchiveInfo on page 85](#)

Related Topics For more information, see the following topics in the *Serena PVCS Version Manager Command-Line Reference Guide*.

For information about...**See...**

Changing archive information

VCS command

Archive attributes

Archive Attributes

Specifying archive and workfile names

File Specification

PvcsCloseAll

This function closes all open archives and deletes semaphores and temporary files.

Syntax PvcsCloseAll(
void)

Parameters There are no parameters to this function.

Special Consideration You can call this function as a cleanup function when your program exits. It does not return an error if no archives are open.

Return Value This function returns zero.

Example

```
ARCHIVEHANDLE handle[3];
char workfile[32];
char archive[32];
int status;

/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* Open several archives for update */
PvcsOpenArchive("alpha.c_v", NULL, 0, NULL, 0, PVCS_OPEN_UPDATE,
&handle[0]);
PvcsOpenArchive("beta.c_v", NULL, 0, NULL, 0, PVCS_OPEN_UPDATE,
&handle[1]);
PvcsOpenArchive("gamma.c_v", NULL, 0, NULL, 0, PVCS_OPEN_UPDATE,
&handle[2]);

/* Close all archives */
status = PvcsCloseAll();
if (!status)
    printf("Closed all archives\n");
```

Related Functions [PvcsCancelUpdate on page 56](#)
[PvcsCloseArchive on page 63](#)
[PvcsOpenArchive on page 129](#)

PvcsCloseArchive

This function closes an archive and frees resources associated with it. It also closes the archive semaphore, if it exists.

Syntax `PvcsCloseArchive(
 ARCHIVEHANDLE hArchive)/` * Input */

Parameter

hArchive Handle returned by **PvcsOpenArchive**.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Otherwise it returns PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER. See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Example `ARCHIVEHANDLE handle;
int status;

/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* Open archive for update */
PvcsOpenArchive(
 "foo.c_v", /* Name of archive or workfile */
 NULL, /* Buf receiving name of workfile */
 0, /* Length of workfile buffer */
 NULL, /* Buf receiving name of archive */
 0, /* Length of archive buffer */
 PVCS_OPEN_UPDATE, /* Open archive for modification */
 &handle); /* Returned archive handle */

if (!status)
 printf("Opened \"%s\"\n", archive);

/* Close archive */
status = PvcsCloseArchive(handle);
if (!status)
 printf("Closed \"%s\"\n", archive);`

Related Functions [PvcsCancelUpdate on page 56](#)
 [PvcsCloseAll on page 62](#)
 [PvcsOpenArchive on page 129](#)

Related Topics For more information, see the following topics in the *Serena PVCS Version Manager Command-Line Reference Guide*.

For information about...

Archive semaphores

See...

Semaphores

PvcsComputeArchiveName

This function computes the name of an archive for a specified workfile.

Syntax `PvcsComputeArchiveName(
 unsigned char *workfileName,/* Input */
 unsigned char *archiveName,/* Output */
 unsigned short archiveNameLen)/* Input */`

Parameters

<i>workfileName</i>	Pointer to the name of a workfile. The file name must be valid, but does not have to exist.
<i>archiveName</i>	Pointer to the buffer to receive the name of the archive. The buffer must be long enough to contain the full path name.
<i>archiveNameLen</i>	Length of the archive buffer.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:
`PVCS_E_BAD_FILENAME`
`PVCS_E_BUFFER_OVERFLOW`
`PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER`

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Special Considerations

- This function uses the current value of the `ArchiveSuffix` directive to compute the archive name.
- This function neither requires nor verifies the existence of the workfile or archive.
- Use **PvcsOpenArchive** to perform the inverse operation: computing the workfile name for a known archive.

Example

```
char archiveName[128];  
char workfileName[128] = "foo.c";  
int status;  
  
/* Initialize configuration settings */  
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);  
  
/* Compute name of archive for "foo.c" */  
status = PvcsComputeArchiveName(workfileName,  
    archiveName,  
    sizeof(archiveName));  
  
/* Display name of archive */  
if (!status)  
    printf("Archive name for \"%s\" is \"%s\"\n", workfileName,  
        archiveName);
```

Related Function [PvcsOpenArchive on page 129](#)

Related Topics For more information, see the following topics in the *Serena PVCS Version Manager Command-Line Reference Guide*.

For information about...

How workfile names are translated into archive names
 Specifying archive translation
 Specifying archive and workfile names

See...

Suffix Translation
ArchiveSuffix directive
File Specification

PvcsCreateArchive

This function creates a new archive that contains no revisions. It is equivalent to the VCS -I command.

Syntax `PvcsCreateArchive(
 unsigned char *fileName,/* Input */
 unsigned char *workfileName,/* Input */
 unsigned char *fileDesc,/* Input */
 unsigned char *accessList,/* Input */
 unsigned char *owner,/* Input */
 PVCS_FLAGS createFlags)/* Input */`

Parameters

<i>fileName</i>	Pointer to the archive name. See <i>Special Considerations</i> for the effects of various types of path specifications.
<i>workfileName</i>	Pointer to the name of the workfile, which is stored in the archive. The name may contain a path. This parameter is equivalent to the <i>file_name</i> parameter to the VCS -I command.
<i>fileDesc</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the description of the workfile. The string may contain <i>@fileName</i> , which causes the program to read the description from <i>fileName</i> . A null parameter causes the program to prompt the user for a description. This parameter is equivalent to the -T option used with the VCS -I command.
<i>accessList</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the comma- or space-separated archive access list. A null parameter indicates an empty access list. This parameter is equivalent to the -A option used with the VCS -I command.
<i>owner</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the owner of the archive. If the parameter is null, the program uses the current user ID. This parameter is equivalent to the -O option used with the VCS -I command.
<i>createFlags</i>	Bit field that controls the operation of this function. Values include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ PVCS_CREATE_IGN_PATH Ignores the path of the workfile and creates the archive in the first path in the VCSDir list. This flag is equivalent to having the IgnorePath directive in effect when you use the VCS -I command.

- PVCS_CREATE_NO_OVERWRITE

Does not overwrite the archive if it exists. This flag is equivalent to the -N option used with the VCS -I command.

- PVCS_CREATE_OVERWRITE

Overwrites the archive if it exists. This flag is equivalent to the -Y option used with the VCS -I command.

- PVCS_CREATE_WRITABLE

Makes the archive writable. The default is read-only. This flag is equivalent to having the NoWriteProtect directive in effect when you use the VCS -I command.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:

PVCS_E_ACCESS_DENIED
PVCS_E_ACCESS_VIOLATION
PVCS_E_ALREADY_EXISTS
PVCS_E_BAD_FILENAME
PVCS_E_FILE_BUSY
PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
PVCS_E_USER_ABORTED

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Special Considerations

- Archive attributes, such as Compress and ExpandKeywords, are taken from the directives in the CONFIG structure. If the CONFIG structure is null, the Developer's Toolkit uses the default configuration. For details on the CONFIG structure, see [Chapter 5, "Data Structures"](#)
- There are several ways to specify the *fileName* parameter:
 - **Fully qualified path.** The program creates the archive in the specified location. The specified drive and directory must exist.
 - **Path without a file name.** The program derives the archive name from the workfile name and creates the archive in the specified location. The specified drive and directory must exist.
 - **Null.** The program derives the archive name from the workfile name and creates the archive in the first path specified for the VCSDir directive. If the VCSDir list is empty, it creates the archive in the current directory.
- If *fileName* is null and *workfileName* contains a path, the program creates the archive in the workfile directory, unless you specify the flag PVCS_CREATE_IGN_PATH.

Example

```
/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* Create archive */
PvcsCreateArchive(
    NULL,      /* Path only; force deriv of */
              /* Archive name from workfile */
    "foo.c", /* Workfile name */
    "@proj1.msg", /* Use msg file for desc */
    NULL,     /* Empty access list */
    "DAVEE",  /* Archive owner */
    PVCS_CREATE_NO_OVERWRITE); /* Don't overwrite existing */
```

Related Functions [PvcsOpenArchive on page 129](#)
[PvcsPutRevision on page 134](#)

Related Topics For more information, see the following topics in the *Serena PVCS Version Manager Command-Line Reference Guide*.

For information about...

Creating archives

Directives that are related to this function

See...

VCS command

IgnorePath directive

WriteProtect directive

VCSDir directive

PvcsDeleteRevision

This function deletes revisions from an archive. It is equivalent to the VDEL command.

Syntax `PvcsDeleteRevision(
 ARCHIVEHANDLE archiveHandle,/* Input */
 unsigned char *fileName,/* Input */
 unsigned char *revisionRange,/* Input */
 PVCS_FLAGS flags)/* Input */`

Parameters

<i>archiveHandle</i>	Use ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN.
<i>fileName</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the archive or workfile name.
<i>revisionRange</i>	Pointer to a string specifying revisions to delete. To specify a revision range, separate the revisions with an asterisk (*). Append a plus sign (+) to the range to delete branches as well as the trunk. If you do not use a plus sign and there are branches, the operation fails with the error PVCS_E_BRANCH_REVISION. The range can be open-ended on either end.
<i>flags</i>	Not currently used.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:
 PVCS_E_BRANCH_REVISION
 PVCS_E_GROUP_EXISTS
 PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
 PVCS_E_LOCKED_REVISION

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Special Considerations

- If *fileName* refers to a workfile, the program infers the archive name. If *fileName* contains wildcards, the program expands it according to the usual Version Manager rules.
- This function does not currently support archive handles. You can specify the name of the archive to be modified, and **PvcsDeleteRevision** opens and closes the archive. If the archive is open and you specify an archive handle, the function returns PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER.

- You cannot delete a revision if it contains locks or promotion groups. If a revision contains locks or promotion groups, the function does not delete any revision and returns `PVCS_LOCKED_REVISION` or `PVCS_GROUP_EXISTS`.

Example

```
char *version = "Beta Release 1.0";
char range[32];
int status;

/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* Build a ver range that specifies all revisions up to, but */
/* excluding the ver label "Beta Release 1.0" */
sprintf(range, "%s%s", "*", version, "-1");

/* Delete a revision range */
status = PvcsDeleteRevision(ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN,
    "foo.c_v", /* Archive name */
    range, /* Version range */
    0); /* Not currently used */

if (!status)
    printf("Deleted revisions prior to vers. label \"%s\".\n",
        version);
```

Related Functions [PvcsGetRevisionInfo on page 103](#)
 [PvcsUnlockRevision on page 172](#)

Related Topics For more information, see the following topics in the *Serena PVCS Version Manager Command-Line Reference Guide*.

For information about...	See...
--------------------------	--------

Deleting revisions	<i>VDEL command</i>
--------------------	---------------------

Specifying revision ranges	<i>Revision Specification</i>
----------------------------	-------------------------------

PvcsDiagnosticEnable

This function enables the Developer's Toolkit debug trace to write diagnostic information to a file that you specify. Call this function once to enable the debug trace for all future Developer's Toolkit functions.

Call this function with the `PVCS_DIAG_CLOSE` flag to end the debug trace and close the file.

Syntax

```
PvcsdiagnosticEnable(
    unsigned char *diagnosticFile, /* Input */
    unsigned short diagnosticFileMode, /* Input */
    PVCS_FLAGS flags) /* Input */
```

Parameters

<i>diagnosticFile</i>	Pointer to a string that names the output file to which Developer's Toolkit writes diagnostic information. The type of file access is determined by the <i>diagnosticFileMode</i> parameter.
<i>diagnosticFileMode</i>	Integer that specifies the type of access to the output file. It is also used to close the output file. Values include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ PVCS_DIAG_MODE_OVERWRITE Developer's Toolkit opens the output file in overwrite mode. If the diagnostic information file exists, then it is overwritten. This is the default. ■ PVCS_DIAG_MODE_APPEND Developer's Toolkit opens the output file in append mode. If the file exists, then information is appended to the end of the file. Without this flag, the file is overwritten. ■ PVCS_DIAG_MODE_CLOSE Developer's Toolkit closes the output file and stops all diagnostic reporting.
<i>flags</i>	Bit field that controls how this function operates. Values include PVCS_DIAG_CONFIG, which enables configuration file tracing using PvcsQueryConfiguration to echo a copy of each line it reads from the configuration file. It is equivalent to the -#1 command-line flag. It must be enabled before you call PvcsQueryConfiguration . Output is: <pre>(nesting_level) config_file_name [line_number]: config_file_line</pre>

Example:

Contents of vcs.cfg:

```
Login = vcsid
VcsID = cyne
AccessDB = access.db
AccessList = cyne, lauraf, skipr
Include = local.cfg
```

Contents of local.cfg:

```
NoDeleteWork
NoExpandKeywords
NoArchiveWork
```

Output:

```
( 1) vcs.cfg[ 1]: Login = vcsid
( 1) vcs.cfg[ 3]: Vcsid = cyne
( 1) vcs.cfg[ 4]: AccessDB = access.db
( 1) vcs.cfg[ 5]: AccessList = cyne, lauraf,
skipr
( 1) vcs.cfg[ 6]: Include = local.cfg
( 2) local.cfg[ 1]: NoDeleteWork
( 2) local.cfg[ 2]: NoExpandKeywords
( 2) local.cfg[ 3]: NoArchiveWork
```

■ PVCS_DIAG_FUNCTION

Enables tracing. Every Developer's Toolkit function writes the name of the function and the value of the function parameters. There is no command-line equivalent. Output is: function_name,date_and_time_when_called

Example:

```
PvcsDiagnosticEnable, 18 Feb 1995
14:59:40
  1: "tkdig.out"
  2: 1
  3: 7
PvcsQueryConfiguration, 19 Feb 1995
14:59:40
  1:0000:0000
  2:0000:0000
  3:0
  4:0
PvcsCreateArchive, 18 Feb 1994 14:59:42
  1: 0000:0000
  2: "foo.c"
  3: "message text"
  4: 0000:0000
  5: "DAVEE"
  6: 2
PvcsOpenArchive, 19 Feb 1995 14:59:42
  1: "foo.c_v"
  2: 002F:195C
  3: 32
  4: 002F:197C
  5: 32
  6: 2
  7: 002F:1958
```

PvcsPutRevision, 18 Feb 1995 14:59:42

```
1: 0
2: "DAVEE"
3: 0000:0000
4: 0000:0000
5: 0000:0000
6: "Fixed a killer bug."
7: 0000:0000
8: "Beta Release 1.0"
9: 0000:0000
10: 0000:0000
11: 0
12: 32
```

PvcsCloseArchive, 18 Feb 1995 14:59:42

```
1: 0
PvcsDiagnostic Enable, 18 Feb 1995
14:59:42
1: 0000:0000
2: 3
3: 0
```

■ PVCS_DIAG_ACCESS_CONTROL

Enables access control privilege tracing. It writes access control information about the current user. This flag must be enabled before you call any Developer's Toolkit functions that open archives. It is equivalent to the - #400 command-line flag. Output is:

```
owner:archive_owner,access_list:
archive_access_list
Opening access_control_database_name
User name:user_name
privilege:[base_priv_1, base_priv_2,...,
base_priv_n]
```

Example:

Contents of access control database named "access.db":
USER davee (Put, Get, Lock, Unlock,
AddVersion, ViewArchive)

Output:

```
owner: davee, access list:
Opening access.db
User name: davee
privilege:
[LT, LN, UN, bl, GT, GN, PT, PB, sb, ca, co, cp, cc, cw, m
w, mc, AV, dv, mv, il, dt, dn, vd, VH, VR, va, pr, ag, mg,
dg]
```

Base Privilege Codes Every base privilege is represented by a two-character mnemonic value. Values in lower case are turned off for the current user; values in upper case are active for the current user (as shown in the example above).

Base Privilege Codes

AV	AddVersion	LN	LockNonTip
AG	AddGroup	LT	LockTip
BL	BreakLock	MC	ModifyChangeDescription
CA	ChangeAccessList	MG	ModifyGroup
CC	ChangeCommentDelimiter	MV	ModifyVersion
CO	ChangeOwner	MW	ModifyWorkfileDescription
CP	ChangeProtection	PB	PutBranch
CW	ChangeWorkfileName	PR	Promote
DG	DeleteGroup	PT	PutTrunk
DN	DeleteRevNonTip	SB	StartBranch
DT	DeleteRevTip	UN	Unlock
DV	DeleteVersion	VA	ViewAccessDB
GN	GetNonTip	VD	ViewDelta
GT	GetTip	VH	ViewArchiveHeader
IL	InitArchive	VR	ViewArchiveRev

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:
PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
PVCS_E_DIAG_FILE

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Example ARCHIVEHANDLE handle;

```
/* Enable debug trace */
PvcsDiagnosticEnable(
    "diag.out", /* Diagnostic file name */
    PVCS_DIAG_MODE_OVERWRITE, /* Overwrite existing file */
    PVCS_DIAG_FUNCTION); /* Write toolkit func param */

/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);
/* Create archive */
PvcsCreateArchive(NULL, "foo.c", "message text", NULL,
    "DAVEE", PVCS_CREATE_OVERWRITE);

/* Open archive for update */
PvcsOpenArchive("foo.c_v", NULL, 0, NULL,
    0, PVCS_OPEN_UPDATE, &handle);

/* Check in a revision */
PvcsPutRevision(handle, "DAVEE", NULL, NULL, NULL, "Fixed a
    bug.", NULL, "Beta Release 1.0", NULL, NULL, 0,
    PVCS_PUT_RELOCK);

/* Close archive */
PvcsCloseArchive(handle);
```



```
/* Disable diagnostic trace */
PvcsDiagnosticEnable(
    (char *)0,
    PVCS_DIAG_MODE_CLOSE, /* Close diagnostic file */
    0);
```

PvcsEndArchiveSearch

This function ends an archive search that was initiated by **PvcsFindFirstArchive** and frees memory associated with the file search.

Syntax `PvcsEndArchiveSearch(`
 PVCSSearchHANDLE *srchHandle* /* Input */

Parameter

srchHandle Pointer to a search handle. This handle must have been initialized by a call to **PvcsFindFirstArchive**

Return Value The return value is zero if the function is successful. Otherwise the value is PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER. See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Example

```
PVCSSearchHANDLE srchHandle;
char archive[128];
int status;

/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* Find first file, set up search handle for next file */
status = PvcsFindFirstArchive(
    &srchHandle, /* Receives search hdl used on subsequent */
                /* calls to PvcsFindNextArchive */
    "*.c_v", /* File pattern to match */
    archive, /* Buffer receiving first matching name */
    sizeof(archive)); /* Length of buffer */

if (!status) {

    /* Iterate over all matching files */
    do {

        /* Perform an operation on the archive */
        PvcsAssignVersion(ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN, archive,
            "Beta Release 1.0", NULL, PVCS_AV_REPLACE_VERS);

        /* Obtain next file name */
        status = PvcsFindNextArchive(
            srchHandle, /* Search handle */
            archive, /* Buf receiving next matching name */
            sizeof(archive)); /* Length of buffer */
```

```
        if ((status) && (status != PVCS_E_NO_MORE_FILES)) {
            printf("Error finding next archive.\n");
            break;
        }
    } while (status != PVCS_E_NO_MORE_FILES);

    /* End the search */
    PvcsEndArchiveSearch(srchHandle);
}
else
    printf("Error finding first archive.\n");
```

Related Functions [PvcsFindFirstArchive on page 79](#)
 [PvcsFindNextArchive on page 81](#)

PvcsExport

This function exports archive data to text files in the specified format. It duplicates the functionality of the VSQL program.

Syntax PVCS_APIENTRY PvcsExport(
 unsigned char *DDLTimestamp,/* Input */
 unsigned char *DDLVarchar,/* Input */
 unsigned char *DDLInteger,/* Input */
 unsigned char *DDLFileName,/* Input */
 unsigned char *DMLFileName,/* Input */
 unsigned char *TimeFormat,/* Input */
 unsigned char *Delimiter,/* Input */
 unsigned char *EmbDelimiter,/* Input */
 unsigned char *Separator,/* Input */
 unsigned char *EmbSeparator,/* Input */
 unsigned char *LineCont,/* Input */
 unsigned char *EmbLineCont,/* Input */
 unsigned char *EmbNewLine,/* Input */
 unsigned char *SQLTerminator,/* Input */
 unsigned short CharMaxLen,/* Input */
 unsigned short LineMaxLen,/* Input */
 unsigned char *FileName,/* Input */
 PVCS_FLAGS exportFlags)/* Input */

Parameters

<i>DDLTimestamp</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the TimeStamp column type definition, depending on the requirements of your SQL interpreter. The default is <code>TIMESTAMP</code> . This parameter is equivalent to the <code>VSQL -DT</code> command.
<i>DDLVarchar</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the variable-length character string column type definition. The default is <code>VARCHAR(1500)</code> . This parameter is equivalent to the <code>VSQL -DV</code> command.

<i>DDLInteger</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the integer column type definition, depending on the requirements of your SQL interpreter. The default is INTEGER. This parameter is equivalent to the VSQ -DI command.
<i>DDLFileName</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the file name where the DDL statements are to be written. DDL file contains DROPTABLE, CREATETABLE, and CREATEVIEW commands to initiate tables for holding Version Manager archive data and views used for updating these tables. This parameter is equivalent to the VSQ -DL command.
<i>DMLFileName</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the file name where the DML statements are to be written. The DML statements will insert, update, and/or delete information from the tables created by the DDL statements.
<i>TimeFormat</i>	<p>Pointer to a string that contains the format for the timestamp fields, or the fields specified by <i>DDLTimestamp</i>. <i>TimeFormat</i> may contain the following special formatting strings:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ yyyy: A four-digit number representing the year portion of the date. You can also use yy to represent the last two digits of the year. ■ mm: (First occurrence.) A two-digit number between 01 and 12 representing the month. If you enter more than two consecutive m characters, the Developer's Toolkit interprets them as an abbreviation of the month. For example, mmm=Dec; mmmm=Dece ■ dd: A two-digit number between 01 and 31 (the maximum depends on the month and year) representing the day of the month. ■ hh: A two-digit number between 00 and 24 representing the hour portion of the time (using a 24-hour clock). ■ mm: (Second occurrence.) A two-digit number between 00 and 59 representing the minutes portion of the time. ■ ss: A two-digit number from 00 to 59 representing the seconds portion of the time. The default is: TimeFormat yyyy-mm-dd-hh.mm.ss <p>This parameter is equivalent to the VSQ -FT command.</p>
<i>Delimiter</i>	<p>Pointer to a string that contains the string delimiter character. Most CSV formats are processed with the least conflict using double quotation marks (") as the string delimiter. The default, however, is a single quotation mark (') to accommodate the DML format.</p> <p>To use a single quotation mark or double quotation mark, preface it with a backslash (\). To use a backslash, enter two backslashes. This parameter is equivalent to the VSQ -O command.</p>

<i>EmbDelimiter</i>	<p>Pointer to a string that contains the character that the Developer's Toolkit substitutes for <i>Delimiter</i> when it is embedded within a string. The default <i>Delimiter</i> is a single quotation mark.</p> <p>To use a single quotation mark or double quotation mark, preface it with a backslash. To use a backslash, enter two backslashes. This parameter is equivalent to the VSQL -E command.</p> <p>For example, if <i>Delimiter</i> is a single quotation mark, and you expect to use single quotation marks within strings, you can use backslash, double quotation mark (\\") to ensure that the Developer's Toolkit won't confuse <i>Delimiter</i> with characters within strings.</p>
<i>Separator</i>	<p>Pointer to a string that contains the field separator character. The default Separator is a comma (.). This parameter is equivalent to the VSQL -G command.</p>
<i>EmbSeparator</i>	<p>Pointer to string that contains the character that the Developer's Toolkit substitutes for <i>Separator</i> when it is embedded in a field. This parameter is usually needed only in CSV format files if no <i>Delimiter</i> is used. This parameter is equivalent to the VSQL -I command.</p> <p>For example, if <i>Separator</i> is a comma, and you expect to use commas within strings, use a semicolon (;), or another non-conflicting character to change the treatment of commas within a field.</p>
<i>LineCont</i>	<p>Pointer to string that contains the line continuation character. The default is an empty string. This parameter is equivalent to the VSQL -J command.</p>
<i>EmbLineCont</i>	<p>Pointer to a string that contains the character that the Developer's Toolkit substitutes for <i>LineCont</i> when it is embedded in a string. The default is an empty string. This parameter is equivalent to the VSQL -L command.</p>
<i>EmbNewLine</i>	<p>Pointer to a string that contains the character that the Developer's Toolkit substitutes for the newline character when it is embedded in a string. By default, the Developer's Toolkit substitutes a space. If you don't specify this parameter, strings cannot contain newline characters. This parameter is equivalent to the VSQL -N command.</p> <p>For example, to preserve newline characters in strings, use one of the following values: "\\n," "<lf>".</p>
<i>SQLTerminator</i>	<p>Pointer to a string that contains the SQL statement termination character. If your SQL interpreter requires no statement terminator, use a null string (" ") as the parameter value. The default is a semicolon (;). This parameter is equivalent to the VSQL -T command.</p>
<i>CharMaxLen</i>	<p>Maximum length of a variable-length character string, as named in the <i>DDLVarchar</i> parameter (above).</p>
<i>LineMaxLen</i>	<p>Maximum line length for output command files. The minimum line length is 64 characters. If you use a number smaller than 64, the line length will default to 64 characters. The default is an unlimited length. This parameter is equivalent to the VSQL -K command.</p> <p>For example, use 250 to limit the line length to 250 characters, including delimiters and modification characters.</p>

<i>FileName</i>	Pointer to a string that contains an archive file specification. The specification allows wildcards.
<i>exportFlags</i>	<p>Bit field that controls how the function operates. Values include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ PVCS_EXPORT_SQLDML_FORMAT ■ PVCS_EXPORT_CSV_FORMAT ■ PVCS_EXPORT_CSV_FORMAT_HDRS <p>If PVCS_EXPORT_SQLDML_FORMAT is set, then the Developer's Toolkit uses the file name specified by <i>DMLFileName</i>. This file contains SQL DML format insert statements.</p> <p>If none of the above mentioned flags is set, then the default is PVCS_EXPORT_SQLDML_FORMAT. This parameter is equivalent to the VSQL -MH, VSQL -MV, or VSQL -ML command.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ PVCS_EXPORT_GEN_VIEW_STMTS Generates DROPTABLE and DROPVIEW commands if used in conjunction with PVCS_EXPORT_GEN_DROP_STMTS. You can use this command to re-execute the command file. It deletes and recreates the old tables and views. ■ PVCS_EXPORT_GEN_DROP_STMTS Generates DROP statements in the DDL command file if used in conjunction with PVCS_EXPORT_GEN_VIEW_STMTS. DROP commands delete old tables and views from the database before generating new ones. You can use this command if you need to rerun the DDL command file with the old tables still defined in the database. This command is ignored if you have not set PVCS_EXPORT_GEN_VIEW_STMTS. ■ PVCS_EXPORT_GEN_UPDATE_STMTS Generates update statements. This command puts the Delete statements in a separate file with the name specified by <i>DMLFileName</i>, if used in conjunction with PVCS_EXPORT_CSV_FORMAT, PVCS_EXPORT_CSV_FORMAT_HDRS, or PVCS_EXPORT_SQLDML_FORMAT. You can use this command to maintain incremental changes to an existing database of archives when the tables cannot be easily regenerated; or, where the number of new/updated rows is expected to be small compared to the total number of rows. ■ PVCS_EXPORT_CONTINUE Use in conjunction with wildcard archive file name specifications. ■ PVCS_EXPORT_SQLDML_FORMAT Generates SQL DML format insert statements. This flag is equivalent to the VSQL -ML command.

- **PVCS_EXPORT_CSV_FORMAT**
Generates a set of CSV format files that contain data from specified archives. The Developer's Toolkit creates all script files; however, they may be empty. This flag is equivalent to the VSQL -MV command.
- **PVCS_EXPORT_CSV_FORMAT_HDRS**
Generates a set of CSV format files that contain data from specified archives. The column names are the first record of each file. This flag is equivalent to the VSQL -MH command.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:
PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
PVCS_E_DISK_FULL
PVCS_E_BAD_ARCHIVE
PVCS_E_ACCESS_VIOLATION
PVCS_E_ACCESS_DENIED

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Special Considerations

- The *DDLTimeStamp*, *DDLVarchar*, and *DDLInteger* parameters will be the default if they are specified as null pointers. All other pointers must be required and will return a PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER error if they are null.
- Each invocation of **PvcsExport** will process one archive file specification (which may contain wildcards) and create new output files. To process additional wildcard specifications, use the PVCS_EXPORT_CONTINUE flag.



IMPORTANT! **PvcsExport** must always be called first if the PVCS_EXPORT_CONTINUE flag is not set.

- The status returned is for the last archive processed. For this reason, if the caller wants to process warning-level errors (anything but PVCS_E_DISK_FULL), then the caller should do wildcard expansion using **PvcsFindFirstArchive/**
PvcsFindNextArchive, and then call **PvcsExport()** for each archive.
- Archive IDs are calculated from the current time. To avoid duplicate IDs, do not run multiple instances of PVCSexport in quick succession.

Example The following example demonstrates with pseudo-code how to create one set of output files that contains archive information for all .C and .H archives:

```
for each fileSpecification in *.c_v *.h_v
    PvcsExport(..., fileSpecification, exportFlags);
    exportFlags |= PVCS_EXPORT_CONTINUE;
endfor
char *fileName = "foo.c_v";
PVCS_FLAGSexportFlags =PVCS_EXPORT_CSV_FORMAT_HDRS |
    PVCS_EXPORT_GEN_VIEW_STMTS | PVCS_EXPORT_GEN_DROP_STMTS |
    PVCS_EXPORT_GEN_UPDATE_STMTS;
int status;

/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* Export archive information for use by relational database */
```

```

status = PvcsExport(
    NULL, /* I: -DT, defs to "TIMESTAMP" */
    NULL, /* I: -DV, defs to "VARCHAR(1500)" */
    NULL, /* I: -DI, defs to "INTEGER" */
    "ddl", /* I: -DL + DDLGenerate */
    "vsq1", /* I: -MH, -MV, -ML */
    "YYYY-MM-DD-HH.MM.SS",
    "\"", /* I: -O String delimiter */
    "\\\"", /* I: -E ...when embedded */
    ",", /* I: -G Field separator */
    "\"", /* I: -I ...when embedded */
    "\"", /* I: -J Line continuation */
    "\"", /* I: -L ...when embedded */
    "\"", /* I: -N ...when embedded */
    ";", /* I: -T SQL Termination */
    1500, /* I: -DV */
    10000, /* I: -K */
    fileName, /* I: Archive file specification */
    exportFlags); /* I: */

if (!status)
    printf("Exported information from \"%s\".\n", fileName);

```

PvcsFindFirstArchive

This function searches for files matching a file specification. It returns the name of the first matching file and a search handle that **PvcsFindNextArchive** can use to locate additional files that match the wildcard specification. This is the function used by Version Manager to find files that are specified on the command line.



IMPORTANT! This function finds files that may or may not be archives.

Syntax `PvcsFindFirstArchive(`
`PVCSSEARCHHANDLE *srchHandle, /* Output */`
`unsigned char *filePattern, /* Input */`
`unsigned char *resultBuf, /* Output */`
`unsigned short bufLen) /* Input */`

Parameters

<i>srchHandle</i>	Pointer to a search handle. This handle is used on subsequent calls to PvcsFindNextArchive .
<i>filePattern</i>	Pointer to a file pattern, which may include a path and wildcards.
<i>resultBuf</i>	Pointer to a buffer to receive the matching file name. The buffer must be long enough to contain the full path name.
<i>bufLen</i>	Length of the result buffer.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:
PVCS_E_ARCHIVE_NOT_FOUND

PVCS_E_BUFFER_OVERFLOW
PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Special
Considerations

- The function searches the directories specified by the `VCSDir` directive. If `VCSDir` is null, it searches the current directory.

You can also specify a directory as part of the *filePattern* parameter to ignore the `VCSDir` directive. For example:

```
I:\source\vmgui\logfiles\*.c_v
```

- After processing data from **PvcsFindFirstArchive**, call **PvcsEndArchiveSearch** to free memory allocated by **PvcsFindFirstArchive**.

Example

```
PVCSSEARCHHANDLE srchHandle;  
char archive[128];  
int status;  
int is_archive;  
  
/* Initialize configuration settings */  
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);  
  
/* Find first file, set up search handle for next file */  
status = PvcsFindFirstArchive(  
    &srchHandle, /* Receives search hdl used on subsequent */  
                /* Calls to PvcsFindNextArchive */  
    "*.c_v", /* File pattern to match */  
    archive, /* Buffer receiving first matching name */  
    sizeof(archive)); /* Length of buffer */  
  
if (!status)  
{  
    /* Iterate over all matching files */  
    do  
    {  
        /* Only do operation if file is Pvcs Archive */  
        status = PvcsIsArchive (archive, &is_archive);  
        if (!status && is_archive)  
        {  
            /* Perform an operation on the archive */  
            PvcsAssignVersion(ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN,  
                             archive, "Beta Release 1.0", NULL,  
                             PVCS_AV_REPLACE_VERS);  
        }  
        /* Obtain next file name */  
        status = PvcsFindNextArchive(  
            srchHandle, /* Search handle */  
            archive, /* Buf receiving next matching name */  
            sizeof(archive)); /* Length of buffer */  
        if ((status) && (status != PVCS_E_NO_MORE_FILES))  
        {  
            printf("Error finding next archive.\n");  
            break;  
        }  
    } while (status != PVCS_E_NO_MORE_FILES);  
}
```



```

    /* End the search */
    PvcsEndArchiveSearch(srchHandle);
}
else
    printf("Error finding first archive.\n");

```

Related Functions [PvcsEndArchiveSearch on page 73](#)
[PvcsFindNextArchive on page 81](#)

Related Topics For more information, see the following topics in the *Serena PVCS Version Manager Command-Line Reference Guide*.

For information about...

Wildcard expansion

How Version Manager finds archives

Specifying archive locations

See...

Wildcards

Search Paths

VCSDir directive

PvcsFindNextArchive

This function searches a directory for the next file that matches a file specification. It returns the name of the next matching file.

Syntax `PvcsFindNextArchive(
 PVCSSearchHandle srchHandle, /* Input */
 unsigned char *resultBuf, /* Output */
 unsigned short bufLen) /* Input */`

Parameters

<i>srchHandle</i>	A search handle.
<i>resultBuf</i>	Pointer to a buffer to receive the matching file name. The buffer must be long enough to contain the full path name.
<i>bufLen</i>	Length of the result buffer.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:
 PVCSSearchHandle_E_BUFFER_OVERFLOW
 PVCSSearchHandle_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
 PVCSSearchHandle_E_NO_MORE_FILES

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Special Considerations

- The search handle must have been initialized by a prior call to **PvcsFindFirstArchive**.
- The function searches the directories specified by the VCSDir directive. If VCSDir is null, it searches the current directory.

Example

```

PVCSSearchHandle srchHandle;
char archive[128];
int status;

/* Initialize configuration settings */

```

```
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* Find first file, set up search handle for next file */
status = PvcsFindFirstArchive(
    &srchHandle, /* Receives search hdl used on subsequent */
                /* calls to PvcsFindNextArchive */
    "*.c_v", /* File pattern to match */
    archive, /* Buffer receiving first matching name */
    sizeof(archive)); /* Length of buffer */

if (!status) {

    /* Iterate over all matching files */
    do {

        /* Perform an operation on the archive */
        PvcsAssignVersion(ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN,
            archive, "Beta Release 1.0", NULL,
            PVCS_AV_REPLACE_VERS);

        /* Obtain next file name */
        status = PvcsFindNextArchive(
            srchHandle, /* Search handle */
            archive, /* Buf receiving next matching name */
            sizeof(archive)); /* Length of buffer */
        if ((status) && (status != PVCS_E_NO_MORE_FILES)) {
            printf("Error finding next archive.\n");
            break;}
        } while (status != PVCS_E_NO_MORE_FILES);

        /* End the search */
        PvcsEndArchiveSearch(srchHandle);
    }
    else
        printf("Error finding first archive.\n");
```

Related Functions [PvcsEndArchiveSearch on page 73](#)
 [PvcsFindFirstArchive on page 79](#)

PvcsGenDeltaFile

This function compares two files or revisions and generates a delta file, which contains editing commands used by the Version Manager REGEN command to generate the target file from the reference file. This function is equivalent to the VDIFF -D command.

Syntax PvcsGenDeltaFile(
 ARCHIVEHANDLE *hArchive*, /* Input */
 unsigned char **refFile*, /* Input */
 unsigned char **refRev*, /* Input */
 unsigned char **tgtFile*, /* Input */
 unsigned char **tgtRev*, /* Input */
 unsigned short *deltaFormat*, /* Input */
 unsigned char **deltaCfg*, /* Input */

```

unsigned char *outFile,/* Input */
unsigned short recordLength,/* Input */
unsigned char *columnMask,/* Input */
PVCS_FLAGS flags)/* Input */

```

Parameters

<i>hArchive</i>	Handle returned by PvcsOpenArchive . If the archive is not open, specify <code>ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN</code> .
<i>refFile</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the name of the reference file. Specify a null pointer if the reference file is an archive whose archive handle is specified in the <i>hArchive</i> parameter.
<i>refRev</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the revision number or version label of the reference file. If the version label begins with a number, precede it with a backslash (\). If the reference file is not an archive, or if it is the tip revision, specify a null pointer.
<i>tgtFile</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the name of the target file. Specify a null pointer if the target file is an archive with an archive handle specified in the <i>hArchive</i> parameter.
<i>tgtRev</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the revision number or version label of the target file. If the version label begins with a number, precede it with a backslash (\). If the target file is not an archive, or if it is the tip revision, specify a null pointer.
<i>deltaFormat</i>	Integer that specifies the type of delta file to create. Values include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ <code>PVCS_DELTA_BINARY</code> Generates a binary delta file in Version Manager format. This flag is equivalent to the <code>VDIFF -DS</code> command. ■ <code>PVCS_DELTA_LIBRARIAN</code> Generates a CA-LIBRARIAN delta file. This flag is equivalent to the <code>VDIFF -DL</code> command. ■ <code>PVCS_DELTA_PANVALET</code> Generates a CA-PANVALET delta file. This flag is equivalent to the <code>VDIFF -DP</code> command. ■ <code>PVCS_DELTA_PREDEFINED</code> Uses the file specified by the <i>deltaCfg</i> parameter. ■ <code>PVCS_DELTA_UNKNOWN</code> Uses the file specified by the <i>deltaCfg</i> parameter. If the <i>deltaCfg</i> parameter is null, this flag defaults to the <code>PVCS_DELTA_BINARY</code> <i>deltaformat</i>.
<i>deltaCfg</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the name of a file that contains delta configuration directives. The <code>PVCS_DELTA_PREDEFINED</code> <i>deltaformat</i> must be specified to generate the delta file in this format. If this parameter is null, the function generates a delta file in the format specified by the <i>deltaFormat</i> parameter. This parameter is equivalent to the <code>VDIFF -D</code> command.
<i>outFile</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the name of a file to which this function writes the delta file. The specified file will be overwritten if it exists. If this pointer is null, the report is sent to standard output. This parameter is equivalent to the <code>VDIFF -XO</code> command.

<i>recordLength</i>	Integer specifying the record length of the files to be compared. Specify 0 to indicate that the files use newline characters to indicate the ends of lines. This parameter is equivalent to the VDIFF -XRecordLength command.
<i>columnMask</i>	String specifying the columns to ignore when comparing files. This parameter is equivalent to the VDIFF -XColumnMask command.
<i>flags</i>	Bit field that controls how this function operates. Values include: <ul style="list-style-type: none">■ PVCS_DIFF_APPEND Appends the report to an existing file.■ PVCS_DIFF_IGN_WHITE Ignores leading and trailing white space during comparison. This flag is equivalent to the VDIFF -B command.■ PVCS_DIFF_NOMOVE Records moved text as deletions and insertions.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:

PVCS_E_ACCESS_DENIED
PVCS_E_ACCESS_VIOLATION
PVCS_E_ARCHIVE_NOT_FOUND
PVCS_E_BAD_FILENAME
PVCS_E_FILE_BUSY
PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
PVCS_E_NO_REVISION
PVCS_E_USER_ABORTED

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Example

```
char *outFile = "foo.dlt";
int status;

/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* Generate delta for differences between two revisions */
/* in an archive */
status = PvcsGenDeltaFile(ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN,
    "foo.c_v", /* Use archive as reference file */
    NULL,      /* Use tip as reference rev */
    "foo.c_v", /* Use archive as target file */
    "Beta Release 1.0", /* Use ver label as target rev */
    PVCS_DELTA_BINARY, /* Generate Version Manager delta */
    NULL,      /* Use format specified above */
    outFile, /* Delta output file */
    0,         /* Newlines are end of line */
    NULL,      /* No columnmask */
    PVCS_DIFF_IGN_WHITE); /* Ignore whitespace

if (!status)
    printf("Created delta in \"%s\".\n", outFile);
```

Related [PvcsReportDifferences on page 165](#)
Functions [PvcsTestDifferences on page 170](#)

Related Topics For more information, see the following topics in the *Serena PVCS Version Manager Command-Line Reference Guide*.

For information about...	See...
Delta file format	<i>Delta Files</i>
Generating delta files	<i>VDIFF command</i>
Directives that affect delta generation	<i>Delta Delete directive</i> <i>Delta Insert directive</i> <i>Delta Replace directive</i> <i>Delta Seq directive</i>
Recreating a file from its delta file	<i>REGEN command</i>

PvcsGetArchiveInfo

This function returns archive header information. It is equivalent to the VLOG -B command.

Syntax `PvcsGetArchiveInfo(
 ARCHIVEHANDLE hArchive, /* Input */
 unsigned char *fileName, /* Input */
 ARCHIVEINFO *archInfo, /* Output */
 unsigned short archInfoLen) /* Input */`

Parameters

<i>hArchive</i>	Handle returned by PvcsOpenArchive . If the archive is not open, specify ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN.
<i>fileName</i>	Pointer to the name of an archive or a workfile. This parameter is required only if the archive is not open.
<i>archInfo</i>	Pointer to the structure receiving archive information. The last element of this structure contains buffer information, which is a character array of variable length.
<i>archInfoLen</i>	Length of the information buffer.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:

PVCS_E_ACCESS_VIOLATION
PVCS_E_ARCHIVE_NOT_FOUND
PVCS_E_BUFFER_OVERFLOW
PVCS_E_FILE_BUSY
PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

- Special Considerations
- If *fileName* refers to a workfile, the program infers the archive name. If *fileName* contains wildcards, the program expands it according to the usual Version Manager rules.
 - To get archive information in a format suitable for user reports, use **PvcsLog** instead.

- You must allocate the ARCHIVEINFO structure. It should be long enough to contain the string fields copied into the information buffer. The location of each string is given by an offset into information. There are seven strings, each with a maximum length of 256 bytes, so you should pad the structure with 1792 bytes when you allocate it.

See the definition of the ARCHIVEINFO structure in [Chapter 5, "Data Structures"](#) for a description of the fields returned by this function.

- If you don't need any of the information string fields, you don't need to provide extra space for the information buffer. You will get a buffer overflow error, which you can ignore.
- If PVCS_E_BUFFER_OVERFLOW is returned, a string offset value of -1 indicates that the corresponding information string would not fit in the buffer.

```
Example #define ARCHIVEINFO_PAD = 1792
ARCHIVEINFO *archinfo;
int status;

/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* Allocate buffer to hold archive information */
archinfo = (ARCHIVEINFO *)malloc(sizeof(ARCHIVEINFO) +
    ARCHIVEINFO_PAD);

/* Obtain archive information */
status = PvcsGetArchiveInfo(ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN,
    "foo.c_v",
    archinfo,
    sizeof(ARCHIVEINFO) + ARCHIVEINFO_PAD);

/* Display archive information */
if (!status) {
    printf("Number of revs:      %d\n", archinfo->revcnt);
    printf("Number of locks:      %d\n", archinfo->lockers);
    printf("CheckLock:                %s\n",
        (archinfo->attributes & PVCS_ATTR_CHK_LOCK) ?
        "on" : "off");
    printf("WriteProtect:             %s\n",
        (archinfo->attributes & PVCS_ATTR_WRT_PROT) ? "on" : "off");
    printf("ExclusiveLock:            %s\n",
        (archinfo->attributes & PVCS_ATTR_EXCL_LOCK) ? "on" :
        "off");
    printf("ExpandKeywords:           %s\n",
        (archinfo->attributes & PVCS_ATTR_EXP_KEYS) ? "on" : "off");
    printf("Translate:                 %s\n",
        (archinfo->attributes & PVCS_ATTR_TRANSLATE) ? "on" :
        "off");
    printf("CompressDelta:             %s\n",
        (archinfo->attributes & PVCS_ATTR_CMPRS_DELTA) ? "on" :
        "off");
    printf("CompressWorkImage: %s\n",
        (archinfo->attributes & PVCS_ATTR_CMPRS_TEXT) ? "on" :
        "off");
    printf("RecordLength:              %d\n", archinfo->reclen);
    printf("Created:                   %d/%d/%d %d:%d:%d\n",
```

```

        archinfo->create_time.month,
        archinfo->create_time.day, archinfo->create_time.year,
        archinfo->create_time.hours, archinfo->create_time.minutes,
        archinfo->create_time.twosecs * 2);
printf("Renum start col: %d\n", archinfo->renum_start_col);
printf("Renum end col:   %d\n", archinfo->renum_end_col);
printf("Renum start val: %ld\n", archinfo->renum_start_val);
printf("Renum step val:  %ld\n", archinfo->renum_step_val);
printf("Archive:        %s\n", archinfo->info + archinfo->archive);
printf("Workfile:       %s\n", archinfo->info + archinfo->workfile);
printf("Owner:          %s\n", archinfo->info + archinfo->owner);
printf("AccessList:     %s\n", archinfo->info + archinfo->access);
printf("CommentPrefix: %s\n", archinfo->info + archinfo->cmt_str);
printf("NewLine:        %s\n", archinfo->info + archinfo->newline);
printf("ColumnMask:    %s\n", archinfo->info + archinfo->diffmask);

```

Related Functions

- [PvcsChangeArchiveInfo on page 59](#)
- [PvcsGetLockInfo on page 95](#)
- [PvcsGetRevisionInfo on page 103](#)
- [PvcsLog on page 119](#)
- [PvcsOpenArchive on page 129](#)

Related Topics For more information, see the following topics in the *Serena PVCS Version Manager Command-Line Reference Guide*.

For information about...

Viewing archive information

Specifying archive and workfile names

See...

VLOG command

File Specification

PvcsGetArchiveInfoVB1

This function, specifically for Visual Basic users, returns the most commonly used values from the archive header information.

Syntax

```

PvcsGetArchiveInfoVB1(
    ARCHIVEHANDLE  hArchive, /* Input */
    unsigned char  *fileName, /* Input */
    unsigned short *revcnt, /* Output */
    unsigned short *lockers, /* Output */
    unsigned char  *archive, /* Output */
    unsigned char  *workfile, /* Output */
    unsigned char  *owner, /* Output */
    unsigned char  *access, /* Output */
    unsigned char  *create_time, /* Output */
    unsigned short *attribute_chk_lock, /* Output */
    unsigned short *attribute_wrt_prot, /* Output */
    unsigned short *attribute_excl_lock, /* Output */
    unsigned short *attribute_exp_keys, /* Output */
    unsigned short *attribute_translate, /* Output */
    unsigned short *attribute_cmprs_delta, /* Output */
    unsigned short *attribute_cmprs_text, /* Output */
    PVCS_FLAGS flags) /* Input */

```

Parameters

<i>hArchive</i>	Handle returned by PvcsOpenArchive . If the archive is not open, specify ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN.
<i>fileName</i>	Pointer to the name of the archive or workfile. This parameter is required only if the archive is not open.
<i>revcnt</i>	Pointer to a string that receives the number of revisions in the archive.
<i>lockers</i>	Pointer to an unsigned short that receives the number of locks on the archive.
<i>archive</i>	Pointer to a string that receives the name of the archive.
<i>workfile</i>	Pointer to a string that receives the name of the workfile.
<i>owner</i>	Pointer to a string that receives the owner of the archive.
<i>access</i>	Pointer to a string that receives information about which users have access to the archive.
<i>create_time</i>	Pointer to a string that receives the time the archive was created.
<i>attribute_chk_lock</i> <i>attribute_wrt_prot</i> <i>attribute_excl_lock</i> <i>attribute_exp_keys</i> <i>attribute_translate</i> <i>attribute_cmprs_delta</i> <i>attribute_cmprs_text</i>	These parameters return a value of TRUE if the corresponding bit in the ARCHIVEINFO attributes variable is set.
<i>flags</i>	Bit field that controls the operation of this function. Values include: PVCS_ARCHINFO_DATETIME_FORMAT (0X0001) This flag causes the <i>create_time</i> string to be formatted with the currently configured date/time format. If this flag is not set, then the <i>create_time</i> string will be returned with the default format mm/dd/yyyy hh:mm:ss.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:

PVCS_E_ACCESS_VIOLATION
PVCS_E_ARCHIVE_NOT_FOUND
PVCS_E_BUFFER_OVERFLOW
PVCS_E_FILE_BUSY
PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Special Any of the non-input parameters may be passed a NULL value if no return value for that
Consideration parameter is desired.

Example

```
/* PvcsGetArchiveInfoVB1 example */
```

```
int          status = 0;  
unsigned short revcnt;  
unsigned short lockers;  
unsigned char archive[256];
```



```

unsigned charworkfile[256];
unsigned charowner[64];
unsigned characcess[256];
unsigned charcreate_time[32];
unsigned shortattribute_chk_lock;
unsigned shortattribute_wrt_prot;
unsigned shortattribute_excl_lock;
unsigned shortattribute_exp_keys;

/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/*
 * PvcsGetArchiveInfoVB1: Get archive info into separate
 * variables instead of an ARCHIVEINFO structure. If you don't
 * want the information for a specific field, then pass NULL
 * (i.e. see the last three attribute parameters).
 */
status = PvcsGetArchiveInfoVB1(
    ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN, /* I: Archive handle */
    "foo.c_v",              /* I: Name of archive or workfile */
    &revcnt,                 /* O: Number of revisions */
    &lockers,                /* O: Number of locks */
    archive,                /* O: Name of archive */
    workfile,               /* O: Name of workfile */
    owner,                  /* O: Name of archive owner */
    access,                 /* O: Archive access list */
    create_time,            /* O: Text version of workfile
                           creation time */
    &attribute_chk_lock,     /* O: Attrib item check lock on
                           check in bit */
    &attribute_wrt_prot,     /* O: Attribute item archive write
                           protection bit */
    &attribute_excl_lock,    /* O: Attribute item single lock
                           bit */
    &attribute_exp_keys,     /* O: Attrib item expand keywords
                           bit */
    NULL,                   /* O: Attrib item do eol trans bit */
    NULL,                   /* O: Attrib item compress deltas bit */
    NULL,                   /* O: Attrib item compress full text
                           revisions bit */
    flags /* I: Bit field */
);
if (!status)
{
    printf("Archive name: %s\n",archive);
    printf("Number of revisions: %d\n",revcnt);
    printf("Number of locks: %d\n",lockers);
    printf("Workfile name: %s\n",workfile);
    printf("Owner: %s\n",owner);
    printf("Access list: %s\n",access);
    printf("Creation time: %s\n",create_time);
    printf("Check Lock attribute is:
           %s\n",attribute_chk_lock ? "on" : "off");
    printf("Write Protect attribute is:
           %s\n",attribute_wrt_prot ? "on" : "off");
}

```

```
printf("    Exclusive Lock attribute is:
      %s\n",attribute_excl_lock ? "on" : "off");
printf("    Expand Keywords attribute is:
      %s\n",attribute_exp_keys ? "on" : "off");
}
```

Related Functions [PvcsGetArchiveInfo on page 85](#)
 [PvcsGetArchiveInfoVB2 on page 90](#)
 [PvcsGetLockInfoVB on page 97](#)
 [PvcsGetRevisionInfoVB on page 107](#)

PvcsGetArchiveInfoVB2

This function, specifically for Visual Basic users, returns the less commonly used values from the archive header information.

Syntax `PvcsGetArchiveInfoVB2(`
 `ARCHIVEHANDLE`*hArchive*,/* Input */
 `unsigned char*`*fileName*,/* Input */
 `unsigned short*`*reclen*,/* Output */
 `unsigned short*`*renum_start_col*,/* Output */
 `unsigned short*`*renum_end_col*,/* Output */
 `unsigned long*`*renum_start_val*,/* Output */
 `unsigned long*`*renum_step_val*,/* Output */
 `unsigned char*`*cmt_str*,/* Output */
 `unsigned char*`*newline*,/* Output */
 `unsigned char*`*diffmask*)/* Output */

Parameters

<i>hArchive</i>	Handle returned by PvcsOpenArchive . If the archive is not open, specify <code>ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN</code> .
<i>fileName</i>	Pointer to the name of an archive or a workfile. This parameter is required only if the archive is not open
<i>reclen</i>	Pointer to an integer that receives the workfile fixed record length.
<i>renum_start_col</i>	The renumber start column short.
<i>renum_end_col</i>	The renumber end column short.
<i>renum_start_val</i>	The renumber start value short.
<i>renum_step_val</i>	The renumber step value short.
<i>cmt_str</i>	Pointer to a comment prefix string.
<i>newline</i>	Pointer to a newline string.
<i>diffmask</i>	Pointer to the column mask range string.
<i>hArchive</i>	Handle returned by PvcsOpenArchive . If the archive is not open, specify <code>ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN</code> .
<i>fileName</i>	String that contains the name of an archive or a workfile. This parameter is required only if the archive is not open

<i>reclen</i>	Integer that receives the workfile fixed record length.
<i>renum_start_col</i>	Integer that receives the renumber start column value.
<i>renum_end_col</i>	Integer that receives the renumber end column value.
<i>renum_start_val</i>	Integer that receives the renumber start value.
<i>renum_step_val</i>	Integer that receives the renumber step value.
<i>cmt_str</i>	String that receives the comment prefix string.
<i>newline</i>	String that receives the newline string.
<i>diffmask</i>	String that receives the column mask range.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:

PVCS_E_ACCESS_VIOLATION
PVCS_E_ARCHIVE_NOT_FOUND
PVCS_E_BUFFER_OVERFLOW
PVCS_E_FILE_BUSY
PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Special Consideration Any of the non-input parameters may be passed a NULL value if no return value for that parameter is desired.

Example `/* PvcsGetArchiveInfoVB2 example */`

```
int          status = 0;
unsigned shortreclen;
unsigned shortrenum_start_col;
unsigned shortrenum_end_col;
unsigned longrenum_start_val;
unsigned longrenum_step_val;
unsigned charcmt_str[32];

/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/*
 * PvcsGetArchiveInfoVB2: Get archive info into separate
 *   variables
 * instead of an ARCHIVEINFO structure. If you don't want the
 * information for a specific field, then pass NULL
 * (i.e. see the last two parameters).
 */
status = PvcsGetArchiveInfoVB2(
    ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN, /* I: Archive handle */
    "foo.c_v",              /* I: Name of archive or workfile */
    &reclen,                /* O: Workfile fixed record
                           length */
    &renum_start_col,        /* O: Renumber start column */
    &renum_end_col,          /* O: Renumber end column */
    &renum_start_val,        /* O: Renumber starting value */
    &renum_step_val,         /* O: Renumber increment */
    cmt_str,                /* O: Comment prefix string */
    NULL,                   /* O: Newline string */
    NULL                    /* O: Column mask range */
);
```

```
    );  
  
    if (!status)  
    {  
        printf("Archive name: %s\n", "foo.c_v");  
        printf("Workfile record length: %d\n", reclen);  
        printf("Renumber start column: %d\n", renum_start_col);  
        printf(" Renumber end column: %d\n", renum_end_col);  
        printf(" Renumber starting value:  
                %ld\n", renum_start_val);  
        printf("Renumber increment value:  
                %ld\n", renum_step_val);  
        printf("Comment prefix string: %s\n", cmt_str);  
    }
```

Related Functions [PvcsGetArchiveInfo on page 85](#)
 [PvcsGetArchiveInfoVB1 on page 87](#)
 [PvcsGetLockInfoVB on page 97](#)
 [PvcsGetRevisionInfoVB on page 107](#)

PvcsGetErrorMessage

This function retrieves the text message that corresponds to a return code and copies it into a buffer that the caller provides.

Syntax `PvcsGetErrorMessage(
 unsigned int errorCode, /* Input */
 unsigned char *msgBuffer, /* Output */
 unsigned int bufLen) /* Input */`

Parameters

<i>errorCode</i>	An error code returned by a Developer's Toolkit function.
<i>msgBuffer</i>	Pointer to the buffer that receives the message string corresponding to the error code. The messages returned are the return values listed in Chapter 4, "Return Values"
<i>bufLen</i>	Length of the buffer that receives the message string.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:
 PVCS_E_BUFFER_OVERFLOW
 PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Special Considerations This function returns the name of the error, not a description. For example, it returns the name PVCS_E_INTERNAL instead of the description, "An internal toolkit error has occurred."

Example

```
char msgBuffer[128];  
int status;  
  
/* Initialize configuration settings */  
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);
```

```

/* Force an error */
status = PvcsCreateArchive(
    NULL,
    "^+=", /* Invalid file name */
    NULL,
    NULL,
    NULL,
    PVCS_CREATE_NO_OVERWRITE);

if (status) {

    /* Retrieve error message */
    status = PvcsGetErrorMessage(
        status, /* Error code */
        msgBuffer, /* Buf to receive msg */
        sizeof(msgBuffer)); /* Length of buffer */

    /* Display error message */
    if (!status)
        printf("PvcsComputeArchiveName error: %s\n", msgBuffer);
}

```

Related Function [PvcsQueryConfigurationError on page 143](#)

PvcsGetExtRevAttribute

This function retrieves an extended attribute that was previously attached to a revision using **PvcsPutExtRevAttribute**. Extended revision attributes are used to attach free-form binary or text data to a revision. The attribute contains a user-defined keyword, which you use to access the attribute data.

Syntax `PvcsGetExtRevAttribute(
 ARCHIVEHANDLE hArchive, /* Input */
 unsigned char *fileName, /* Input */
 unsigned char *revarg, /* Input */
 unsigned char *keyword, /* Input */
 unsigned char *extAttribute, /* Output */
 unsigned short bufLen) /* Input */`

Parameters

<i>hArchive</i>	Handle returned by PvcsOpenArchive . If the archive is not open, specify <code>ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN</code> .
<i>fileName</i>	Pointer to the name of the archive or workfile. This parameter is required only if the archive is not open.
<i>revarg</i>	Pointer to a string that contains a revision number or version label. The function retrieves the extended attribute associated with this revision. If the version label begins with a number, precede it with a backslash (\). A null parameter defaults to the tip revision on the trunk.

<i>keyword</i>	Pointer to a buffer that contains the user-defined value used to retrieve this extended attribute.
<i>extAttribute</i>	Pointer to a buffer to receive the extended revision attribute record. See below for the buffer format.
<i>bufLen</i>	Length of the extended attribute buffer.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:

PVCS_E_ACCESS_VIOLATION
PVCS_E_ARCHIVE_NOT_FOUND
PVCS_E_BUFFER_OVERFLOW
PVCS_E_FILE_BUSY
PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
PVCS_E_NO_ATTRIBUTE
PVCS_E_USER_ABORTED

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Special
Considerations

- You can only retrieve one attribute per function call.
- If *fileName* refers to a workfile, the program infers the archive name. If *fileName* contains wildcards, the program expands it according to the usual Version Manager rules.
- The format of the *extAttribute* buffer is as follows:

<i>Length</i>
<i>Keyword</i>
<i>Null</i>
<i>User_data</i>

Length Two-byte unsigned value that is the length of the keyword and null terminator, plus the length of the user data. The length does not include the length field itself.

Keyword Null-terminated string that contains a user-defined keyword.

User_data Free-format data, which may be text or binary.

- The maximum length of the extended attribute record (including the length field) is 64K.
- If PVCS_E_BUFFER_OVERFLOW is returned, the first two bytes of the attribute buffer contain the actual length that was required.

Example

```
char *keyword = "BetaTextKey";
char *userdata = "This Beta release was sent out to 500 customers \
as a precursor to the General Availability release.";
int extAttCount = 1;
char *archive = "foo.c_v";
char *revision = "Beta Release 1.0";
char getExtAttBuf[256];
char *bufPtr;
char *ptr;
int status;
```

```

/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* Add an extended attribute */
extAttBuf.length = strlen(keyword) + strlen(userdata) + 2;
strcpy(extAttBuf.data, keyword);
ptr = strchr(extAttBuf.data, '\\0');
strcpy(ptr + 1, userdata);
bufPtr = (char *)&extAttBuf;
status = PvcsPutExtRevAttribute(ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN, archive,
    revision, bufPtr, extAttCount);
/* Now retrieve the extended attribute that was stored */
if (!status) {
    /* Retrieve extended attribute */
    status = PvcsGetExtRevAttribute(ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN,
        archive,
        revision,
        keyword,
        getExtAttBuf,
        sizeof(getExtAttBuf));
    /* Display extended attribute */
    if (!status){
        printf("User data associated with keyword\n"
            "\\\"%s\\\" is:\\n\\\"%s\\\"\\n",
            keyword, getExtAttBuf);
    }
}

```

Related Functions [PvcsOpenArchive on page 129](#)
[PvcsPutExtRevAttribute on page 132](#)

Related Topics For more information, see the following topics in the *Serena PVCS Version Manager Command-Line Reference Guide*.

For information about...

Wildcard expansion

Specifying archive and workfile names

See...

Wildcards

File Specification

PvcsGetLockInfo

This function returns information about locked revisions. It is equivalent to the VLOG -BL command.

Syntax `PvcsGetLockInfo(
 ARCHIVEHANDLE hArchive, /* Input */
 unsigned char *fileName, /* Input */
 unsigned char *revision, /* Input */
 unsigned char *lockers, /* Input */
 unsigned short *pLockCount, /* Input / Output */
 LOCK *pLockInfo, /* Output */
 unsigned short buflen) /* Input */`

Parameters

<i>hArchive</i>	Handle returned by PvcsOpenArchive . If the archive is not open, specify <code>ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN</code> .
<i>fileName</i>	Pointer to the name of an archive or a workfile. This parameter is required only if the archive is not open.
<i>revision</i>	Pointer to a string that contains a revision number. If the parameter is null, the function returns information about all locks in the archive. This parameter is equivalent to the <code>-R</code> option used with the <code>VLOG -BL</code> command.
<i>lockers</i>	Pointer to a string that contains a comma-separated list of user IDs used to limit the search for locks. If the parameter is null, this function returns information about locks owned by any user. This parameter is equivalent to the <i>user_id</i> parameter to the <code>VLOG -BL</code> command.
<i>pLockCount</i>	Pointer to a variable that specifies the number of LOCK structures to retrieve. The actual number retrieved is returned. Specify <code>-1</code> to retrieve all LOCK structures.
<i>pLockInfo</i>	Pointer to a buffer to receive lock information.
<i>buflen</i>	The length of the <i>pLockInfo</i> buffer.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:

PVCS_E_ACCESS_VIOLATION
PVCS_E_ARCHIVE_EMPTY
PVCS_E_BAD_ARCHIVE_HANDLE
PVCS_E_BUFFER_OVERFLOW
PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
PVCS_E_NOT_LOCKED

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Special Considerations

- If *fileName* refers to a workfile, the program infers the archive name. If *fileName* contains wildcards, the program expands it according to the usual Version Manager rules.
- This function organizes the buffer as an array of LOCK structures, followed by a variable-length data area which contains revision numbers and user IDs. The *pLockInfo* buffer must be large enough to contain the LOCK structures and variable data area. For details on the LOCK structure, see [Chapter 5, "Data Structures"](#)
- Use the `NoCase` directive to conduct a case-insensitive search for user IDs that match the *lockers* list.

Example

```
LOCK lockInfoBuf[256];
      LOCK *pLock;
short lockCount = -1;
```

```
PvcsGetLockInfo(
    ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN, /* Archive handle */
    archive, /* Archive name */
    NULL, /* Revision (any revision) */
    NULL, /* VCSID (any) */
    &lockCount, /* Count (unlimited) */
    lockInfoBuf, /* Buffer */
    sizeof(lockInfoBuf)); /* Buffer length */
```



```

for (pLock = lockInfoBuf; lockCount-- != 0; pLock++) {
    printf("Revision: %s\n", pLock->revision);
    printf("New rev: %s\n", pLock->newRevision);
    printf("Locked by: %s\n", pLock->locker);
}

```

Related Functions [PvcsLockRevisionGroup on page 117](#)
[PvcsOpenArchive on page 129](#)

Related Topics For more information, see the following topics in the *Serena PVCS Version Manager Command-Line Reference Guide*.

For information about...	See...
Viewing lock information	<i>VLOG command</i>
Revision locking	<i>Revision Locking</i>
Controlling case-sensitivity of user IDs	<i>Case directive</i>

PvcsGetLockInfoVB

This function, specific for Visual Basic users, returns information about locked revisions.

Syntax `PvcsGetLockInfoVB(`
`ARCHIVEHANDLE hArchive, /* Input */`
`unsigned char* fileName, /* Input */`
`unsigned char* revision, /* Input */`
`unsigned char* lockers, /* Input */`
`unsigned char* oldRevision, /* Output */`
`unsigned char* newRevision, /* Output */`
`unsigned char* lockers, /* Output */`
`unsigned short lock_info_index, /* Input */`
`PVC_FLAGS flags) /* Input */`

Parameters

<i>hArchive</i>	Handle return by PvcsOpenArchive . If the archive is not open, specify ARCHIVEHANDLE_NO_OPEN
<i>fileName</i>	Pointer to the name of an archive or a workfile. This parameter is required only if the archive is not open.
<i>revision</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the revision if the parameter is NULL (see <i>oldRevision</i>).
<i>lockers</i>	Pointer to a string that contains a comma-separated list of user IDs used to limit the search for locks. If the parameter is null, this function returns information about locks owned by any user. This parameter is equivalent to the <i>user_id</i> parameter to the VLOG -BL command.
<i>oldRevision</i>	Pointer to a string that that receives the name of the locked revision.
<i>newRevision</i>	Pointer to the string that receives the new revision number to be created when the workfile is checked in.

<i>lockers</i>	Pointer to the string to receive the user ID of the locker.
<i>lock_info_index</i>	Specifies the requested number of lock information structures on which to return information.
<i>flags</i>	This parameter is reserved for future use.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:

PVCS_E_ACCESS_VIOLATION
PVCS_E_ARCHIVE_EMPTY
PVCS_E_BAD_ARCHIVE_HANDLE
PVCS_E_BUFFER_OVERFLOW
PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
PVCS_E_NO_REVISION
PVCS_E_NOT_LOCKED

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

- Special Considerations
- Any of the non-input parameters may be passed a null value if no return value for that parameter is desired.
 - You can determine how many locks are in an archive by calling **PvcsGetArchiveInfoVB1** and looking at the *lockers* parameters.

Example `/* PvcsGetLockInfoVB example */`

```
int          status = 0;
unsigned shortindex = 0;
unsigned charlockRevision[64];
unsigned charnewRevision[64];
unsigned charlocker[64];

/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/*
 * PvcsGetLockInfoVB: Gets the lock information for the given
 *   *archive into separate variables. This example gets the
 *   * first lock for the archive not limited by revision or
 *   */locker.

status = PvcsGetLockInfoVB(
    ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN, /* I: Archive Handle */
    "foo.c_v",              /* I: Name of archive or workfile */
    NULL,                   /* I: Revision */
    NULL,                   /* I: VCSID of locker */
    lockRevision,           /* 0: The locked revision */
    newRevision,            /* 0: Revision to create at check
                             in */
    locker,                 /* 0: User ID of the locker */
    index,                  /* I: Index of lock to return
                             values from */
    PVCS_REVINFO_USE_DATETIME_FORMAT /* I: Bit field */
);

if (!status)
{
    printf("Revision: %s\n", lockRevision);
}
```

```

        printf("New revision on Check In: %s\n",newRevision);
        printf("Locker ID: %s\n",locker);
    }

```

Related Functions

- [PvcsGetArchiveInfoVB1 on page 87](#)
- [PvcsGetArchiveInfoVB2 on page 90](#)
- [PvcsGetLockInfo on page 95](#)
- [PvcsGetRevisionInfoVB on page 107](#)

PvcsGetPromoParent

This function returns the name of the parent of a promotion group.

Syntax

```

PvcsGetPromoParent(
    unsigned char *buffer,/* Output */
    unsigned short length,/* Input */
    unsigned char *node_name)/* Input */

```

Parameters

<i>buffer</i>	Pointer to a buffer that receives the name of the parent of <i>node_name</i> .
<i>length</i>	Length of the buffer.
<i>node_name</i>	Name of the promotion group for which to find the parent.

Return Values

The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:

- PVCS_E_BUFFER_OVERFLOW
- PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
- PVCS_E_INVALID_PROMO
- PVCS_E_PROMO_NO_NODE

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Example

```

char *child = "SOFTDEV";
char parent[64];
int status;

/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* Obtain parent of specified group name */
status = PvcsGetPromoParent(
    parent, /* Buf to receive parent group name */
    sizeof(parent),/* Length of buffer */
    child); /* Child group name */

/* Display parent group */
if (!status)
    printf("Parent of promotion group \"%s\" is \"%s\".\n", child,
        parent);

```

Related Functions

- [PvcsGroupToRevision on page 111](#)
- [PvcsPromoteRevision on page 131](#)

[PvcsVerifyPromoTree on page 177](#)[PvcsVerifyPromoTreeNodeExist on page 178](#)

Related Topics For more information, see the following topics in the *Serena PVCS Version Manager Command-Line Reference Guide*.

For information about...

Promotion models

Defining a promotion group

Promoting revisions

See...*Promotion**Promote directive**VPROMOTE command*

PvcsGetRevision

This function checks out revisions from archives. It is equivalent to the GET command.

Syntax `PvcsGetRevision(
 ARCHIVEHANDLE hArchive,/* Input */
 unsigned char *fileName,/* Input */
 unsigned char *workfileName,/* Input */
 unsigned char *revarg,/* Input */
 unsigned char *date,/* Input */
 unsigned char *update,/* Input */
 unsigned char *locker,/* Input */
 unsigned char *grp_name,/* Input */
 void *reserved, /* Input */
 PVCS_FLAGS getFlags)/* Input */`

Parameters

<i>hArchive</i>	Handle returned by PvcsOpenArchive . If the archive is not open, specify ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN.
<i>fileName</i>	Pointer to the name of an archive or a workfile. This parameter is required only if the archive is not open. The file name can contain wildcards.
<i>workfileName</i>	Pointer to the name of a workfile. If this parameter is null, the function obtains the workfile name from the archive. If you specify a workfile name, then <i>fileName</i> must contain an archive name.
<i>revarg</i>	Pointer to a string that contains a revision number, version label, or promotion group. If the version label begins with a number, precede it with a backslash (\). This parameter is equivalent to the GET -R command.
<i>date</i>	Pointer to a string that contains a date/time. The function checks out the latest revision with a check-in date on or before that date. This parameter is equivalent to the GET -D command.
<i>update</i>	Pointer to a string that contains a date specification. The function only checks out the revision if its check-in date is later than the specified date. If you specify a date, you must set the PVCS_GET_NEWER flag for the <i>getFlags</i> parameter.

<i>locker</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the user ID of the person who is locking the revision. If the parameter is null, the current user ID is used.
<i>grp_name</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the name of the promotion group to which the revision is drawn down. This parameter is used only if you have defined a promotion model. The group must be at the lowest level of the promotion model. This parameter is equivalent to the GET -G command.
<i>reserved</i>	Used internally. Pass a null pointer for this parameter.
<i>getFlags</i>	<p>Bit field that controls the operation of this function. Values include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">■ PVCS_GET_LOCK Locks the revision. This flag is equivalent to the GET -L command.■ PVCS_GET_MULTILOCK Adds an additional lock if the MultiLock directive is in effect.■ PVCS_GET_BRANCH_PERMITTED Grants permission to lock a revision that would cause a branch to be created upon check in. This flag does not do anything unless the BranchWarn directive is in effect. If the BranchWarn directive is in effect, you must give permission to lock a revision that would cause Version Manager to create a branch.■ PVCS_GET_NEWER Checks out the revision only if it is newer than the existing workfile. If you specify a date for the <i>update</i> parameter, using this flag checks out the revision only if it is newer than the date. This flag is equivalent to the GET -U command.■ PVCS_GET_NOBRANCH Denies permission to lock a revision that would cause a branch to be created upon check in. This flag does not do anything unless the BranchWarn directive is in effect. The function returns PVCS_E_BRANCHWARN if the revision that you are locking would cause a branch to be created.■ PVCS_GET_NOMULTILOCK Does not add an additional lock even if the MultiLock directive is in effect.■ PVCS_GET_NO_OVERWRITE Does not overwrite an existing workfile. This flag is equivalent to the GET -N command.■ PVCS_GET_OVERWRITE Overwrites an existing workfile. This flag is equivalent to the GET -Y command.■ PVCS_GET_PIPE Writes the revision to standard output. This flag is equivalent to the GET -P command.

- **PVCS_GET_TOUCH**
Sets the workfile timestamp to the current time. This flag is equivalent to the GET -T command.
- **PVCS_GET_UPDATE**
Checks out the archive only if its check-in date is later than the date specified using the *update* parameter. This flag is equivalent to the GET -U command.
- **PVCS_GET_WRITABLE**
Checks out a writable copy of the workfile. This flag is equivalent to the GET -W command.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:

PVCS_E_ACCESS_DENIED
PVCS_E_ACCESS_VIOLATION
PVCS_E_ALREADY_EXISTS
PVCS_E_ARCHIVE_NOT_FOUND
PVCS_E_BAD_FILENAME
PVCS_E_FILE_BUSY
PVCS_E_LOCKED_REVISION
PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
PVCS_E_NO_REVISION
PVCS_E_USER_ABORTED

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Special Considerations

- If *fileName* refers to a workfile, the program infers the archive name. If *fileName* contains wildcards, the program expands it according to the usual Version Manager rules.
- Use the *workfileName* parameter when you are generating a workfile that has a different name than the name stored in the archive. This is equivalent to the following command-line example:

```
GET foo.c_v(d:\temp\test.c)
```

In this example, *fileName* is FOO.C_V and *workfileName* is D:\TEMP\TEST.C.

The *workfileName* parameter can consist of a drive or path. This is equivalent to the following command-line example, where *fileName* is *.??V, and *workfileName* is C:\SOURCE:

```
Example #return REVINFO_PAD = 256
        REVINFO *revinfo;
        unsigned short revcount = -1;
        int status;

        /* Initialize configuration settings */
        PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

        /* Check out revisions by version label, overwriting workfiles */
        PvcsGetRevision(ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN,
            "*.c", /* Archive names */
            NULL, /* Use default workfile names */
            "Beta Release 1.0", /* Version label to be checked
                                out */
            NULL, /* No date restriction */
            NULL,
```

```

NULL,    /* Use user's VCSID as locker */
NULL,    /* Assume no promotion hierarchy */
NULL,    /* Reserved */
PVCS_GET_OVERWRITE);/* Force overwrite of existing
                    workfiles */

```

Related Functions [PvcsGetRevisionInfo on page 103](#)
[PvcsLog on page 119](#)
[PvcsOpenArchive on page 129](#)
[PvcsPutRevision on page 134](#)

Related Topics For more information, see the following topics in the *Serena PVCS Version Manager Command-Line Reference Guide*.

For information about...

Checking out revisions

Wildcard expansion

Specifying archive and workfile names

Specifying dates

Drawing revisions down to a development group

See...

GET command

Wildcards

File Specification

Date and Time Specification

Promotion

PvcsGetRevisionInfo

This function returns information about revisions in specified archives. It is equivalent to the VLOG -BR command.

Syntax `PvcsGetRevisionInfo(
 ARCHIVEHANDLE hArchive,/* Input */
 unsigned char *fileName,/* Input */
 unsigned char *revision,/* Input */
 unsigned short *pRevCount,/* Input/Output */
 REVINFO *pRevInfo,/* Output */
 PVCS_FLAGS flags)/* Input */`

Parameters

<i>hArchive</i>	Handle returned by PvcsOpenArchive . If the archive is not open, specify ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN.
<i>fileName</i>	Pointer to the name of an archive or a workfile. This parameter is required only if the archive is not open.
<i>revision</i>	Pointer to a string that contains a revision number. If the parameter is null, the function returns information about all revisions, beginning with the tip of the trunk. This parameter can contain a version label. If the version label begins with a number, precede it with a backslash (\).
<i>pRevCount</i>	Pointer to a variable that specifies the number of REVINFO structures to retrieve. The parameter returns the number of structures retrieved. Specify -1 for all revisions.
<i>pRevInfo</i>	Pointer to a buffer to receive revision information.

flags

Bit field that controls how the function processes a range of revisions. Values include:

- PVCS_REVINFO_RECURSE
Includes all branches emanating from specified revisions. This flag is equivalent to appending a plus sign (+) to a revision range.
- PVCS_REVINFO_NO_RECURSE
Ignores branches emanating from specified revisions.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:

PVCS_E_ARCHIVE_EMPTY
PVCS_E_BAD_ARCHIVE_HANDLE
PVCS_E_BUFFER_OVERFLOW
PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
PVCS_E_ACCESS_VIOLATION

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Special
Considerations

- If *fileName* refers to a workfile, the program infers the archive name. If *fileName* contains wildcards, the program expands it according to the usual Version Manager rules.
- To retrieve information for more than one revision, specify the number of revisions in *pRevCount*. In this case, *pRevInfo* must point to an array of **pRevCount* REVINFO structures. Use the *revision* parameter to specify the revision with which to begin processing. The function processes revisions in reverse order, so you would specify the tip of the trunk as the starting point to retrieve information about all revisions.
- The *pRevInfo* buffer must be large enough to contain the REVINFO structure and space for the variable-length description strings. You should allocate 64 bytes per revision.

See [Chapter 5, "Data Structures"](#) for details on the REVINFO structure.

Example

```
REVINFO *revinfo;  
unsigned short revcount = -1;  
int status;  
  
/* Initialize configuration settings */  
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);  
  
/* Allocate buffer to hold revision information */  
revinfo = (REVINFO *)malloc(sizeof(REVINFO) + REVINFO_PAD);  
  
/* Report revision number corresponding to a version label */  
status = PvcsGetRevisionInfo(ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN,  
    "foo.c_v", /* Archive name */  
    "Beta Release 1.0", /* Ver label to search for */  
    &revcount, /* Only one rev associated w/  
                label */  
    revinfo, /* Buffer to receive rev info */  
    PVCS_REVINFO_RECURSE); /* Search all branches */  
  
if (!status)  
    printf("Revision corresponding to \"Beta Release 1.0\" is  
        \"%s\".\n", revinfo->revstr);
```


Related Functions [PvcsGetArchiveInfo on page 85](#)
[PvcsOpenArchive on page 129](#)

Related Topics For more information, see the following topics in the *Serena PVCS Version Manager Command-Line Reference Guide*.

For information about...

Specifying archive and workfile names
 Specifying revisions

See...

File Specification
Revision Specification

PvcsGetRevisionInfo2

This function returns the following information associated with a revision:

- Version labels assigned to a revision
- Promotion groups assigned to a revision
- Locks on a revision
- Author of a revision
- Change description of a revision

Syntax `PvcsGetRevisionInfo2(
 ARCHIVEHANDLE hArchive, /* Input */
 unsigned char *fileName, /* Input */
 unsigned char *revision, /* Input */
 unsigned char **author, /* Output */
 unsigned char **versions, /* Output */
 unsigned char **promoGroups, /* Output */
 unsigned char **lockers, /* Output */
 unsigned char **descr, /* Output */
 unsigned char *resultBuf, /* Input */
 unsigned bufLen, /* Input */
 void *reserved) /* Reserved */`

Parameters

<i>hArchive</i>	Handle returned by PvcsOpenArchive . If the archive is not open, specify ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN.
<i>fileName</i>	Pointer to the name of an archive or a workfile. This parameter is required only if the archive is not open.
<i>revision</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the revision for which you want to retrieve information. If the parameter is null, Developer's Toolkit returns information about the tip revision.
<i>author</i>	(Output). Pointer to a pointer to a string: the user ID of the user who created this revision.
<i>versions</i>	(Output). Pointer to a pointer to a list of strings. Each is a version label associated with this revision. If Developer's Toolkit returns a null pointer, then no version labels are present.

<i>promoGroups</i>	(Output). Pointer to a pointer to a list of strings. Each string is a promotion group associated with this revision. The strings are null-separated with a double-null pointer at the end of the list. Developer's Toolkit returns a null pointer if no promotion groups are present.
<i>lockers</i>	(Output). Pointer to a pointer to a list of strings. Each is a user ID that owns a lock on the revision. The strings for these are null-separated with a double-null pointer at the end of the list. Developer's Toolkit returns a null pointer if no locks are present.
<i>descr</i>	(Output). Pointer to a pointer to a string: the revision change description. If Developer's Toolkit returns a null pointer, then no change description is present.
<i>resultBuf</i>	Pointer to a buffer that this function uses to store the result data. Your program must allocate the buffer. The pointers referenced by <i>author</i> , <i>versions</i> , <i>promoGroups</i> , <i>lockers</i> , and <i>description</i> will point to memory in <i>resultBuffer</i> .
<i>bufLen</i>	Length of the result buffer.
<i>reserved</i>	Reserved for future use. Must be null.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:

PVCS_E_ARCHIVE_EMPTY
PVDS_E_NO_REVISION
PVCS_E_BAD_ARCHIVE_HANDLE
PVCS_E_BUFFER_OVERFLOW
PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
PVCS_E_ACCESS_VIOLATION

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Special
Considerations

- If *fileName* refers to a workfile, the program infers the archive name. If *fileName* contains wildcards, the program expands it according to the usual Version Manager rules.
- The result buffer must be large enough to hold all of the variable-length data. This can get quite large if you have a number of version labels and lengthy change descriptions.

Example

```
int          rc;
PVCS_PCHAR  szFilename2 = NULL;
PVCS_PCHAR  szRevision2 = NULL;
PVCS_PCHAR  szAuthor = NULL;
PVCS_PCHAR  szVersions = NULL;
PVCS_PCHAR  szPromoGroups = NULL;
PVCS_PCHAR  szLockers = NULL;
PVCS_PCHAR  szDescription = NULL;
PVCS_PCHAR  pRevInfo2Buffer = NULL;
unsigned short bufSize;

/* Initialize configuration settings */
rc = PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/*
 * PvcsGetRevisionInfo2 only for single archives and single revisions
 */
bufSize = 256;
```

```

pRevInfo2Buffer = (PVCS_PUCHAR)malloc(bufSize);

rc =PvcsGetRevisionInfo2(
    ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN,
    szFilename2,
    szRevision2,
    &szAuthor,
    &szVersions,
    &szPromoGroups,
    &szLockers,
    &szDescription,
    pRevInfo2Buffer,
    bufSize,
    NULL
);

if (!rc) return(rc){
    printf(" Rev: %s\n",pRevInfoBuffer->revstr);
    printf("      Author:      %s\n",szAuthor);
    printf("      Versions:      ");
    print_string_list(szVersions);
    printf("      PromoGroups:  ");
    print_string_list(szPromoGroups);
    printf("      Lockers:      ");
    print_string_list(szLockers);
    printf("      Decription:    %s\n", szDescription);
}

```

Related Functions [PvcsGetArchiveInfo on page 85](#)
[PvcsOpenArchive on page 129](#)

Related Topics For more information, see the following topics in the *Serena PVCS Version Manager Command-Line Reference Guide*.

For information about...

Specifying archive and workfile names

Specifying revisions

See...

File Specification

Revision Specification

PvcsGetRevisionInfoVB

This function, specifically for Visual Basic users, returns information about a revision in a specified archive.

Syntax PvcsGetRevisionInfoVB(
 ARCHIVEHANDLE *hArchive*,/* Input */
 unsigned char **fileName*,/* Input */
 unsigned char**revision*,/* Input */
 unsigned short**branch_count*,/* Output */
 unsigned short**lock_count*,/* Output */
 unsigned short **level*,/* Output */
 unsigned char **date*,/* Output */
 unsigned char **mdate*,/* Output */

```
unsigned short*ord,/* Output */
unsigned char*revstr,/* Output */
unsigned shortrev_info_index,/* Input*/
PVCS_FLAGS flags)/* Input */
```

Parameters

<i>hArchive</i>	Handle returned by PvcsOpenArchive . If the archive is not open, specify <code>ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN</code> .
<i>fileName</i>	String that contains the name of an archive or a workfile. This parameter is required only if the archive is not open.
<i>revision</i>	String that contains the revision number to retrieve.
<i>branch_count</i>	Integer that receives the number of branches off this revision.
<i>lock_count</i>	Integer that receives the number of locks on this revision.
<i>level</i>	Integer that receives the revision level.
<i>date</i>	String that receives the date the revision was checked in.
<i>mdate</i>	String that receives the date the revision was modified.
<i>ord</i>	Integer that receives the ordinal number.
<i>revstr</i>	String that receives the revision.
<i>rev_info_index</i>	Specifies the revision information structure about which to return information. The first structure has an index of 0 (the tip of the trunk) and the last index is one less than the value of <i>revcnt</i> returned by PvcsGetArchiveInfoVB1 or PvcsGetArchiveInfo .
<i>flags</i>	Indicates how to modify the behavior of this function. Values include: <ul style="list-style-type: none">■ <code>PVCS_REVINFO_RECURSE</code> Includes all branches emanating from specified revisions. this flag is equivalent to appending a plus sign (+) to a revision range■ <code>PVCS_REVINFO_NO_RECURSE</code> Ignores branches emanating from specified revisions.■ <code>PVCS_REVINFO_DATETIME_FORMAT</code> Causes the <i>create_time</i> string to be formatted with the currently configured date/time format. If this flag is not set, then the <i>create_time</i> string will be returned with the default format <code>mm/dd/yyyy hh:mm:ss</code>.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:

```
PVCS_E_ARCHIVE_EMPTY
PVCS_E_ACCESS_VIOLATION
PVCS_E_BAD_ARCHIVE_HANDLE
PVCS_E_BUFFER_OVERFLOW
PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
PVDS_E_NO_REVISION
```

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Special ■ Any of the non-input parameters may be passed a NULL value if no return value for
Considerations that parameter is desired.

- You can determine how many revisions are in an archive by calling **PvcsGetArchiveInfoVB1** and looking at the *revcnt* parameter.
- If the *revisions* parameter is not NULL, it will override the index passed in the *rev_info_index* parameter.

Example `/* PvcsGetRevisionInfoVB example */`

```
int          status = 0;
unsigned shortindex = 0;
unsigned shortbranch_count;
unsigned shortlock_count;
unsigned shortlevel;
unsigned shortord;
unsigned chardate[32];
unsigned charmdate[32];
unsigned charrevstr[64];

/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/*
 * PvcsGetRevisionInfoVB: Get revision info into separate
 * variables instead of a REVINFO structure. This example
 * gets information from the tip revision. If you don't
 * want the information for a specific field, then pass NULL
 * (i.e. see the modification date parameter).
 */
status = PvcsGetRevisionInfoVB(
    ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN, /* I: Archive handle */
    "foo.c_v", /* I: Name of archive or workfile */
    NULL, /* I: Revision to retrieve */
    &branch_count, /* 0: Number of branches from this
                  rev */
    &lock_count, /* 0: Number of locks on this
                revision */
    &level, /* 0: Revision tree level, 0 = trunk */
    date, /* 0: Text version of check-in rev
          date */
    NULL, /* 0: Text version of rev mod date */
    &ord, /* 0: Ordinal number in archive */
    revstr, /* 0: Revision number as text */
    index, /* I: Which revision to get info for */
    PVCS_REVINFO_USE_DATETIME_FORMAT /* I: Bit field */
);

if (!status)
{
    printf(" Revision: %s\n", revstr);
    printf(" Branch Count: %d\n", branch_count);
    printf(" Lock Count: %d\n", lock_count);
    printf(" Level: %d\n", level);
    printf(" Check In Date: %s\n", date);
    printf(" Ordinal Number: %d\n", ord);
}
```

Related Functions [PvcsGetRevisionInfo](#) on page 103
 [PvcsGetLockInfoVB](#) on page 97
 [PvcsGetArchiveInfoVB1](#) on page 87
 [PvcsGetArchiveInfoVB2](#) on page 90

PvcsGetUserInfo

This function returns the current user ID and login source.

Syntax `PvcsGetUserInfo(
 unsigned char *userID,/* Output */
 unsigned short userIDLen,/* Input */
 unsigned char *loginSource,/* Output */
 unsigned short loginSourceLen,/* Input */
 unsigned short *loginSourceValue)/* Output */`

Parameters

<i>userID</i>	Pointer to a buffer that receives the current user ID.
<i>userIDLen</i>	Variable that contains the length of the <i>userID</i> buffer.
<i>loginSource</i>	Pointer to a buffer that receives a string that contains the login source. This string contains one of the following values: HOST NETWARE LANMAN VLOGIN VCSID UNKNOWN WNET
<i>loginSourceLen</i>	Variable that contains the length of the <i>loginSource</i> buffer.
<i>loginSourceValue</i>	Pointer to a variable that receives a number that identifies the login source. This number is one of the following values: PVCS_LOGSRC_HOST PVCS_LOGSRC_NETWARE PVCS_LOGSRC_LANMAN PVCS_LOGSRC_NOT_ESTABLISHED PVCS_LOGSRC_VLOGIN PVCS_LOGSRC_VCSID PVCS_LOGSRC_UNKNOWN PVCS_LOGSRC_WNET

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:

PVCS_E_BUFFER_OVERFLOW
PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Special Consideration If you call this function before calling **PvcsQueryConfiguration**, you may not receive the actual login name or source. The LogIn directive affects where Version Manager looks for the user ID.

Example

```
char userBuf[64];
char sourceBuf[16];
int sourceValue;
int status;

/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);
status = PvcsGetUserInfo(
    userBuf, /* Buffer receiving user ID */
    sizeof(userBuf), /* Length of buffer */
    sourceBuf, /* Buffer receiving login source */
    sizeof(sourceBuf), /* Length of buffer */
    &sourceValue); /* Receives login source ident ID */

if (!status)
    printf("Current user ID is \"%s\", login source is\n\"%s\".\n", userBuf, sourceBuf);
```

Related Function [PvcsQueryConfiguration on page 140](#)

PvcsGroupToRevision

This function returns the revision numbers that are assigned to a specified promotion group. It is equivalent to the VLOG -BG command.

Syntax

```
PvcsGroupToRevision(
    ARCHIVEHANDLE hArchive, /* Input */
    unsigned char *fileName, /* Input */
    unsigned char *grpName, /* Input */
    unsigned short *pGrpCount, /* Input/Output */
    unsigned char *groupTable, /* Output */
    unsigned short bufLen) /* Input */
```

Parameters

<i>hArchive</i>	Handle returned by PvcsOpenArchive . If the archive is not open, specify ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN.
<i>fileName</i>	Pointer to the name of an archive or a workfile. This parameter is required only if the archive is not open. This parameter cannot contain wildcards.
<i>grpName</i>	Pointer to a string that contains a promotion group. The promotion group must be assigned to a revision in the archive. If <i>grpName</i> is null, the function returns revision/group pairs up to the limit specified in <i>*pGrpCount</i> or until the <i>groupTable</i> buffer is full.
<i>pGrpCount</i>	Pointer to a variable that specifies the number of revision/group pairs to retrieve. The parameter returns the actual number that were retrieved.
<i>groupTable</i>	Pointer to a buffer that receives the revision/group pairs.
<i>bufLen</i>	The length of the <i>groupTable</i> buffer.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:
PVCS_E_BUFFER_OVERFLOW
PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
PVCS_E_PROMO_NO_NODE

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Special Considerations

- If *fileName* refers to a workfile, the program infers the archive name. If *fileName* contains wildcards, the program expands it according to the usual Version Manager rules.
- The format of the *groupTable* buffer is as follows:

<i>revisionString</i>
<i>null</i>
<i>groupString</i>
<i>null</i>
.
.
.
<i>null</i>

Each revision string and group string is null-terminated, and the end-of-buffer is marked by an additional null character. The revision number is returned as a printable string—for example, 1.15.

Example

```
unsigned short grpCount = USHORT_MAX;
char grpBuffer[512];
char *bufPtr;

/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* Obtain revisions associated with group names */
PvcsGroupToRevision(ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN,
    "foo.c_v", /* Name of archive or workfile */
    NULL, /* All revision/group pairs */
    &grpCount, /* Returns number of pairs retrieved */
    grpBuffer, /* Buf to receive revision/group pairs
    sizeof(grpBuffer)); /* Length of the buffer */

/* Display all revisions with group names */
bufPtr = grpBuffer;
while (grpCount--) {
    printf("Revision: %s", bufPtr);
    bufPtr += strlen(bufPtr) + 1; /* Skip over revision */
    printf("  Group: %s\n", bufPtr);
    bufPtr += strlen(bufPtr) + 1; /* Skip over group */
}
```

Related Functions

- [PvcsGetPromoParent on page 99](#)
- [PvcsGroupToRevision on page 111](#)
- [PvcsOpenArchive on page 129](#)
- [PvcsPromoteRevision on page 131](#)

[PvcsVerifyPromoTree on page 177](#)
[PvcsVerifyPromoTreeNodeExist on page 178](#)

Related Topics For more information, see the following topics in the *Serena PVCS Version Manager Command-Line Reference Guide*.

For information about...

Specifying archive and workfile names
 Promotion models
 Defining a promotion group
 Promoting revisions

See...

File Specification
Promotion
Promote directive
VPROMOTE command

PvcsInit

This function initializes internal variables, allocating memory for file buffers, and verifying the license. You can call this function in your program's initialization routine to verify that you will be able to use Developer's Toolkit services later in your program.

Syntax `PvcsInit(
 unsigned char *progrname)/` *Input* `*/`

Parameter

progrname Pointer to a string that names the calling program. Developer's Toolkit prefixes warning and error messages with this string. If this string is null, Developer's Toolkit uses the string *Serena API*.

Return Value The return value is zero if the function is successful. Otherwise it returns `PVCS_E_NO_MEMORY`. See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Special Considerations Developer's Toolkit calls this function if you do not call it in advance.

Example

```
int status;

/* Initialize Developer's Toolkit */
status = PvcsInit("My Application");

/* Display error message upon failure */
if (status)
    printf("Error, unable to initialize application.\n");
```

Related Functions [PvcsCloseArchive on page 63](#)
[PvcsOpenArchive on page 129](#)
[PvcsCancelUpdate on page 56](#)

PvcsIsArchive

This function determines whether a file name is an archive by returning a status code. Developer's Toolkit does not perform any VCSDir checking or ArchiveSuffix translation on the file name.

Syntax `PvcsIsArchive(
 unsigned char *fileName,/* Input */
 unsigned short *is_archive)/* Output */`

Parameters

<i>fileName</i>	Pointer to the name of the file to process. The file name cannot contain wildcards and must be a fully qualified path name.
<i>is_archive</i>	Pointer to a short that will be set to TRUE (1) if the file is an archive or FALSE (0) if the file is not an archive.

Return Values This function returns zero if successful. Other values include:
PVCS_E_ARCHIVE_NOT_FOUND
PVD_E_INVALID_PARAMETER

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Example

```
int status;  
unsigned char *file = "c:\vcsdir\foo.c_v";  
unsigned short is_archive;  
  
/* Initialize configuration settings */  
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);  
  
/* Determine if file is an archive */  
status = PvcsIsArchive(  
    file, /* Name of file to check */  
    &is_archive);/* Indicates whether */  
                  /* the file is an archive */  
if (status)  
    printf("%s %s an archive.\n", file, (is_archive)? "is":  
          "is not");
```

PvcsIsUserInDatabase

This function searches the access control database for a specific user. This function requires the ViewAccessDB privilege.

Syntax `PvcsIsUserInDatabase(
 unsigned char *user,/* Input */
 unsigned short *found)/* Output */`

Parameters

<i>user</i>	Pointer to the name of the user.
<i>found</i>	Pointer to a short that is set to TRUE if the user is in the database or FALSE if the user cannot be found.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:
PVCS_E_BAD_ACCESS_USER
PVCS_E_CANT_OPEN_ACCESSSDB
PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
PVCS_E_UNKNOWN_USER

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Example

```
/*  
 * PvcsIsUserInDatabase: See if user is in access database.  
 * Return result in 2nd parameter, TRUE for yes, FALSE for no.  
 */
```

```
rc = PvcsIsUserInDatabase(  
    szUser,  
    &found);  
  
if (found)  
    printf ("User %s is in the database.\n", szUser);
```

Related [PvcsLogin on page 122](#)
Functions [PvcsGetUserInfo on page 110](#)
[PvcsQueryUserAccess on page 150](#)

PvcsListJournal

This function creates a journal report from a journal file. It is equivalent to the VJOURNAL command.

Syntax

```
PvcsListJournal(  
    unsigned char *journalFile,/* Input */  
    unsigned char *date,/* Input */  
    unsigned char *archiveList,/* Input */  
    unsigned char *users,/* Input */  
    unsigned char *operations,/* Input */  
    unsigned char *reportFile,/* Input */  
    PVCS_FLAGS flags)/* Input */
```

Parameters

<i>journalFile</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the name of the journal file to process. If the pointer is null or points to a null string, the name of the journal file is obtained from the Journal directive in the configuration file.
<i>date</i>	Pointer to a string that contains a date or a date range. This parameter limits the report to operations that occurred within the date range.
<i>archiveList</i>	Pointer to a string that contains a list of archive names separated by spaces. This parameter is <i>not</i> case-sensitive and accepts workfiles, partial directories, and wildcards. It will list all like names across directories. This parameter limits the report to operations on these archives.
<i>users</i>	Pointer to a string that contains a list of user IDs separated by spaces. This parameter limits the report to operations by these users.
<i>operations</i>	Pointer to a string that contains a list of operations separated by spaces. For example, PUT, PUT -R. This parameter limits the report to these operations.
<i>reportFile</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the name of a file to receive the journal report. An existing file will be overwritten unless you specify the flag PVCS_JOURNAL_APPEND.
<i>flags</i>	Bit field that controls the operation of this function. Values include: <ul style="list-style-type: none">■ PVCS_JOURNAL_APPEND Appends to the report file rather than overwriting it.■ PVCS_JOURNAL_LOCKS Generates the lock list. This is equivalent to the VJOURNAL -XL command.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:
PVCS_E_BAD_DATE
PVCS_E_BAD_REDIRECT
PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Special Consideration If you do not want to limit the report with one of the limiting parameters, specify a null pointer for that parameter.

Example

```
char *outFile = "davee.jnl";
int status;

/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);
status = PvcsListJournal(
    "journal.vcs", /* Name of journal file */
    "93",          /* Limit to 1993 */
    NULL,          /* No archive restrictions */
    "DAVEE",       /* Limit to actions by DAVEE */
    NULL,          /* No operation restrictions */
    outFile, /* File to receive report */
    (PVCS_FLAGS)0); /* Overwrite existing, no lock list */
```

```
if (!status)
    printf("Created journal report in \"%s\".\n", outFile);
```

Related Function [PvcsGetArchiveInfo on page 85](#)

Related Topics For more information, see the following topics in the *Serena PVCS Version Manager Command-Line Reference Guide*.

For information about...

Viewing journal reports

Contents and format of journal files

Specifying date ranges

Enabling journal entries

See...

VJOURNAL command

Journal Files

Date and Time Specification

Journal directive

PvcsLockRevisionGroup

This function locks a revision in an archive. It is equivalent to the VCS -L command.

Syntax `PvcsLockRevisionGroup(
 ARCHIVEHANDLE archiveHandle,/* Input */
 unsigned char *fileName,/* Input */
 unsigned char *revarg,/* Input */
 unsigned char *locker,/* Input */
 unsigned char *group,/* Input */
 PVCS_FLAGS flags)/* Input */`

Parameters

<i>archiveHandle</i>	Handle returned by PvcsOpenArchive . If the archive is not open, specify ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN.
<i>fileName</i>	Pointer to the name of an archive or a workfile. This parameter is required only if the archive is not open.
<i>revarg</i>	Pointer to a string that contains a revision number or version label. Use a null string to specify the tip revision. If the version label begins with a number, precede it with a backslash (\). This parameter is equivalent to the VCS -R command.
<i>locker</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the user ID of the locker. If the parameter is null, the current user ID is used.
<i>group</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the promotion group that is assigned to the locked revision. This group must be a development group. If you do not specify a group, and more than one development group is defined, the function returns PVCS_E_NO_GROUP. This parameter is equivalent to the VCS -G command.

flags

Bit field that controls the operation of this function. Values include:

- **PVCS_LOCK_MULTILOCK**
Adds an additional lock if the MultiLock directive is in effect.
- **PVCS_LOCK_NOMULTILOCK**
Does not add an additional lock even if MultiLock is in effect.
- **PVCS_LOCK_BRANCH_PERMITTED**
Grants permission to lock a revision that would cause a branch to be created upon check in. This flag does not do anything unless the BranchWarn directive is in effect. If the BranchWarn directive is in effect, you must give permission to lock revisions that would cause Version Manager to create a branch.
- **PVCS_LOCK_NOBRANCH**
Denies permission to lock a revision that would cause a branch to be created upon check in. This flag does not do anything unless the BranchWarn directive is in effect. The function returns **PVCS_E_BRANCHWARN** if the revision that you are locking would cause a branch to be created.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:

PVCS_E_NO_REVISION
PVCS_E_GROUP_LOCKED
PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Special
Considerations

- If *fileName* refers to a workfile, the program infers the archive name. If *fileName* contains wildcards, the program expands it according to the usual Version Manager rules.
- You can use this function to lock a revision even if there is no promotion group by specifying a null pointer for the group parameter.
- This function replaces **PvcsLockRevision**. **PvcsLockRevisionGroup** is similar to **PvcsLockRevision**, but takes the *group* and *flags* arguments. For compatibility with previous versions, Developer's Toolkit still supports **PvcsLockRevision**.

Example

```
/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);
```

```
/* Lock a revision */
PvcsLockRevisionGroup(ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN,
    "foo.c_v", /* Archive name */
    "1.12", /* Revision to lock */
    "DAVEE", /* User ID of locker */
    "SOFTDEV", /* Group name associated with
               lock */
    PVCS_LOCK_NOMULTILOCK); /* Only one lock per revision */
```

Related [PvcsGetLockInfo on page 95](#)
Functions [PvcsGetRevision on page 100](#)

[PvcsUnLockRevision on page 172](#)

[PvcsOpenArchive on page 129](#)

Related Topics For more information, see the following topics in the *Serena PVCS Version Manager Command-Line Reference Guide*.

For information about...

Locking revisions

Specifying archive and workfile names

Wildcard expansion

See...

*Revision Locking
VCS command*

File Specification

Wildcards

PvcsLog

This function returns information about archives in a format suitable for reporting. It is equivalent to the VLOG command.

Syntax

```
PvcsLog(
    ARCHIVEHANDLE hArchive,/* Input */
    unsigned char *fileName,/* Input */
    unsigned char *revision,/* Input */
    unsigned char *version,/* Input */
    unsigned char *owners,/* Input */
    unsigned char *authors,/* Input */
    unsigned char *lockers,/* Input */
    unsigned char *groups,/* Input */
    unsigned char *date,/* Input */
    unsigned char *outFile,/* Input */
    PVCS_FLAGS logFlags)/* Input */
```

Parameters

<i>hArchive</i>	Handle returned by PvcsOpenArchive . If the archive is not open, specify ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN.
<i>fileName</i>	Pointer to the name of an archive or a workfile. This parameter is required only if the archive is not open. The file name can contain wildcards.
<i>revision</i>	Pointer to a string that contains a revision number or revision range. The function displays only revisions that match this specification. This parameter is equivalent to the VLOG -R command.
<i>version</i>	Pointer to a string that contains a version label. The function displays information only for revisions with this version label. This parameter is equivalent to the VLOG -V command.
<i>owners</i>	Pointer to a string that specifies a comma-separated list of user IDs. The function displays information only for archives that were created by these user IDs. This parameter is equivalent to the VLOG -O command.

<i>authors</i>	Pointer to a string that specifies a comma-separated list of user IDs. The function displays information only for revisions modified by these users. This parameter is equivalent to the VLOG -A command.
<i>lockers</i>	Pointer to a string that specifies a comma-separated list of user IDs. The function displays information only for revisions that are locked by these users. If the parameter is null, the function displays revisions that are locked by any user. This parameter is equivalent to the VLOG -L command.
<i>groups</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the name of a promotion group. The function displays information only about archives that contain a revision associated with this group.
<i>date</i>	Pointer to a string that specifies a date or date range. The function displays information only for revisions that were checked in within this range. This parameter is equivalent to the VLOG -D command.
<i>outFile</i>	Pointer to a string that names an output file. If this parameter is null, the function displays the report. This parameter is equivalent to the VLOG -XO command.
<i>logFlags</i>	<p>Bit field that controls the operation of this function. Values include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ PVCS_LOG_APPEND Appends to the output file rather than overwriting it. ■ PVCS_LOG_CHECK_TIP Lists each archive whose tip revision is not the same as <i>revision</i> or <i>version</i>. This flag is equivalent to the VLOG -BC command. ■ PVCS_LOG_GROUPS Displays revisions associated with the promotion group specified using the <i>groups</i> parameter. This flag is equivalent to the VLOG -BG command. ■ PVCS_LOG_LOCKERS Displays a list of locked revisions. If the <i>lockers</i> parameter is specified, displays only revisions locked by those users. This flag is equivalent to the VLOG -BL command. ■ PVCS_LOG_NEWEST Displays the newest revision on the trunk. This flag is equivalent to the VLOG -BN command. ■ PVCS_LOG_NO_HEADER Does not display the archive header. This flag is equivalent to the VLOG -BR command. ■ PVCS_LOG_NO_INDENT Does not indent the revision history. This flag is equivalent to the VLOG -I command.

- **PVCS_LOG_NO_REVISIONS**
Does not display the revision history. This flag is equivalent to the VLOG -B command.
- **PVCS_LOG_VERSIONS**
Displays version labels only. If the *version* parameter is specified, displays only that version. This flag is equivalent to the VLOG -BV command.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:
 PVCS_E_ACCESS_VIOLATION
 PVCS_E_ARCHIVE_NOT_FOUND
 PVCS_E_FILE_BUSY
 PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#)Chapter 4, "Return Values" for descriptions of return values.

- Special Considerations**
- If *fileName* refers to a workfile, the program infers the archive name. If *fileName* contains wildcards, the program expands it according to the usual Version Manager rules.
 - To get information in a format suitable for program manipulation, use **PvcsGetArchiveInfo** or **PvcsGetRevisionInfo** instead.
 - To specify a range for the *revision* or *date* parameter, use the form *first_value*last_value*.
 - If you use both the *revision* and *version* parameters, the *revision* parameter supersedes the *version* parameter.

Example

```
char *outFile = "davee.lck";
int status;

/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* Generate report of all locks by "DAVEE" on revs checked */
/* in during 1993 for archives matching "*.c_v" */
status = PvcsLog(ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN,
  "*.c_v", /* Archive name */
  NULL,    /* No revision restrictions */
  NULL,    /* No version restrictions */
  NULL,    /* No ownership restrictions */
  NULL,    /* No author restrictions */
  "DAVEE", /* Limit to revisions locked by
            DAVEE */
  NULL,    /* No group restrictions */
  "93",    /* Revisions checked in in 1993 */
  outFile, /* File to receive report */
  PVCS_LOG_LOCKERS); /* Display list of locked revisions */

if (!status)
  printf("Created lock report in \"%s\".\n", outFile);
```

Related Functions [PvcsGetArchiveInfo on page 85](#)
[PvcsGetRevisionInfo on page 103](#)
[PvcsOpenArchive on page 129](#)

Related Topics For more information, see the following topics in the *Serena PVCS Version Manager Command-Line Reference Guide*.

For information about...

Viewing revision information

Specifying revision ranges

Specifying date ranges

Wildcard expansion

Specifying archive and workfile names

See...*VLOG command**Revision Specification**Date and Time Specification**Wildcards**File Specification*

PvcsLogin

This function validates user IDs and passwords against the access control database. If the login source is VLOGIN, then the user ID becomes the VCSID. If the login source is not VLOGIN, then **PvcsLogin** does not affect Developer's Toolkit behavior. This function does not replace the VLOGIN command, but sets the user ID for the life of the Developer's Toolkit DLL.



NOTE If an access control database or LDAP authentication is associated with the Client Name (path map) on the Version Manager File Server, you must use the PvcsLogin function or an environment variable to present a user ID and password for validation. See, [Chapter 1, "Using DTK Applications with a Version Manager File Server" on page 15](#).

NOTE The login source and access control database path can be set using VCONFIG or by using directives in a configuration file. If you set these using the configuration file, you must call **PvcsQueryConfiguration** before calling **PvcsLogin**.

Syntax

```
PvcsLogin(  
    unsigned char *userid, /* Input */  
    unsigned char *passwd, /* Input */  
    void *reserved) /* Input */
```

Parameters

<i>userid</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the user ID as defined in the access control database.
<i>passwd</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the password as defined in the access control database.
<i>reserved</i>	Reserved for future use.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:

```
PVCS_E_NO_ACCESS_DB  
PVCS_E_UNKNOWN_USER  
PVCS_E_INVALID_PASSWORD  
PVCS_E_CANT_OPEN_ACCESSDB  
PVCS_E_BAD_ACCESS_DB  
PVCS_E_USER_EXPIRED  
PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
```

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

```
Example char *name = "HANKB";
char *password = "BOBO";
char msgBuffer[128];
int status;

/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* Set the user ID */
status = PvcsLogin(
    name, /* User ID */
    password, /* User password */
    NULL); /* Reserved */

if (!status)
    printf("User \"%s\" has been validated.\n", name);
```

Related Functions [PvcsGetUserInfo on page 110](#)
[PvcsIsUserInDatabase on page 114](#)
[PvcsQueryUserAccess on page 150](#)

PvcsMakeDB

This function creates an access control database file. It is equivalent to the MAKEDB command.

```
Syntax PvcsMakeDB(
    unsigned char *databaseName, /* Input */
    unsigned char *file, /* Input */
    void *reserved) /* Input */
```

Parameters

<i>databaseName</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the name of the resulting access control database. If this parameter is null, then Developer's Toolkit uses the file name embedded by the VCONFIG -A command or specified by the AccessDB directive.
<i>file</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the name of the input text file.
<i>reserved</i>	Reserved for future use. Must be null.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:
 PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
 PVCS_E_FILE_NOT_FOUND
 PVCS_E_CANT_OPEN_ACCESSDB

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

```
Example int status;
char *databaseName = "access.db";
char *listFile = "access.txt";
void *reserved = (void *)0;
```

```
/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* Create access control database */
status = PvcsMakeDB(
    databaseName, /* Name of access control database */
    listFile, /* Name of input text file */
    reserved); /* Reserved for future use */

if (!status)
    printf("Created access control database \"%s\".\n",
        databaseName);
```

Related Functions [PvcsAccessOpenDB on page 40](#)
 [PvcsAccessCloseDB on page 22](#)
 [PvcsReadDB on page 152](#)

PvcsMerge

This function merges revisions that diverge from a common ancestor. It is equivalent to the VMRG command.

Syntax `PvcsMerge(`
 `ARCHIVEHANDLE hArchive, /* Input */`
 `unsigned char *baseFile, /* Input */`
 `unsigned char *baseRev, /* Input */`
 `unsigned char *branch1File, /* Input */`
 `unsigned char *branch1Rev, /* Input */`
 `unsigned char *branch2File, /* Input */`
 `unsigned char *branch2Rev, /* Input */`
 `unsigned char *outFile, /* Input */`
 `PVCS_FLAGS mergeFlags) /* Input */`

Parameters

<i>hArchive</i>	Handle returned by PvcsOpenArchive . If the archive is not open, specify <code>ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN</code> .
<i>baseFile</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the file name of the base point of the merge, which is usually the archive. If the parameter is a workfile and <i>baseRev</i> is not null, the function infers the archive name.
<i>baseRev</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the revision number or version label of the base point. This parameter is equivalent to the VMRG -R or VMRG -V command.
<i>branch1File</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the name of the archive or workfile that contains the first branch revision. If this string is null, the function uses the base file name.
<i>branch1Rev</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the revision number or version label of the revision on the first branch. If this string is null, the function uses the tip revision. This parameter is equivalent to the VMRG -R or VMRG -V command.

<i>branch2File</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the name of the archive or workfile of the second branch revision. If this string is null, the function uses the base file name.
<i>branch2Rev</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the revision number or version label of the revision on the second branch. If this string is null, the function uses the tip revision. This parameter is equivalent to the VMRG -R or VMRG -V command.
<i>outFile</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the file name that the function uses to create the merged file. If this parameter is null, the function uses <i>branch2File</i> . If <i>branch2File</i> is an archive, the function uses the workfile name. This parameter is equivalent to the VMRG -O command.
<i>mergeFlags</i>	Bit field that controls the operation of this function. Values include: <ul style="list-style-type: none">■ PVCS_MERGE_AUTO Performs an automatic merge. This flag is equivalent to the VMRG -A command.■ PVCS_MERGE_NO_OVERWRITE Disallows overwriting if <i>outFile</i> exists. The function returns the value PVCS_E_OVERWRITE. This flag is equivalent to the VMRG -N command.■ PVCS_MERGE_OVERWRITE Allows overwriting if <i>outFile</i> exists. This flag is equivalent to the VMRG -Y command.■ PVCS_MERGE_STDOUT Writes the merge file to standard output. Do not use this flag in conjunction with the <i>outFile</i> parameter. This flag is equivalent to the VMRG -XO command.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:
PVCS_E_ACCESS_VIOLATION
PVCS_E_ARCHIVE_NOT_FOUND
PVCS_E_FILE_BUSY
PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Special Considerations

- The *baseFile*, *branch1File*, and *branch2File* parameters correspond to the VMRG command-line parameters of the same names.
- If *branch1Rev* and *branch2Rev* are revisions in the archive *baseFile*, then *branch1File*, and *branch2File* can be null.

Example

```
char *outFile = "foo.mrg";
int status;

/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* Merge the following revisions from archive "foo.c_v": */
/* Base Rev - rev with version label "Beta Release 1.0" */
/* Branch 1 Rev - tip revision of archive */
/* Branch 2 Rev - rev with version label "Daves_Branch" */
```

```
/* Create merge output file "foo.mrg" */
status = PvcMerge(ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN,
    "foo.c_v", /* File name of the merge base */
    "Beta Release 1.0", /* Version of the merge base */
    NULL, /* Use base file name for Branch 1 file */
    NULL, /* Use tip as Branch 1 revision */
    NULL, /* Use base file name for Branch 2 file */
    "Daves_Branch", /* Use ver label as Branch 2 rev */
    outFile, /* Merge output file */
    PVCS_MERGE_OVERWRITE); /* Overwrite existing output file */

if (!status)
    printf("Created merged output in \"%s\".\n", outFile);
```

Related Functions [PvcOpenArchive on page 129](#)
[PvcMerge2 on page 126](#)

Related Topics For more information, see the following topics in the *Serena PVCS Version Manager Command-Line Reference Guide*.

For information about...

Merging

How to merge

Specifying archive and workfile names

See...

Merging

VMRG command

File Specification

PvcMerge2

This function is equivalent to the VMRG command with two additional parameters. It notifies you of the percentage of completion and the number of merge conflicts it finds.

Syntax `PvcMerge2(`
 `ARCHIVEHANDLE hArchive, /* Input */`
 `unsigned char *baseFile, /* Input */`
 `unsigned char *baseRev, /* Input */`
 `unsigned char *branch1File, /* Input */`
 `unsigned char *branch1Rev, /* Input */`
 `unsigned char *branch2File, /* Input */`
 `unsigned char *branch2Rev, /* Input */`
 `unsigned char *outFile, /* Input */`
 `int *pConflictCount, /* Output */`
 `PVCS_CALLBACKFUNC_MERGE_STATUS *pStatusFunc,`
 `PVCS_FLAGS mergeFlags) /* Input */`

Parameters

<i>hArchive</i>	Handle returned by PvcOpenArchive . If the archive is not open, specify <code>ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN</code> .
<i>baseFile</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the file name of the base point of the merge, which is usually the archive. If the parameter is a workfile and <i>baseRev</i> is not null, the function infers the archive name.

<i>baseRev</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the revision number or version label of the base point. This parameter is equivalent to the VMRG -R or VMRG -V command.
<i>branch1File</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the name of the archive or workfile that contains the first branch revision. If this string is null, the function uses the base file name.
<i>branch1Rev</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the revision number or version label of the revision on the first branch. If this string is null, the function uses the tip revision. This parameter is equivalent to the VMRG -R or VMRG -V command.
<i>branch2File</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the name of the archive or workfile of the second branch revision. If this string is null, the function uses the base file name.
<i>branch2Rev</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the revision number or version label of the revision on the second branch. If this string is null, the function uses the tip revision. This parameter is equivalent to the VMRG -R or VMRG -V command.
<i>outFile</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the file name that the function uses to create the merged file. If this parameter is null, the function uses <i>branch2File</i> . If <i>branch2File</i> is an archive, the function uses the workfile name. This parameter is equivalent to the VMRG -O command.
<i>pConflictCount</i>	Pointer to an integer that receives the number of merge conflicts.
<i>pStatusFunc</i>	Pointer to a callback function that displays the percent complete. Developer's Toolkit calls this function periodically, passing it an integer ranging from 0 to 100. Specify a null pointer if you don't want Developer's Toolkit to call a function.
<i>mergeFlags</i>	<p>Bit field that controls the operation of this function. Values include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ PVCS_MERGE_AUTO Performs an automatic merge. This flag is equivalent to the VMRG -A command. ■ PVCS_MERGE_NO_OVERWRITE Disallows overwriting if <i>outFile</i> exists. The function returns the value PVCS_E_OVERWRITE. This flag is equivalent to the VMRG -N command. ■ PVCS_MERGE_OVERWRITE Allows overwriting if <i>outFile</i> exists. This flag is equivalent to the VMRG -Y command. ■ PVCS_MERGE_STDOUT Writes the merge file to standard output. Do not use this flag in conjunction with the <i>outFile</i> parameter. This flag is equivalent to the VMRG -XO command

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:

PVCS_E_ACCESS_VIOLATION
PVCS_E_ARCHIVE_NOT_FOUND
PVCS_E_FILE_BUSY

PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

- Special Considerations
- The *baseFile*, *branch1File*, and *branch2File* parameters correspond to the VMRG command-line parameters of the same names.
 - If *branch1Rev* and *branch2Rev* are revisions in the archive *baseFile*, then *branch1File*, and *branch2File* can be null.

Example

```
int          rc;
PVCS_PUCHAR szOutfile = NULL;
PVCS_PUCHAR szBaseFile = NULL;
PVCS_PUCHAR szBaseRev = NULL;
PVCS_PUCHAR szBranch1File = NULL;
PVCS_PUCHAR szBranch1Rev = NULL;
PVCS_PUCHAR szBranch2File = NULL;
PVCS_PUCHAR szBranch2Rev = NULL;
int          nConflictCount;

/* Initialize configuration settings */
rc = PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/*
 * PvcsMerge2: merge two files into a third given a common
 * base. This code merges two revisions in single archive
 * from base revision in the archive. If file names for
 * branch1 or branch2 not specified, it uses the same name
 * as the base. To merge workfiles, set the revision
 * arguments to NULL. It also registers a callback function
 * to print percentage complete.
 */
rc =PvcsMerge2(
    ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN,
    szBaseFile,
    szBaseRev,
    szBranch1File,
    szBranch1Rev,
    szBranch2File,
    szBranch2Rev,
    szOutfile,
    &nConflictCount,
    merge2_monitor,
    0);
if (!rc)
    printf("    Conflicts:  %d\n",nConflictCount);

/* Callback procedure */
int PVCS_CALLBACK
merge2_monitor(int n, char *msg)
{
    printf("%d%% complete: %s\n",n,msg);
    return PVCS_OK;
}
```

Related Functions [PvcsOpenArchive on page 129](#)
 [PvcsMerge on page 124](#)

Related Topics For more information, see the following topics in the *Serena PVCS Version Manager Command-Line Reference Guide*.

For information about...	See...
Merging	<i>Merging</i>
How to merge	<i>VMRG command</i>
Specifying archive and workfile names	<i>File Specification</i>

PvcsOpenArchive

This function opens an archive and returns an archive handle to be used by subsequent operations. The archive remains open until you call **PvcsCloseArchive**, **PvcsCloseAll**, or **PvcsCancelUpdate**.

Syntax `PvcsOpenArchive(`
 unsigned char **fileName*,/* Input */
 unsigned char **workfile*,/* Output */
 unsigned short *workfileLen*,/* Input */
 unsigned char **archive*,/* Output */
 unsigned short *archiveLen*,/* Input */
 PVCS_FLAGS *openFlags*,/* Input */
 ARCHIVEHANDLE **hArchive*)/* Output */

Parameters

<i>fileName</i>	Pointer to the name of an archive or a workfile. If this parameter is an archive, the function finds the corresponding workfile.
<i>workfile</i>	Pointer to a buffer to receive the name of the workfile.
<i>workfileLen</i>	Length of the <i>workfile</i> buffer.
<i>archive</i>	Pointer to a buffer to receive the name of the archive.
<i>archiveLen</i>	Length of the <i>archive</i> buffer.
<i>openFlags</i>	Bit field that controls the operation of this function. Values include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ PVCS_OPEN_RDONLY Opens the archive in read-only mode. If you do not call any functions that modify the archive, it is much more efficient to use the PVCS_OPEN_RDONLY flag. If you later attempt an update operation on the archive, you will get the <i>PVCS_E_BAD_ARCHIVE_HANDLE</i> error. This flag is the default. ■ PVCS_OPEN_UPDATE Opens the archive for modification, using normal archive semaphores. No other update access will be permitted to the archive while it is open.
<i>hArchive</i>	Pointer to a variable that receives the archive handle. This handle is used in other Serena PVCS Professional Suite services.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:
 PVCS_E_ACCESS_VIOLATION

```
PVCS_E_ARCHIVE_NOT_FOUND
PVCS_E_BAD_ARCHIVE_HANDLE
PVCS_E_BUFFER_OVERFLOW
PVCS_E_FILE_BUSY
PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
```

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Special
Considerations

- It is not necessary to use this function to open an archive before processing it. If you use services that access archives with an archive name rather than an archive handle, they open and close the archives themselves. However, if you are performing multiple operations on an archive, it is more efficient to open the archive first and pass the archive handle to other services.
- Leaving an archive open may keep other users from accessing the archive, especially if it was opened for updating.
- The *archive* and *workfile* buffers must be long enough to contain the full path names. Specify null parameters if you do not want this information.

Example

```
ARCHIVEHANDLE handle;
char workfile[256];
char archive[256];
int status;

/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* Open archive for update */
PvcsOpenArchive(
    "foo.c_v", /* Name of archive or workfile */
    workfile, /* Buffer receiving name of workfile */
    (workfile), /* Length of workfile buffer */
    archive, /* Buffer receiving name of archive */
    sizeof(archive), /* Length of archive buffer */
    PVCS_OPEN_UPDATE, /* Open archive for modification */
    &handle); /* Returned archive handle */

/* Close archive */
PvcsCloseArchive(handle);
```

Related
Functions

[PvcsCancelUpdate on page 56](#)
[PvcsCloseAll on page 62](#)
[PvcsCloseArchive on page 63](#)

Related Topics

For more information, see the following topics in the *Serena PVCS Version Manager Command-Line Reference Guide*.

For information about...

File semaphores

Specifying archive locations

See...

Semaphores

VCSDir directive

PvcsPromoteRevision

This function promotes a revision to the next highest level in the promotion model. It is equivalent to the VPROMOTE command.

Syntax `PvcsPromoteRevision(
 ARCHIVEHANDLE hArchive,/* Input */
 unsigned char *fileName,/* Input */
 unsigned char *group,/* Input */
 PVCS_FLAGS flags)/* Input */`

Parameters

- | | |
|-----------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>hArchive</i> | Handle returned by PvcsOpenArchive . If the archive is not open, specify ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN. |
| <i>fileName</i> | Pointer to the name of an archive or a workfile. This parameter is required only if the archive is not open. |
| <i>group</i> | Name of the group to promote from. A revision at this promotion level must exist in the archive. This is equivalent to the VPROMOTE -G command. |
| <i>flags</i> | Bit field that controls the operation of this function. Values include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ PVCS_PROMOTE_NO_XBRANCH
Denies permission to promote a revision across a branch boundary. ■ PVCS_PROMOTE_XBRANCH
Grants permission to promote a revision across a branch boundary. |

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:
PVCS_E_ARCHIVE_NOT_FOUND
PVCS_E_FILE_BUSY
PVCS_E_LOCKED_REVISION
PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
PVCS_E_INVALID_PROMO
PVCS_E_NO_GROUP
PVCS_E_PROMOTE_XBRANCH

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

- | | |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Special Considerations | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ If <i>fileName</i> refers to a workfile, the program infers the archive name. If <i>fileName</i> contains wildcards, the program expands it according to the usual Version Manager rules. ■ If the specified promotion promotes a revision across a branch, and you don't specify one of the flags PVCS_PROMOTE_XBRANCH or PVCS_PROMOTE_NO_XBRANCH, PvcsPromoteRevision prompts for permission to promote across the branch. If you specify the PVCS_PROMOTE_NO_XBRANCH flag, PvcsPromoteRevision does not promote the revision across a branch, and returns PVCS_E_PROMOTE_XBRANCH. ■ This function replaces PvcsPromote. PvcsPromoteRevision is similar to PvcsPromote, but takes the <i>flags</i> argument. For compatibility with previous versions, Developer's Toolkit still supports PvcsPromote. |
|------------------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

Example `unsigned short grpCount = 1;`

```
char grpBuffer[512];
char *archive = "foo.c_v";
char *group = "SOFTDEV";
int status;

/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* See if group exists in archive */
status = PvcsGroupToRevision(ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN,
    archive, /* Name of archive or workfile */
    group, /* Promotion group */
    &grpCount, /* Returns number of pairs retrieved */
    grpBuffer, /* Buf that receives
                revision/group pairs */
    sizeof(grpBuffer)); /* Length of the buffer */

/* If so, then promote it */
if (status != PVCS_E_PROMO_NO_NODE)
    PvcsPromoteRevision(ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN,
        archive, /* Archive name */
        group, /* Group to promote */
        PVCS_PROMOTE_NO_XBRANCH); /* Don't promote across */
/* branch */
```

Related Functions [PvcsGetPromoParent on page 99](#)
[PvcsGroupToRevision on page 111](#)
[PvcsVerifyPromoTree on page 177](#)
[PvcsVerifyPromoTreeNodeExist on page 178](#)

Related Topics For more information, see the following topics in the *Serena PVCS Version Manager Command-Line Reference Guide*.

For information about...	See...
Promotion models	<i>Promotion</i>
Defining a promotion group	<i>Promote directive</i>
Promoting revisions	<i>VPROMOTE command</i>
Specifying archive and workfile names	<i>File Specification</i>

PvcsPutExtRevAttribute

This function associates an extended attribute with a revision, or modifies an existing extended attribute. Use extended attributes to attach free-form binary or text data to a revision. The attribute contains a user-defined keyword, which you can use to access the data at a later time.

Syntax `PvcsPutExtRevAttribute(`
 `ARCHIVEHANDLE hArchive, /* Input */`
 `unsigned char *fileName, /* Input */`
 `unsigned char *revarg, /* Input */`
 `unsigned char *extAttribute, /* Input */`

```
unsigned short extAttrCount)/ * Input */
```

Parameters

<i>hArchive</i>	Handle returned by PvcsOpenArchive . If the archive is not open, specify ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN.
<i>fileName</i>	Pointer to the name of an archive or a workfile. This parameter is required only if the archive is not open.
<i>revarg</i>	Pointer to a string that contains a revision number or version label. The function associates the extended attribute with this revision. If the version label begins with a number, precede it with a backslash (\). A null parameter defaults to the tip revision on the trunk.
<i>extAttribute</i>	Pointer to a buffer that contains an extended attribute. See below for the buffer format.
<i>extAttrCount</i>	The number of extended attribute records present.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:

PVCS_E_ACCESS_VIOLATION
 PVCS_E_ARCHIVE_NOT_FOUND
 PVCS_E_FILE_BUSY
 PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
 PVCS_E_USER_ABORTED

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Special Considerations

- If *fileName* refers to a workfile, the program infers the archive name. If *fileName* contains wildcards, the program expands it according to the usual Version Manager rules.
- The format of the *extAttribute* buffer is as follows:

<i>Length</i>
<i>Keyword</i>
<i>Null</i>
<i>User_data</i>

Length Two-byte unsigned value that is the length of the keyword and null terminator, plus the length of the user data. The length does not include the length field itself.

Keyword Null-terminated string that contains a user-defined keyword.

User_data Free-format data, which may be text or binary.

- The maximum length of the extended attribute record (including the length field) is 64K.
- If the extended attribute keyword already exists, this function replaces it. To avoid inadvertently replacing an attribute, call **PvcsGetExtRevAttribute** before using this function to verify that the attribute does not already exist.

Example `char *keyword = "BetaTextKey";`

```
char *userdata = "This Beta release was sent out to 500 customers \
as a precursor to the General Availability release.";
int extAttCount = 1;
char *archive = "foo.c_v";
char *revision = "Beta Release 1.0";
char getExtAttBuf[256];
char *bufPtr;
char *ptr;
int status;

/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* See if extended attribute keyword already exists */
status = PvcsGetExtRevAttribute(ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN,
    archive, revision, keyword, getExtAttBuf,
    sizeof(getExtAttBuf));

/* If keyword exists, indicate that user data will be replaced */
if (!status)
    printf("Replacing data for keyword \"%s\".\n", keyword);

/* Set up extended attribute buffer */
extAttBuf.length = strlen(keyword) + strlen(userdata) + 2;
strcpy(extAttBuf.data, keyword);
ptr = strchr(extAttBuf.data, '\\0');
strcpy(ptr + 1, userdata);
bufPtr = (char *)&extAttBuf;

/* Add extended attribute */
status = PvcsPutExtRevAttribute(ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN,
    archive,
    revision,
    bufPtr,
    extAttCount);
```

Related Functions [PvcsGetExtRevAttribute on page 93](#)
 [PvcsOpenArchive on page 129](#)

Related Topics For more information, see the following topics in the *Serena PVCS Version Manager Command-Line Reference Guide*.

For information about...

Specifying archive and workfile names

Specifying revision numbers

See...

File Specification

Revision Numbering

PvcsPutRevision

This function checks a new revision into an archive. It is equivalent to the PUT command.

Syntax `PvcsPutRevision(
 ARCHIVEHANDLE hArchive, /* Input */`

```

unsigned char *locker,/* Input */
unsigned char *fileName,/* Input */
unsigned char *workfileName,/* Input */
unsigned char *revarg,/* Input */
unsigned char *changeDescr,/* Input */
unsigned char *fileDesc,/* Input */
unsigned char *versionLabel,/* Input */
unsigned char *groupName,/* Input */
unsigned char *extAttribute,/* Input */
unsigned short extAttrCount,/* Input */
PVCS_FLAGS putFlags)/* Input */

```

Parameters

<i>hArchive</i>	Handle returned by PvcsOpenArchive . If the archive is not open, specify ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN.
<i>locker</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the user ID of the person who locked the revision. If this parameter is null, the function uses the current user ID. If the PVCS_PUT_RELOCK flag is set, the function relocks the revision using the same user ID.
<i>fileName</i>	Pointer to the name of an archive or a workfile. This parameter is required only if the archive is not open.
<i>workfileName</i>	Pointer to the name of a workfile. If this parameter is null, the function obtains the workfile name from the archive. If you specify a workfile name, then <i>fileName</i> must contain an archive name.
<i>revarg</i>	Pointer to a string that contains a revision number, which overrides the default revision numbering scheme. This parameter is equivalent to the PUT -R command.
<i>changeDescr</i>	<p>Pointer to a string that contains the description of the change. This parameter is equivalent to the PUT -M command.</p> <p><u>When the archive exists</u>, if the parameter is null or an empty string, the Toolkit prompts for a change description.</p> <p><u>When the archive does not exist</u>, if the parameter is an empty string, the Toolkit prompts for a change description.</p> <p><u>When the archive does not exist</u>, if the parameter is null, the Toolkit uses the "Initial Revision" for the change description.</p>
<i>fileDesc</i>	<p>Pointer to a string that contains the description of the workfile, used at initial check in only. This parameter is equivalent to the PUT -T command.</p> <p><u>When the archive exists</u> the <i>fileDesc</i> parameter is ignored.</p> <p><u>When the archive does not exist</u>, if the <i>fileDesc</i> parameter is null or an empty string, the Toolkit prompts for a file description.</p>
<i>versionLabel</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the version label to assign to the new revision. This parameter is equivalent to the PUT -V command.
<i>groupName</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the promotion group of the new revision. This parameter is equivalent to the PUT -G command.
<i>extAttribute</i>	Pointer to a buffer that contains an extended attribute record.

<i>extAttrCount</i>	The number of extended attribute records present. This field must contain 0 or 1.
<i>putFlags</i>	<p>Bit field that controls the operation of this function. Values include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ PVCS_PUT_AUTOCREATE Creates an archive before checking in the workfile, if one does not exist. This flag overrides the NoAutoCreate directive. ■ PVCS_PUT_BRANCH_VERS Makes <i>versionLabel</i> a floating version label. This flag is equivalent to the <i>-vfloating_version:*</i> variant of the PUT -V command. ■ PVCS_PUT_DELETE Deletes the workfile after check in. This flag overrides the NoDeleteWork directive. ■ PVCS_PUT_FORCE_BRANCH Creates a new branch. This flag is equivalent to the PUT -FB command. ■ PVCS_PUT_FORCE_PUT Checks in the file, even if it is unchanged. This flag is equivalent to the PUT -F command. ■ PVCS_PUT_KEEP_MSGFILE Does not delete the message file. This flag is equivalent to the NoDeleteMessageFile directive. ■ PVCS_PUT_NO_REPLACE_VERS Does not overwrite an existing version label. This flag is equivalent to the PUT -N command. ■ PVCS_PUT_NOAUTOCREATE Does not create an archive if one does not exist. ■ PVCS_PUT_NODELETE Does not delete the workfile. This flag is equivalent to the PUT -U command. ■ PVCS_PUT_NOFORCE_PUT Does not allow the workfile to be checked in if it is older than the parent, or is unchanged. ■ PVCS_PUT_NOPROMPT Suppresses prompts. If Version Manager requires input from the user to complete the operation, the function returns the error code PVCS_E_PROMPT, and the operation fails. ■ PVCS_PUT_NOWHITE Ignores leading and trailing white space when determining whether the file has changed. This flag is equivalent to the PUT -B command.

- PVCS_PUT_RELOCK
Checks the revision back out with a lock. This flag is equivalent to the PUT -L command.
- PVCS_PUT_REPLACE_VERS
Overwrites an existing version label. This flag is equivalent to the PUT -Y command.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:

PVCS_E_ACCESS_DENIED
PVCS_E_ACCESS_VIOLATION
PVCS_E_ARCHIVE_NOT_FOUND
PVCS_E_BAD_FILENAME
PVCS_E_FILE_BUSY
PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
PVCS_E_USER_ABORTED
PVCS_E_VERSION_EXISTS

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

- Special Considerations
- If *fileName* refers to a workfile, the program infers the archive name. If *fileName* contains wildcards, the program expands it according to the usual Version Manager rules.
 - Use the *workfileName* parameter when you are checking in a workfile with a different name than the name stored in the archive. This is equivalent to the following command-line example:

```
put inv.c_v(d:\temp\test.c)
```

In this example, *fileName* is INV.C_V and *workfileName* is D:\TEMP\TEST.C.

- Either the *changeDesc* or *fileDesc* parameter may contain *@fileName*, which causes the program to read the description from *fileName*. If either parameter is null, the program prompts the user for a description.
- If *versionLabel* already exists in the archive, the program prompts the user for permission to overwrite it, unless you use the PVCS_PUT_REPLACE_VERS or PVCS_PUT_NO_REPLACE_VERS flag.

Example

```
/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* Check in a revision, assign a version label, and check out */
/* the revision with a lock */
PvcsPutRevision(ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN,
  "DAVEE", /* User ID of locker */
  "foo.c_v", /* Archive name */
  NULL, /* Infer workfile name */
  NULL, /* Use default revision numbering scheme */
  "Fixed a killer bug.", /* Change description */
  NULL, /* Assume archive exists */
  "Beta Release 1.0", /* Version label to assign */
  NULL, /* Assume no promo hierarchy */
  NULL, /* Assume no ext rev attrib */
  0,
  PVCS_PUT_RELOCK); /* Check out with a lock */
```

Related Functions [PvcsGetRevision on page 100](#)
[PvcsOpenArchive on page 129](#)
[PvcsPutExtRevAttribute on page 132](#)

Related Topics For more information, see the following topics in the *Serena PVCS Version Manager Command-Line Reference Guide*.

For information about...**See...**

Checking revisions into archives

PUT command

Specifying archive and workfile names

File Specification

PvcsQueryAlias

This function returns the current value of an alias that was defined using **PvcsAddAlias**. This is equivalent to referencing an alias that has been defined by the Alias directive.

Syntax `PvcsQueryAlias(
 unsigned char *aliasName,/* Input */
 unsigned char *aliasValue,/* Output */
 unsigned short bufLen)/* Input */`

Parameters

<i>aliasName</i>	Pointer to the name of the alias to query.
<i>aliasValue</i>	Pointer to the buffer that is to contain the alias value.
<i>bufLen</i>	Length of the alias buffer.

Return Values This function returns zero if successful. Other values may be:
PVCS_E_BUFFER_OVERFLOW
PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
PVCS_E_NO_ALIAS

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Example

```
char *name = "SourceFiles";  
char *value = "alpha.c beta.c gamma.c";  
char aliasBuf[64];  
int status;  
  
/* Initialize configuration settings */  
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);  
  
/* Add an alias definition */  
PvcsAddAlias(  
    name, /* Alias name */  
    value); /* Alias value */  
  
/* Retrieve newly defined alias */  
status = PvcsQueryAlias(  
    name, /* Alias name */  
    aliasBuf, /* Buffer receiving alias value */
```

```

        sizeof(aliasBuf));/* Length of buffer */

    if (!status)
        printf("Alias name \"%s\" is defined to be \"%s\".\n", name,
            aliasBuf);

```

Related Function [PvcsAddAlias on page 50](#)

Related Topics For more information, see the following topics in the *Serena PVCS Version Manager Command-Line Reference Guide*.

For information about...

How to use aliases

See...

Using Aliases

PvcsQueryArchiveAccess

This function checks to determine if a user can perform an action on a specific archive.

Syntax `PvcsQueryArchiveAccess(`
 unsigned char **archive*,/* Input */
 unsigned char **user*,/* Input */
 char **privilege*, /* Input */
 int **pStatus*, /* Output */
 void **reserved*) /* Reserved */

Parameters

<i>archive</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the name of the archive.
<i>user</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the name of the user.
<i>privilege</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the name of the base privilege.
<i>pStatus</i>	The variable that receives the access status. A non-zero value indicates that the user has access.
<i>reserved</i>	Reserved for future use. Must be null.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:
 PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
 PVDS_E_UNKNOWN_USER

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Example

```

/* PvcsQueryArchiveAccess */
PVCS_PUCHAR szArchive=NULL;
PVCS_PUCHAR szUser=NULL;
char *szPrivilege="GETTIP";
int nAccessGranted=0;
int rc;

/* Initialize configuration settings */
rc = PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

```

```
/*
 * PvcsQueryArchiveAccess: this procedure checks the
 * access list internal to the archive and the access db to
 * see if the given user is allowed access
 * to the archive for the specified priv. nAccessGranted is 0
 * for denied, non-0 for granted.
 */

rc = PvcsQueryArchiveAccess(
    szArchive,
    szUser,
    szPrivilege,
    &nAccessGranted,
    NULL);
```

Related Function [PvcsChangeAccessList on page 57](#)

PvcsQueryConfiguration

This function reads a Version Manager configuration file and fills in the CONFIG structure. Call this function before calling other Serena PVCS Professional Suite functions if you want to use directives from a configuration file to control the operation of the functions. For details on the CONFIG structure, see [Chapter 5, "Data Structures"](#)

Syntax

```
PvcsQueryConfiguration(
    unsigned char *configFile,/* Input */
    CONFIG *pConfig, /* Output */
    unsigned short bufLen,/* Input */
    PVCS_FLAGS configFlags)/* Input */
```

Parameters

<i>configFile</i>	Pointer to the name of the configuration file to process. The file name cannot contain wildcards.
<i>pConfig</i>	Pointer to the CONFIG structure that receives the configuration data. You must be sure to pad extra space in the CONFIG structure to store string values (512 bytes). If <i>pConfig</i> is null, Developer's Toolkit does not return any data, although it still stores the values. The function reads and processes the configuration file, but does not require you to allocate a CONFIG structure.
<i>bufLen</i>	Variable that contains the length of the CONFIG data buffer.
<i>configFlags</i>	Bit field that controls the operation of this function. Values include: <ul style="list-style-type: none">■ PVCS_CONFIG_APPEND Appends the configuration settings to the current configuration.■ PVCS_CONFIG_MASTER_FILE Treats the specified file as the master configuration file. The function will not read any other master configuration file unless explicitly directed.

- PVCS_CONFIG_NO_MASTER
Does not read the master configuration file embedded into the DLL using VCONFIG.
- PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE
Sets the CONFIG structure to the default settings before processing the configuration file.
- PVCS_CONFIG_READ_MASTER
If you use VCONFIG to embed a master configuration file into the DLL, Developer's Toolkit reads it unconditionally before reading the specified file.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:
 PVCS_E_ACCESS_DENIED
 PVCS_E_ARCHIVE_NOT_FOUND
 PVCS_E_INVALID_CONFIG_PARM
 PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

- Special Considerations
- If you don't call this function, Developer's Toolkit ignores configuration files, and all directives retain their default values.
 - If you specify a null *pointer* for the *configFile* parameter, the function finds the default configuration file using the normal Version Manager rules. If you specify a null *string*, the function does not read a configuration file and sets the configuration structure to the default settings.
 - To process a second configuration file, set *configFlags* to PVCS_CONFIG_APPEND. This flag appends the second configuration file to the current configuration. If you don't use this flag, the function sets all directives to their defaults before reading the configuration file.

Example

```
#define CONFIG_PAD 1024
CONFIG *config;
int status;

/* Allocate buffer to hold configuration information */
config = (CONFIG *)malloc(sizeof(CONFIG) + CONFIG_PAD);

/* Process configuration file */
status = PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL,
    config,
    sizeof(CONFIG) + CONFIG_PAD,
    PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

if (!status) {
    printf("Quiet:                %s\n",
        config->quiet ? "on" : "off");
    printf("WriteProtect:            %s\n",
        config->wrtProtArchive ? "on" : "off");
    printf("CheckLock:                %s\n",
        config->checkLock ? "on" : "off");
    printf("BranchWarn:              %s\n",
        config->branchWarn ? "on" : "off");
    printf("IgnorePath:              %s\n",
        config->ignorePath ? "on" : "off");
}
```

```
printf("ForceUnlock:                %s\n",
      config->forceUnlock ? "on" : "off");
printf("AutoCreate:                %s\n",
      config->autoCreate ? "on" : "off");
printf("firstMatch:                %s\n",
      config->firstMatch ? "on" : "off");
printf("DeleteMessageFile:         %s\n",
      config->delMsgFile ? "on" : "off");
printf("Semaphore: Local            %s\n",
      config->semaphoreLocal ? "on" : "off");
printf("Semaphore: Network          %s\n",
      config->semaphoreNetwork ? "on" : "off");
printf("ArchiveWork:                %s\n",
      config->useArchiveWork ? "on" : "off");
printf("Signon:                    %s\n",
      config->signon ? "on" : "off");
printf("NoCase VCSID                %s\n",
      config->ignIDCase ? "on" : "off");
printf("Share Local                  %s\n",
      config->shareLocal ? "on" : "off");
printf("Share Network:               %s\n",
      config->shareNet ? "on" : "off");
printf("MemSwap:                    %s\n",
      config->memswap ? "on" : "off");
printf("Ctrlz:                      %s\n",
      config->ctrlz ? "on" : "off");
printf("NodeleteWork NoWriteProtect: %s\n",
      config->writable_workfile ? "on" : "off");
printf("AccessDB NoWriteProtect:     %s\n",
      config->writable_accessdb ? "on" : "off");
printf("SemaphoreRetry:              %s\n",
      config->semRetry ? "on" : "off");
printf("SemaphoreDelay:              %s\n",
      config->semDelay ? "on" : "off");
printf("DeleteWork:                  %s\n",
      config->delWork ? "on" : "off");
printf("MultiLock User:              %s\n",
      config->multiLockUser ? "on" : "off");
printf("MultiLock Revision:          %s\n",
      config->multiLockRev ? "on" : "off");
printf("ExclusiveLock:               %s\n",
      config->exclusiveLock ? "on" : "off");
printf("Vlogin:                      %s\n",
      config->vloginInt ? "on" : "off");
printf("Internal diagnostic level: %ld\n", config->diag);
printf("PathSeparator:              %c\n", config->pathSep);
printf("Translate:                  %s\n", config->translate);
printf("ArchivSuffix:                %s\n", config->archsuf);
printf("MessageSuffix:              %s\n", config->msgsuf);
printf("SemSuffix:                   %s\n", config->semsuf);
printf("DefaultVersion:             %s\n", config->defVers);
printf("BaseVersion:                 %s\n", config->baseVers);
printf("branchVersion:               %s\n", config->branchVers);
printf("SemaphoreDir:                %s\n", config->semDir);
printf("WorkDir:                     %s\n", config->workDir);
printf("ArchiveWork:                 %s\n", config->
```

```

        archiveWorkDir);
printf("VCSEdit:           %s\n", config->vcsEdit);
printf("VCSID:            %s\n", config->vcsid);
printf("Owner:            %s\n", config->owner);
printf("Journal:          %s\n", config->journal);
printf("Newline:           %s\n", config->newline);
printf("AccessDB:          %s\n", config->accessdb);
printf("ColumnMask:        %s\n", config->columnMask);
printf("Renumber:           %s\n", config->renum);
printf("VCSDIR:            %s\n", config->vcsdir);
printf("CompressWorkImage:  %s\n", config->compressImage);
printf("CompressDelta:       %s\n", config->compressDelta);
printf("RecordLength:        %s\n", config->recordLength);
printf("ExpandKeywords:      %s\n", config->expKeywords);
printf("Login:              %s\n", config->loginSource);

```

Related Functions [PvcsQueryConfigurationError on page 143](#)
[PvcsQueryConfigurationItem on page 144](#)

Related Topics For more information, see the following topics in the *Serena PVCS Version Manager Command-Line Reference Guide*.

For information about...	See...
Reading configuration files	<i>Configuration Files</i>
Default configuration settings	<i>Directives</i>

PvcsQueryConfigurationError

This function returns information about an error in configuration file processing.

Syntax `PvcsQueryConfigurationError(`
 unsigned char **pCfgFile*,/* Output */
 unsigned short *cfgFileLen*,/* Input */
 unsigned long *pLineNumber*,/* Output */
 unsigned char **pCfgLine*,/* Output */
 unsigned short *cfgLineLen*)/* Input */

Parameters

<i>pCfgFile</i>	Pointer to a buffer that receives the name of the configuration file that contained the error. If there was no error, the buffer contains a null string.
<i>cfgFileLen</i>	Length of the buffer receiving the file name.
<i>pLineNumber</i>	Pointer to a variable that receives the line number of the line that contained the error. If there was no error, the variable is set to zero.

<i>pCfgLine</i>	Pointer to a buffer that receives a copy of the line that contained the error. If there was no error, the buffer contains a null string.
<i>cfgLineLen</i>	Length of the buffer receiving the line that contains the error. The maximum length is 256.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Otherwise it returns PVCS_E_BUFFER_OVERFLOW. See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Example

```
CONFIG *config;
char *filename;
char *line;
long lineno;
int status;

/* Process configuration file */
config = (CONFIG *)malloc(sizeof(CONFIG) + CONFIG_PAD);
status = PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL,
    config,
    sizeof(CONFIG) + CONFIG_PAD,
    PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

if (status) {

/* Allocate buffers to hold configuration file name and line */
filename = malloc(256);
line = malloc(256);

/* Obtain information about error in configuration processing */
PvcsQueryConfigurationError(
    filename, /* Buffer receiving name of config file */
    256,      /* Length of buffer */
    &lineno, /* Variable receiving last line number */
    line,    /* Buffer receiving copy of last line */
    256);    /* Length of buffer */
    if (lineno)
        printf("Configuration error on line %ld of file
            %s:\n%s\n", lineno, filename, line);
}
```

Related Functions [PvcsGetErrorMessage on page 92](#)
[PvcsQueryConfiguration on page 140](#)

PvcsQueryConfigurationItem

This function returns the current value of a directive.

Syntax `PvcsQueryConfigurationItem(
 unsigned short itemType, /* Input */
 unsigned char *pCfgData, /* Output */
 unsigned short bufLen) /* Input */`

Parameters					
<i>itemType</i>	Variable that specifies which configuration directive to query. See <i>Directive Values</i> , below, for possible values.				
<i>pCfgData</i>	Pointer to a buffer that receives the requested value.				
<i>bufLen</i>	Variable that contains the length of the data buffer.				
Return Values	<p>The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values can be: PVCS_E_BUFFER_OVERFLOW PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER</p> <p>See Chapter 4, "Return Values" for descriptions of return values.</p>				
Special Consideration	This function does not read the configuration file. Call PvcsQueryConfiguration to read the configuration file and initialize the Developer's Toolkit internal copy of the configuration values.				
Example	<pre>char *vcmdir; /* Initialize configuration information */ PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE); /* Allocate buffer to hold VCSDir value */ vcmdir = malloc(256); /* Obtain VCSDir setting */ PvcsQueryConfigurationItem(PVCS_CFGITEM_VCSDIR, /* Configuration item identifier */ vcmdir, /* Buffer to receive config value */ 256); /* Length of buffer */ /* Display VCSDIR setting */ if (strlen(vcmdir)) printf("VCSDIR value is \"%s\".\n", vcmdir); else printf("VCSDIR is not set.\n");</pre>				
Related Function	PvcsQueryConfiguration on page 140				
Related Topics	For more information, see the following topics in the <i>Serena PVCS Version Manager Command-Line Reference Guide</i> .				
	<table><tr><td>For information about...</td><td>See...</td></tr><tr><td>Version Manager directives</td><td><i>Directives</i></td></tr></table>	For information about...	See...	Version Manager directives	<i>Directives</i>
For information about...	See...				
Version Manager directives	<i>Directives</i>				

Directive Values

The lists below show possible values for the *itemType* parameter and the directive to which each corresponds. It also shows the data type returned in the buffer, depending on the value of the *itemType* parameter. Parameters are grouped by the data type they return.

Boolean Values

If you specify one of the following *itemType* values, the returned buffer contains an unsigned short integer Boolean value.

Directive	Value for <i>itemType</i>
AccessDB NoWriteProtect	PVCS_CFGITEM_WRITABLE_ACCESSDB
AutoCreate	PVCS_CFGITEM_AUTOCREATE
BranchWarn	PVCS_CFGITEM_BRANCHWARN
CheckLock	PVCS_CFGITEM_CHECKLOCK
CtrlZ	PVCS_CFGITEM_CTRLZ
DeleteMessageFile	PVCS_CFGITEM_DELMMSGFILE
DeleteWork	PVCS_CFGITEM_DELWORK
ExclusiveLock	PVCS_CFGITEM_EXCLUSIVELOCK
FirstMatch	PVCS_CFGITEM_FIRSTMATCH
ForceUnlock	PVCS_CFGITEM_FORCEUNLOCK
IgnorePath	PVCS_CFGITEM_IGNOREPATH
MemSwap	PVCS_CFGITEM_MEMSWAP
MultiLock Revision	PVCS_CFGITEM_MULTILOCKREV
MultiLock User	PVCS_CFGITEM_MULTILOCKUSER
NoArchiveWork	PVCS_CFGITEM_NOLOGWORK
NoCase VCSID	PVCS_CFGITEM_IGNIDCASE
NoDeleteWork NoWriteProtect	PVCS_CFGITEM_WRITABLE_WORKFILE
Quiet	PVCS_CFGITEM_QUIET
ReferenceDir TrunkOnly	PVCS_CFGITEM_REFDIR_TRUNKONLY
ReferenceDir WriteProtect	PVCS_CFGITEM_REFDIR_WR_PROTECT
Screen	PVCS_CFGITEM_SCREEN
Screen Hercules	PVCS_CFGITEM_HERC_SCREEN
Share Local	PVCS_CFGITEM_SHARELOCAL
Share Network	PVCS_CFGITEM_SHARENET
SignOn	PVCS_CFGITEM_SIGNON
WriteProtect	PVCS_CFGITEM_WRTPROTARCHIVE

Integer Values

If you specify one of the following *itemType* values, the returned buffer contains an unsigned short integer value.

Directive	Value for <i>itemType</i>
Diagnostic	PVCS_CFGITEM_DIAG
Semaphore Local	PVCS_CFGITEM_SEMAPHORELOCAL

Semaphore Network	PVCS_CFGITEM_SEMAPHORENETWORK
SemaphoreDelay	PVCS_CFGITEM_SEMDELAY
SemaphoreRetry	PVCS_CFGITEM_SEMRETRY
VLogIn	PVCS_CFGITEM_VLOGININT

If you specify PVCS_CFGITEM_SEMAPHORELOCAL or PVCS_CFGITEM_SEMAPHORENETWORK, the value is an unsigned short integer that stands for one of the following:

PVCS_SEM_NONE	No semaphore
PVCS_SEM_FILE	File
PVCS_SEM_NETWARE	NetWare

Character Values

If you specify one of the following *itemType* values, the returned buffer contains a null-terminated character string. The maximum length is 256 bytes.

Directive	Value for <i>itemType</i>
AccessDB	PVCS_CFGITEM_ACCESSDB
AccessList	PVCS_CFGITEM_ACCESSLIST
ArchiveSuffix	PVCS_CFGITEM_ARCHSUF
ArchiveSuffix	PVDS_CFGITEM_ARCHSUFLIST
ArchiveWork	PVCS_CFGITEM_ARCHIVEWORKDIR
BaseVersion	PVCS_CFGITEM_BASEVERS
BranchVersion	PVCS_CFGITEM_BRANCHVERS
DefaultVersion	PVCS_CFGITEM_DEFVERS
Delta Delete	PVCS_CFGITEM_DELTA_DELETE
Delta Insert	PVCS_CFGITEM_DELTA_INSERT
Delta Replace	PVCS_CFGITEM_DELTA_REPLACE
Delta Seq	PVCS_CFGITEM_DELTA_SEQUENCE
EventTrigger	PVDS_CFGITEM_EVENTTRIGGER
Journal	PVCS_CFGITEM_JOURNAL
MessageSuffix	PVCS_CFGITEM_MSGSUF
Owner	PVCS_CFGITEM_OWNER
ReferenceDir	PVCS_CFGITEM_REFDIR
SemaphoreDir	PVCS_CFGITEM_SEMDIR
SemSuffix	PVCS_CFGITEM_SEMSUF
VCSDir	PVCS_CFGITEM_VCSDIR
VCSEdit	PVCS_CFGITEM_VCSEDIT
WorkDir	PVCS_CFGITEM_WORKDIR

Extension Values

Extensions are null-terminated strings and contain a leading period (.). A string that contains a single period indicates a directive that applies to files with no extension. The table is terminated by a null character. If there are no extensions for the *itemType* value, the list contains a single null character. For example, the list might contain:

```
.c<null>.h<null>.asm<null><null>
```

If you specify one of the following *itemType* values, the returned buffer contains a list of extensions for the corresponding directive.

Directive	Value for <i>itemType</i>
CompressDelta	PVCS_CFGITEM_COMPRESSDELTA
CompressWorkImage	PVCS_CFGITEM_COMPRESSIMAGE
ExpandKeywords	PVCS_CFGITEM_EXPKEYWORDS
NoCompressDelta	PVCS_CFGITEM_NOCOMPRESSDELTA
NoCompressWorkImage	PVCS_CFGITEM_NOCOMPRESSIMAGE
NoExpandKeywords	PVCS_CFGITEM_NOEXPKEYWORDS
NoTranslate	PVCS_CFGITEM_NOTRANSLATE
Translate	PVCS_CFGITEM_TRANSLATE

Extension/String Values

Extensions are null-terminated strings that contain a leading period (.). The table is terminated by a null character. If there are no extensions for the *itemType* value, the list contains a single null character. For example, the list for PVCS_CFGITEM_COMMENTPREFIX might contain:

```
.c<null>*<null>.bat<null>REM<null>.asm<null>; <null><null>
```

The following values for *itemType* return a list of extension/string value pairs. This type of directive assigns a different string value to each extension.

Directive	Value for <i>itemType</i>
ArchiveSuffix	PVCS_CFGITEM_ARCHSUFLIST
CommentPrefix	PVCS_CFGITEM_COMMENTPREFIX
NewLine	PVCS_CFGITEM_NEWLINE
RecordLength	PVCS_CFGITEM_RECORDLENGTH

Special Values

If you specify one of the following *itemType* values, the returned buffer contains a special value as described.

Directive	Value for <i>itemType</i>
Alias	PVCS_CFGITEM_ALIAS Returns a list of aliases defined by the Alias directive. The format of the list is a series of strings of the form <i>name=value</i> . Each element of the list is followed by a null character, and the list is terminated by a null character. If the list is empty, the list contains a single null character. This list contains only aliases defined by the Alias directive. There is currently no way to get a list of aliases defined on the command line or by environment variables. However, you can obtain the value for specific names by calling PvcsQueryAlias .
ColumnMask	PVCS_CFGITEM_COLUMNMASK Returns a list of extension/value pairs. The value is a null-terminated string with the following format: start_column-end_column, start_column-end_column For example: .cob<null>1-6, 73-80<null><null>
Disallow	PVCS_CFGITEM_DISALLOW Returns a list of directives that have been disallowed using the Disallow directive in the master configuration file. Each directive is a null-terminated string, and the list is terminated by a null character. For example: SEMAPHORE<null>LOGIN<null><null>
EventTrigger	PVCS_CFGITEM_EVENTTRIGGER Returns a sequence of pairs where the first string is an event name, and the second is the event command line (if it is registered). Each group is a null-terminated string, and the list is terminated by a null pointer. No event triggers are registered in the following example. AllEvents\0\QPrePut\0\0 ... PrePromote \0\0PreVersionLabel\0\0\0
ExpandKeywordsTouch	PVCS_CFGITEM_EXPANDKEYWORDS_TOUCH Returns a Boolean value that indicates the setting of the ExpandKeywords Touch directive. Zero indicates that the NoTouch option is in effect, which means that the timestamp of the workfile will not be updated if there are keywords in the workfile.
LogIn	PVCS_CFGITEM_LOGINSOURCE Returns a comma-separated list of login sources, terminated by a null character. For example: netware,vcsid,unknown<null>
PathSeparator	PVCS_CFGITEM_PATHSEP Returns a single character.

Directive	Value for <i>itemType</i>
Promote	PVCS_CFGITEM_PROMOTE Returns the promotion pairs <i>from_group</i> and <i>to_group</i> . Each group is a null-terminated string, and the list is terminated by a null. For example: Dev<null>QA<null>QA<null>Prod<null><null>
Renumber	PVCS_CFGITEM_RENUM Returns a list of extension/value pairs. The value is a null-terminated string in the following format: start_column-end_column from start_value by step For example: .cob<null>1-6 from 10 by 10<null><null>
VCSDir	PVCS_CFGITEM_VCSDIR Returns a semicolon-separated list of archive directories.
VCSDir	PVCS_CFGITEM_VCSDIR_REFDIR Returns a semicolon-separated list of archive directories. Unlike the string returned by PVCS_CFGITEM_VCSDIR, this string contains the reference directory name, if any. For example: J:\proj1\arc(j:\proj1\source);J:\proj2 \archives

PvcsQueryUserAccess

This function checks a user's privileges for a specific action. It does not verify the user's access privileges to an archive.

Syntax `PvcsQueryUserAccess(
 unsigned char *userName, /* Input */
 char *privilege, /* Input */
 int *pStatus, /* Output */
 void *reserved) /* Reserved */`

Parameters

<i>userName</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the name of the user.
<i>privilege</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the base privilege.
<i>pStatus</i>	The variable that receives the privilege status. A non-zero value indicates that the user has the privilege.
<i>reserved</i>	Reserved for future use. Must be null.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:

PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
PVCS_E_UNKNOWN_USER
PVCS_E_UNKNOWN_PRIVILEGE

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

```

Example  int status;
         unsigned char *userName = "DAVEE";
         char *privilege = "GETTIP";
         int status;
         void *reserved = (void *)0;

         /* Initialize configuration settings */
         PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

         /* See if user has permission to perform an operation */
         status = PvcsQueryUserAccess(
             userName, /* Name of user */
             privilege, /* Name of privilege */
             &status, /* Receives privilege status */
             reserved); /* Reserved for future use */

         if (!status && pStatus)
             printf("User \"%s\" has permission to perform \"%s\".\n",
                 userName, privilege);

```

Related Functions [PvcsLogin on page 122](#)
[PvcsGetUserInfo on page 110](#)
[PvcsIsUserInDatabase on page 114](#)

PvcsQueryVconfigItem

This function returns the current value of a VCONFIG setting.

```

Syntax  PvcsQueryVconfigItem(
         unsigned char *DLLName, /* Input */
         unsigned short itemCode, /* Input */
         unsigned char *pVcfgData, /* Output */
         unsigned short bufLen) /* Input */

```

Parameters

- | | |
|-----------------|--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>DLLName</i> | <p>Pointer to a string that specifies the configured DLL file:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ Windows: VMWFVC.DLL <p>The file name cannot contain wildcards. If <i>DLLName</i> is a null pointer, then the default DLL file name is used. If it is a null string, then Developer's Toolkit returns an error.</p> |
| <i>itemCode</i> | <p>The variable that specifies which item to query. Values include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ PVCS_VCFGITEM_ACCESS_DB
Specifies the access control database. ■ PVCS_VCFGITEM_MASTER_CFG_FILE
Specifies the master configuration file. ■ PVCS_VCFGITEM_USER_ID_SOURCE
Specifies the user identification source. ■ PVCS_VCFGITEM_LANGUAGE
Specifies the default language. |

	<ul style="list-style-type: none">■ <code>PVCS_VCFGITEM_MSG_FILE</code> Specifies the path to the message file.■ <code>PVCS_VCFGITEM_LOCALE_FILE</code> Specifies the path to the locale file.
<code>pVcfgData</code>	Pointer to the buffer that receives the configuration value. This buffer contains a null-terminated character string. If this value is not set, then the buffer contains a null string.
<code>bufLen</code>	Length of the data buffer.
Return Values	The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be: <code>PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER</code> <code>PVCS_E_BUFFER_OVERFLOW</code> <code>PVCS_E_BAD_SERIAL_NUMBER</code> <code>PVCS_E_CANT_OPEN_VCONFIG_FILE</code> <code>PVCS_E_BAD_VCONFIG_FILE</code> See Chapter 4, "Return Values" for descriptions of return values.
Special Consideration	Note that under UNIX, the <code>DLL_Name</code> parameter is <code>library</code> .
Example	<pre>/* Initialize configuration information */ PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE); /* Allocate buffer to hold master configuration file name */ master_cfg = malloc(256); /* Obtain master configuration file name */ PvcsQueryVconfigItem((char *)0, /* Use default name */ PVCS_VCFGITEM_MASTER_CFG_FILE, /* VCONFIG item id */ master_cfg, /* VCONFIG value */ 256); /* Length of buffer */ /* Display master configuration file name */ if (strlen((char *)master_cfg)) printf("Master configuration file is \"%s\".\n", master_cfg); else printf("Master configuration file not set.\n");</pre>
Related Function	PvcsVconfig on page 175

PvcsReadDB

This function displays records from an access control database. It is equivalent to the READDB command and requires the ViewAccessDB privilege.

Syntax	<pre>PvcsReadDB(unsigned char *<i>databaseName</i>, /* Input */ unsigned char *<i>listFile</i>, /* Input */ void *<i>reserved</i>, /* Input */ PVCS_FLAGS <i>flags</i>) /* Input */</pre>
--------	------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

Parameters

<i>databaseName</i>	Pointer to a string containing the name of the access control database. If this parameter is null, then it reads the file name that was embedded by the VCONFIG -A command or specified by the AccessDB directive.
<i>listFile</i>	Pointer to a string containing the name of the output file.
<i>reserved</i>	Reserved for future use. Must be null.
<i>flags</i>	Bit field that controls the operation of this function. Value includes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ PVCS_READDB_DISPLAY_PASSWORD Displays all passwords in the database.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:

PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
PVCS_E_FILE_NOT_FOUND

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Example

```
int status;
char *databaseName = "access.db";
char *listFile = "access.txt";
void *reserved = (void *)0;
FILE *stream;
char line[128];

/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* Create access control database */
status = PvcsReadDB(
    databaseName, /* Name of access control database */
    listFile, /* Name of output text file */
    reserved, /* Reserved for future use */
    0); /* Do not write passwords to text file */

if (!status) {
    printf("Contents of \"%s\":\n", listFile);
    stream = fopen(listFile, "r");
    while (fgets(line, sizeof(line), stream) != NULL)
        printf("%s", line);
    fclose(stream);
}
```

Related Functions

[PvcsAccessCloseDB on page 22](#)
[PvcsAccessOpenDB on page 40](#)
[PvcsMakeDB on page 123](#)

Related Topics

For more information, see the following topics in the *Serena PVCS Version Manager Command-Line Reference Guide*.

For information about...

Viewing the access control database

See...

READDB command

PvcsRedirectOutput

This function redirects standard output and standard error messages to a file.

Syntax `PvcsRedirectOutput(
 unsigned char *fileName, /* Input */
 PVCS_FLAGS flags) /* Input */`

Parameters

- | | |
|-----------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>fileName</i> | Pointer to a string containing the name of an output file. This file will be overwritten if it already exists. |
| <i>flags</i> | Bit field that controls the operation of this function. Values include: <ul style="list-style-type: none">■ PVCS_REDIR_STDOUT
Redirects messages that go to the standard output device. This includes most processing messages.■ PVCS_REDIR_STDERR
Redirects messages that go to the standard error device. This includes the sign-on message and all error messages. |

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:

PVCS_E_BAD_REDIRECT
PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Special Consideration You can use the flags PVCS_REDIR_STDOUT and PVCS_REDIR_STDERR together to redirect all messages to the same file.

Example

```
int status;  
  
/* Keep a log of error messages */  
PvcsRedirectOutput("error.log", PVCS_REDIR_STDERR);  
  
/* Turn off screen output to silence PvcsQueryConfiguration */  
PvcsRedirectOutput("nul", PVCS_REDIR_STDOUT);  
  
/* Process configuration file */  
status = PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL,  
    NULL,  
    0,  
    PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);  
  
/* If no error, turn screen output back on */  
if (!status)  
    PvcsRedirectOutput("con", PVCS_REDIR_STDOUT);  
/* Program would continue on from here */
```

Related Functions [PvcsQueryConfigurationError on page 143](#)
[PvcsGetErrorMessage on page 92](#)
[PvcsInit on page 113](#)
[PvcsSetGlobalParameter on page 168](#)
[PvcsDiagnosticEnable on page 68](#)

PvcsRegisterCallback

This function registers a callback function that Developer's Toolkit calls when an event occurs during Version Manager processing. The parameter list passed to your callback function varies depending on the type of callback.

Syntax **For Microsoft C users:**

```
PvcsRegisterCallback(
    int callbackType, /* Input */
    int (PVCS_CALLBACK *function)()) /* Input */
```

For IBM C Set users:

```
PvcsRegisterCallback(
    int callbackType, /* Input */
    int (* PVCS_CALLBACK function)()) /* Input */
```

For Visual C++ users:

```
PvcsRegisterCallback(
    callbackType, /* Input */
    (int (__cdecl *) (void)) function)
```

Parameters



NOTE The syntax for each specific callback type is explained in detail later in this section.

callbackType

Integer that specifies the callback function identified in the header file. Values include:

- PVCS_CALLBACK_CFG_ALIASREF
Calls the callback function when **PvcsQueryConfiguration** encounters an alias referenced in a configuration file.
- PVCS_CALLBACK_CFG_CONDITION
Calls the callback function when **PvcsQueryConfiguration** encounters a conditional construct. This callback function is invoked no more than once per configuration file.
- PVCS_CALLBACK_CFG_INCLUDE
Calls the callback function when **PvcsQueryConfiguration** encounters an INCLUDE (or @) directive.
- PVCS_CALLBACK_CHGDESC
Calls the callback function that Developer's Toolkit calls to retrieve a change description.
- PVCS_CALLBACK_CONFIG
Calls the callback function for each line processed in the configuration file.
- PVCS_CALLBACK_CONFIRM
Calls the callback function when a Yes/No response is required for a particular event.
- PVCS_CALLBACK_DELAY
Calls the callback function that indicates when a file is in use, and that it has entered a semaphore delay/retry loop.

- **PVCS_CALLBACK_FREEMEM**
Calls the callback function that indicates when a buffer, supplied by your application, has finished processing.
- **PVCS_CALLBACK_NO_DIRECTORY**
Calls the callback function if a nonexistent directory is encountered as a directive parameter while processing the configuration file. This callback gives your application the opportunity to create the directory. If you create the directory, your function should return zero.
- **PVCS_CALLBACK_WORKDESC**
Calls the callback function that Developer's Toolkit calls (**PvcsCreateArchive** or **PvcsPutRevision**) to retrieve a workfile description.
- **PVCS_CALLBACK_YIELD**
Calls the callback function at frequent intervals during processing to yield control to the operating system.

function Pointer to the function that Developer's Toolkit calls when the callback event occurs. The function type is PVCS_CALLBACK, which is defined in PVCS.H.

Return Value The return value is zero if the function is successful. Otherwise it returns PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER. See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Special Considerations

- Your callback function should return zero if you want Developer's Toolkit to continue execution. If the function returns a non-zero value, the Developer's Toolkit stops processing and returns PVCS_E_USER_ABORTED.
- When calling this function from a DLL, disable stack checking on callback functions. To disable stack checking using the Microsoft C compiler, use either the /Gs compiler option, or the check_stack pragma.

PVCS_CALLBACK_CFG_ALIASREF

This callback type registers a function that Developer's Toolkit calls when **PvcsQueryConfiguration** encounters an alias in the configuration file. This callback is invoked at most once per configuration file.

Syntax

```
int PVCS_CALLBACK PvcsCallbackCfgAliasRef(
    char *configFile) /* Input */
```

Parameter

configFile Pointer to a string that contains the name of the configuration file that is being processed. This is the name of the file that contains the alias reference.

Return Value This function should return PVCS_OK or PVCS_CANCEL. Developer's Toolkit terminates the operation if you return PVCS_CANCEL.

PVCS_CALLBACK_CFG_CONDITION

This callback type registers a function that Developer's Toolkit calls when **PvcsQueryConfiguration** encounters a conditional construct. This callback is invoked at most once per configuration file.

Syntax `int PVCS_CALLBACK PvcsCallbackCfgConditional(
 unsigned char *configFile)//* Input */`

Parameter

configFile Pointer to a string that contains the name of the configuration file that is being processed. This is the name of the file that contains the conditional construct.

Return Value This function should return *PVCS_OK* or *PVCS_CANCEL*. Developer's Toolkit terminates the operation if you return *PVCS_CANCEL*.

PVCS_CALLBACK_CFG_INCLUDE

This callback type registers a function that Developer's Toolkit calls when **PvcsQueryConfiguration** encounters an INCLUDE (or @) directive.

Syntax `int PVCS_CALLBACK PvcsCallbackCfgInclude(
 char *configFile,/* Input */
 char *includeFile,/* Input */
 int includeLevel,/* Input */
 void *reserved) /* Reserved */`

Parameters

configFile Pointer to a string that contains the name of the configuration file that is being processed. This is the name of the file that contains the INCLUDE directive.

includeFile Pointer to a string that contains the name of the file that is being included.

includeLevel Integer that contains the number of include nesting levels.

reserved Reserved for future use; must be null.

Return Value This function should return *PVCS_OK* or *PVCS_CANCEL*. Developer's Toolkit terminates the operation if you return *PVCS_CANCEL*.

PVCS_CALLBACK_CHGDESC

This callback type registers a function that Developer's Toolkit (**PvcsPutRevision**) calls to retrieve a change description from your application.

Syntax `int PVCS_CALLBACK PvcsCallbackChgDesc(
 char *workfileName,/* Input */
 char *archiveName,/* Input */
 char **ppDescription,/* Input */
 void *reserved) /* Reserved */`

Parameters

<i>workfileName</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the name of the workfile.
<i>archiveName</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the name of the archive.
<i>ppDescription</i>	Pointer to a pointer to a buffer that contains the workfile description. Your program supplies the buffer and indirectly updates the pointer.
<i>reserved</i>	Reserved for future use; must be null.

Return Value This function should return PVCS_OK or PVCS_CANCEL. Developer's Toolkit terminates the operation if you return PVCS_CANCEL.

PVCS_CALLBACK_CONFIG

This callback type registers a function that Developer's Toolkit (**PvcsQueryConfiguration**) calls to retrieve configuration information. In most cases, Developer's Toolkit calls your callback function once for each line that it reads. However, no callbacks exist for conditional constructs (for example, %if) or the following directives:

Abort
Echo
End
EndMaster
Include

Some directives apply to two configuration items. For example, the MultiLock directive is equivalent to MultiLock User and MultiLock Revision. The following directives generate two callbacks:

Multilock	PVCS_CFGITEM_MULTILOCKUSER PVCS_CFGITEM_MULTILOCKREV
Semaphore	PVCS_CFGITEM_SEMAPHORELOCAL PVCS_CFGITEM_SEMAPHORENETWORK
Compress	PVCS_CFGITEM_COMPRESSIMAGE PVCS_CFGITEM_COMPRESSDELTA
Share	PVCS_CFGITEM_SHARELOCAL PVCS_CFGITEM_SHARENET

Syntax

```
int PVCS_CALLBACK ConfigCallbackFunction
    int configItemType, /* PVCS_CFGITEM_... */
    char *configLine, /* Copy of the line */
    char *configFileName, /* Name of config file */
    unsigned configLineNumber) /* Line number in file */
```

Parameters

<i>configItemType</i>	Variable that specifies the configuration item type.
<i>configLine</i>	Pointer to a buffer that receives a copy of a line in the configuration file.

<i>configFileName</i>	Pointer to the name of the configuration file.
<i>configLineNumber</i>	Pointer to a buffer that receives the line number in the configuration file.

Return Value This function should return PVCS_YES, PVCS_NO, or PVCS_CANCEL. Developer's Toolkit terminates the operation if you return PVCS_CANCEL.

Related Function [PvcsQueryConfigurationItem on page 144](#)

PVCS_CALLBACK_CONFIRM

This callback type registers a function that Developer's Toolkit calls when it requires a Yes/No response to a particular event.

Syntax

```
int PVCS_CALLBACK PvcsCallbackConfirm(
    char *promptString, /* Input */
    int category,       /* Input */
    char void *reserved) /* Reserved */
```

Parameters

<i>promptString</i>	Pointer to a string that is the message prompt provided by Developer's Toolkit. For example, this string might be: "A writable \"test.c\" exists."
<i>category</i>	Integer that identifies the category of the prompt (list below).
<i>reserved</i>	Reserved for future use; must be null.

Return Value This function should return PVCS_YES, PVCS_NO, or PVCS_CANCEL. Developer's Toolkit terminates the operation if you return PVCS_CANCEL.

Prompt Categories

The *category* parameter identifies the type of prompt. The following table lists the categories and the *promptString* parameters associated with each:

Category	Prompt String
PVCS_CONFIRM_DELETE_BRANCH	Delete branch "branchRevisionNumber" from archive?
PVCS_CONFIRM_DELETE_REVISION	Delete revision "revision1" from archive?
PVCS_CONFIGRM_DELETE_REVISIONS	Delete revisions "revision1" to "revision2" from archive?
PVCS_CONFIRM_MRG_OVERWRITE	Output file "workfile" exists, overwrite?
PVCS_CONFIRM_OVERWRITE_ARCHIVE	Archive "archive" exists. Overwrite?
PVCS_CONFIRM_LOCK_BRANCHWARN	Locking "archive" rev revision would cause a branch when checked in, get anyway?
PVCS_CONFIRM_OVERWRITE_WORK	A writable "workfile" exists, get anyway?
PVCS_CONFIRM_REUSE_COMMENT	Use previous comment for file "archive"?
PVCS_CONFIRM_PUT_UNCHANGED	Workfile "workfile" unchanged, put anyway?

Category	Prompt String
PVCS_CONFIRM_REPLACE_VERSION	Version "version" is already defined in archive "archive". Overwrite?
PVCS_CONFIRM_PUT_OLDER	Workfile "workfile" is older than its parent, put anyway?
PVCS_CONFIRM_MULTILOCK	Rev "revision1" in archive "archive" already locked. Apply additional lock?"
PVCS_CONFIRM_REPLACE_GROUP	Group "promotionGroup" is already defined in archive " <i>archive</i> ". Overwrite?
PVCS_CONFIRM_BREAKLOCK	Unlock anyway?
PVCS_CONFIRM_PROMOTE_XBRANCH	Promoting "archive" from "group1" to "group2" will cross a branch boundary, has a merge been run?

PVCS_CALLBACK_DELAY

This callback type registers a function that Developer's Toolkit calls when a file is in use, and it has entered a semaphore delay/retry loop. This callback can display the number of remaining retries or cancel the operation.



NOTE Developer's Toolkit invokes this callback when a semaphore exists. The configuration file specifies the number of retry attempts (**SemaphoreRetry**), and the amount of time to delay between attempts (**SemaphoreDelay**).

Syntax `PvcsCallbackDelay(
 char *fileName, /* Input */
 int attemptsRemaining, /* Input */
 void *reserved) /* Reserved */`

Parameters

<i>fileName</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the name of the file in use.
<i>attemptsRemaining</i>	Integer that contains the number of remaining retries.
<i>reserved</i>	Reserved for future use; must be null.

Return Values This function should return PVCS_OK or PVCS_CANCEL. Developer's Toolkit terminates the operation if you return PVCS_CANCEL.

PVCS_CALLBACK_FREEMEM

This callback type registers a function that Developer's Toolkit calls when it finishes processing a buffer that was supplied by your application. For example, the PVCS_CALLBACK_CHGDESC callback returns a pointer to a buffer that contains the change description. Developer's Toolkit calls the PVCS_CALLBACK_FREEMEM function to notify your program that it can free memory associated with the buffer.

Syntax `PvcsCallbackFreeMem(
 char *pAllocateMemory, /* Input */
 void *reserved) /* Input */`

Special Considerations Developer's Toolkit calls PVCS_CALLBACK_FREEMEM when it finishes processing the description buffer (*ppDescription*). It doesn't call the PVCS_CALLBACK_FREEMEM function if you didn't register one.

Parameters

pAllocateMemory Pointer to memory allocated by your program.
reserved Must be null; reserved for future use.

Return Value This function should return PVCS_OK or PVCS_CANCEL. Developer's Toolkit terminates the operation if you return PVCS_CANCEL.

PVCS_CALLBACK_WORKDESC

This callback type registers a function that Developer's Toolkit (**PvcsCreateArchive** or **PvcsPutRevision**) calls to retrieve a workfile description.

Syntax

```
PvcsCallbackWorkDesc(
    char *workfileName, /* Input */
    char *archiveName, /* Input */
    char **ppDescription, /* Input */
    void *reserved) /* Reserved */
```

Parameters

workfileName Pointer to a string that contains the name of the workfile.
archiveName Pointer to a string that contains the name of the archive.
ppDescription Pointer to a pointer to a buffer that contains the workfile description. Your program supplies the buffer and indirectly updates the pointer.
reserved Reserved for future use; must be null.

Return Value This function should return PVCS_OK or PVCS_CANCEL. Developer's Toolkit terminates the operation if you return PVCS_CANCEL.

PVCS_CALLBACK_NO_DIRECTORY

Developer's Toolkit calls this callback function if it detects a nonexistent directory as a directive parameter while processing the configuration file. The following directives can trigger this callback:

```
ArchiveWorkPVCS_CFGITEM_ARCHIVWORKDIR
WorkDir PVCS_CFGITEM_WORKDIR
SemaphoreDirPVCS_CFGITEM_SEMDIR
VCSDir PVCS_CFGITEM_VCSDIR
```

Syntax

```
int PVCS_CALLBACK NoDirectoryCallbackFunction(
    int configItemType, /* PVCS_CFGITEM_... */
    char *path) /* Directory path */
```

Parameters

<i>configItemType</i>	Variable that identifies the configuration item.
<i>path</i>	Pointer to a string that identifies the path to the directory.

Return Value This function should return PVCS_OK or PVCS_CANCEL. Developer's Toolkit terminates the operation if you return PVCS_CANCEL.

PVCS_CALLBACK_YIELD

This callback type calls the callback function at frequent intervals during processing to yield central control to the operating system.

Syntax int PVCS_CALLBACK YieldCallbackFunction(void)

Example

```
/* Register a "yield" function */
PvcsRegisterCallback(
    PVCS_CALLBACK_YIELD, /* Callback func identifier */
    callbackYield); /* Function to call */

/* Register a "config" function */
PvcsRegisterCallback(
    PVCS_CALLBACK_CONFIG, /* Callback func identifier */
    callbackConfig); /* Function to call */

/* Register a "no directory" function */
PvcsRegisterCallback(
    PVCS_CALLBACK_NO_DIRECTORY, /* Callback func identifier */
    callbackNoDirectory); /* Function to call */

/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);
.
.
.
}

#pragma check_stack(off)
/* When calling functions from a DLL, you */
/* must disable stack checking. Microsoft C */
/* provides this pragma to disable stack checking. */

/*
 * Callback function that is called at frequent intervals.
 */
static int PVCS_CALLBACK callbackYield(void)
{
    static int timesCalled = 0;
    int status = 0;
    printf("Yield callback: %d\n", ++timesCalled);
    return status;
}

/*
 * Callback func called during configuration file processing.
 */
```

```

    */
    static int PVCS_CALLBACK callbackConfig(int itemType,
        char *cfgLine, char *fileName, unsigned lineNum)
    {
        int status = 0;
        printf("Config callback: %2d: %s (%u) \"%s\"\n",
            itemType, fileName, lineNum, cfgLine);
        return status;
    }

    /*
    * Callback function that is called during configuration file
    * processing if a directive specifies a nonexistent
    * directory.
    */
    static int PVCS_CALLBACK callbackNoDirectory(int itemType, char *path)
    {
        int answer;
        int status = 0;
        printf("NoDirectory callback: directory \"%s\" does
            not exist.\n", path);
        printf("\tCreate? (y/n) ");
        answer = getche();
        printf("\n");
        if (answer == 'n')
            status = 1; /* Abort processing */
        else
            mkdir(path); /* Create dir and continue */
        return status;
    }

    #pragma check_stack() /* Enable stack checking */

```

Related Functions [PvcsQueryConfigurationItem on page 144](#)
[PvcsRegisterBuildCallback on page 190](#)

PvcsRegisterEvent

This function registers an event trigger. Once registered, Developer's Toolkit executes the event trigger whenever its associated event occurs during run time.

Syntax `PvcsRegisterEvent(
 int eventID, /* Input */
 int eventTriggerType, /* Input */
 unsigned char *triggerInfo) /* Input */`

Parameters

<i>eventID</i>	Integer that identifies the event that triggers this handler. Values include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ PVCS_EVENT_ALL_EVENTS Registers a trigger that is executed whenever any event occurs.
----------------	--------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

- **PVCS_EVENT_UNCOND_PRE_PUT**
Registers a trigger that is executed before a new revision is checked in and when the workfile has not yet been read by Version Manager.
- **PVCS_EVENT_PRE_PUT**
Registers a trigger that is executed before a new revision is checked in.
- **PVCS_EVENT_POST_PUT**
Registers a trigger that is executed after a revision is checked in.
- **PVCS_EVENT_PRE_GET**
Registers a trigger that is executed before a workfile is checked out.
- **PVCS_EVENT_POST_GET**
Registers a trigger that is executed after a workfile is checked out.
- **PVCS_EVENT_POST_JOURNAL**
Registers a trigger that is executed after an entry is written to the journal file (Journal directive in effect).
- **PVCS_EVENT_PRE_PROMOTE**
Registers a trigger that is executed before a revision is promoted.
- **PVCS_EVENT_POST_PROMOTE**
Registers a trigger that is executed after a revision is promoted.
- **PVCS_EVENT_PRE_VERSION_LABEL**
Registers a trigger that is executed before a version label is applied.
- **PVCS_EVENT_POST_VERSION_LABEL**
Registers a trigger that is executed after a version label is applied.
- **PVCS_EVENT_PRE_LOCK**
Registers a trigger that is executed before a revision is locked.
- **PVCS_EVENT_POST_LOCK**
Registers a trigger that is executed after a revision is locked.
- **PVCS_EVENT_PRE_UNLOCK**
Registers a trigger that is executed before a revision is unlocked.
- **PVCS_EVENT_POST_UNLOCK**
Registers a trigger that is executed after a revision is unlocked.
- **PVCS_EVENT_PRE_CREATE_ARCHIVE**
Registers a trigger that is executed before a new archive is created.

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ PVCS_EVENT_POST_CREATE_ARCHIVE Registers a trigger that is executed after a new archive is created.
<i>eventTriggerType</i>	Identifies the type of event trigger. It can be an executable or batch file command line. PVCS_EVENT_TYPE_UNKNOWN PVCS_EVENT_TYPE_CMDLINE
<i>triggerInfo</i>	Pointer to a string that contains the name of the executable.
Return Value	The return value is zero if the function is successful. Otherwise you can receive PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER. See Chapter 4, "Return Values" for descriptions of return values.
Special Considerations	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ You can register only one trigger for each <i>eventID</i>. If you try to register a trigger for an event that already has a trigger registered, it replaces the first trigger. ■ Remember that if you register an event using the PVCS_EVENT_ALL_EVENTS flag, it registers a trigger that is executed whenever <i>any</i> event occurs.
Example	<pre>char *theCmdLine = "build -f myevent.bld"; /* Register an event. */ PvcsRegisterEvent(PVCS_EVENT_POST_PUT, PVCS_EVENT_TYPE_CMDLINE, (PVCS_PUCHAR)theCmdLine); /* At this point you might do any other processing. * When a check-in action occurs, theCmdLine will be executed, * causing the build script MYEVENT.BLD to be executed. */ /* At program completion (or earlier) you should unregister * all events that you registered */ PvcsUnRegisterEvent(PVCS_EVENT_POST_PUT);</pre>
Related Functions	PvcsUnRegisterEvent on page 173 PvcsQueryConfigurationItem on page 144

PvcsReportDifferences

This function compares two files or revisions and reports the differences between them. It is equivalent to the VDIFF command.

Syntax `PvcsReportDifferences(`
`ARCHIVEHANDLE hArchive,/* Input */`
`unsigned char *refFile,/* Input */`
`unsigned char *refRev,/* Input */`
`unsigned char *tgtFile,/* Input */`
`unsigned char *tgtRev,/* Input */`
`unsigned char *outFile,/* Input */`

```
unsigned short tabs,/* Input */  
unsigned short contextLines, /* Input */  
unsigned short recordLength, /* Input */  
unsigned char *columnMask,/* Input */  
PVCS_FLAGS flags)/* Input */
```

Parameters

<i>hArchive</i>	Handle returned by PvcsOpenArchive . If the archive is not open, specify <code>ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN</code> .
<i>refFile</i>	Pointer to a string containing the name of the reference file. Specify a null pointer if the reference file is an archive whose archive handle is specified in the <i>hArchive</i> parameter.
<i>refRev</i>	Pointer to a string containing the revision number or version label of the reference file. If the version label begins with a number, precede it with a backslash (\). If the reference file is not an archive, or if the revision is the tip revision, specify a null pointer.
<i>tgtFile</i>	Pointer to a string containing the name of the target file. Specify a null pointer if the target file is an archive whose archive handle is specified in the <i>hArchive</i> parameter.
<i>tgtRev</i>	Pointer to a string containing the revision number or version label of the target file. If the version label begins with a number, precede it with a backslash. If the target file is not a revision, or if it is the tip revision, specify a null pointer.
<i>outFile</i>	Pointer to a string containing the name of a file to which this function writes the difference report. The specified file will be overwritten if it exists. If this parameter is null, the report is sent to standard output. This parameter is equivalent to the <code>VDIFF -XO</code> command.
<i>tabs</i>	Integer containing the number of spaces to display between tabs in the difference report. This parameter is equivalent to the <code>VDIFF -E</code> command.
<i>contextLines</i>	Integer containing the number of context lines to display in the report. If you specify 0, the entire report displays. This parameter is equivalent to the <code>VDIFF -L</code> command.
<i>recordLength</i>	Integer specifying the record length of the files to be compared. Specify 0 to indicate that the files use newline characters to indicate the ends of lines. This parameter is equivalent to the <code>VDIFF -XRecordLength</code> command.
<i>columnMask</i>	String specifying the columns to convert to spaces when comparing files. Specify a null pointer to indicate no column masking. This parameter is equivalent to the <code>VDIFF -XColumnMask</code> command.
<i>flags</i>	Bit field that controls the operation of this function. Values include: <ul style="list-style-type: none">■ <code>PVCS_DIFF_ALLDIFF</code> Displays all differences. This flag is equivalent to the <code>VDIFF -A</code> command.■ <code>PVCS_DIFF_APPEND</code> Appends the report to an existing file.

- **PVCS_DIFF_BRIEF**
Eliminates line numbers from the report. This flag is equivalent to the VDIFF -N command.
- **PVCS_DIFF_NOMOVE**
Does not display moved text. The report displays moved text as deletions and insertions.
- **PVCS_DIFF_IGN_WHITE**
Ignores leading and trailing white space during comparison. This flag is equivalent to the VDIFF -B command.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:

PVCS_E_ACCESS_DENIED
 PVCS_E_ACCESS_VIOLATION
 PVCS_E_ARCHIVE_NOT_FOUND
 PVCS_E_BAD_FILENAME
 PVCS_E_FILE_BUSY
 PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
 PVCS_E_NO_REVISION
 PVCS_E_USER_ABORTED

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Example

```
char *outFile = "foo.dif";
int status;

/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* Report differences between tip of archive and workfile */
status = PvcsReportDifferences(ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN,
  "foo.c_v", /* Use archive as reference file */
  NULL,      /* Use tip of archive */
  "foo.c",   /* Use workfile as target file */
  NULL,      /* Not an archive */
  outFile,   /* Difference output file */
  0,         /* Use default tab spacing */
  10,        /* Display 10 lines of context */
  0,         /* Newlines are end of line */
  NULL,      /* No columnmask */
  PVCS_DIFF_IGN_WHITE); /* Ignore white space */

if (!status)
  printf("Created difference report in \"%s\".\n",outFile);
```

Related Functions [PvcsFindFirstArchive on page 79](#)
[PvcsTestDifferences on page 170](#)

Related Topics For more information, see the following topics in the *Serena PVCS Version Manager Command-Line Reference Guide*.

For information about...

Comparing files

Specifying archive and workfile names

See...

VDIFF command

File Specification

PvcsSetGlobalParameter

This function sets global parameters that affect all Developer's Toolkit functions. If you are using Developer's Toolkit functions to develop a Windows application, you must call **PvcsSetGlobalParameter()** with the PVCS_GLOBAL_NOPROMPT flag to suppress prompts from the toolkit. You should also call the PVCS_GLOBAL_NOMESSAGES flag to suppress the display of console messages.

Syntax `PvcsSetGlobalParameter(
 int globalParameter)/` */* Input */*

Parameters

<i>globalParameter</i>	Integer that identifies the global parameter to set. Values include: <ul style="list-style-type: none">■ PVCS_GLOBAL_PROMPT Enables all interactive prompts. This is the default.■ PVCS_GLOBAL_NOPROMPT Suppresses all interactive prompts. Developer's Toolkit functions return an error in circumstances that require a prompt.■ PVCS_GLOBAL_MESSAGES Enables console messages. This is the default.■ PVCS_GLOBAL_NOMESSAGES Suppresses the display of console messages.
------------------------	-------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

Special Consideration ■ If you are using Developer's Toolkit functions to develop a Windows application, you must call **PvcsSetGlobalParameter()** with the PVCS_GLOBAL_NOPROMPT flag to suppress prompts from the toolkit. You should also call the PVCS_GLOBAL_NOMESSAGES flag to suppress the display of console messages.

Using **PvcsSetGlobalParameter()** the PVCS_GLOBAL_NOPROMPT flag causes Developer's Toolkit to return an error when it encounters a situation in which a prompt is required. To handle the error, you should also call **PvcsRegisterCallback()** with the PVCS_CALLBACK_CONFIRM type to register a function that is called every time a yes/no response is required by Developer's Toolkit. Developer's Toolkit only terminates the application if the callback function returns PVCS_CANCEL.

Example

```
int status;  
  
/* Initialize configuration settings */  
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);  
  
/* Abort program if a prompt is required */  
PvcsSetGlobalParameter(PVCS_GLOBAL_NOPROMPT);  
/* Program would continue on from here */
```

Related Functions [PvcsCreateArchive on page 65](#)
[PvcsGetRevision on page 100](#)
[PvcsMerge on page 124](#)
[PvcsPutRevision on page 134](#)
[PvcsReportDifferences on page 165](#)

PvcsSetProjectSemaphore

This function sets or clears a semaphore for an archive directory, or all directories named by the VCSDir directive. If set, this semaphore disallows update access to all archives in the directory. It requires the SetProjectSemaphore privilege.

Syntax `PvcsSetVcsdirSemaphore(
 unsigned char *archDir,/* Input */
 unsigned char *semName,/* Input */
 PVCS_FLAGS flags /* Input */`

Parameters

- | | |
|----------------|-----------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| <i>archDir</i> | Pointer to a string that contains the name of an archive directory or archive name. The pointer can be null, which implies all directories named by VCSDir. |
| <i>semName</i> | Name of the project semaphore. A null pointer causes Developer's Toolkit to use the default name. |
| <i>flags</i> | Bit field that controls how the function operates. Values include: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ PVCS_SEMAPHORE_SET
Sets the semaphore. ■ PVCS_SEMAPHORE_CLEAR
Clears the semaphore. |

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:
PVCS_E_CANT_CREATE_SEMAPHORE
PVCS_E_CANT_DELETE_SEMAPHORE
PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

- | | |
|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| Special Considerations | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ If the <i>archDir</i> parameter points to an archive directory, Developer's Toolkit creates the semaphore for that directory. If it points to an archive name, the semaphore is created for the directory containing that archive. The archive name can be unqualified; in this case the archive directory is located using the VCSDir path. If the <i>archDir</i> parameter is a null pointer, semaphores are created for all directories named by VCSDir. ■ All project semaphores are file semaphores. Project semaphores are unaffected by Semaphore directives. ■ If a semaphore exists in a directory, and you try to create another semaphore in the same directory, then Developer's Toolkit invokes the PVCS_CALLBACKFUNC_SEMAPHORE function. The directory name, and PVCS_SEMAPHORE_ALREADY_SET error are passed to the callback function. ■ If a semaphore does not exist in a directory, and you try to clear it, Developer's Toolkit invokes the PVCS_CALLBACKFUNC_SEMAPHORE function. The directory name and PVCS_SEMAPHORE_ALREADY_CLEAR error are passed to the callback function. ■ Each time an archive is opened for an update operation, the directory in which the archive resides is checked for a project semaphore. If one is present, then the Developer's Toolkit call attempting an update returns a PVCS_E_PROJECT_BUSY error. No retries are attempted. |
|------------------------|------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|

- Command-line consideration: If a command-line command (GET, PUT, VCS) attempts to update an archive residing in a directory containing a project semaphore, Developer's Toolkit returns an error.
- Previous versions of Version Manager (5.1.1 or earlier) do not recognize project semaphores.

```
Example  PVCS_PUCHAR szArchive = NULL;
        PVCS_PUCHAR szSemaphore = NULL;

        / * Initialize configuration settings */
        rc = PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

        /*
        * Set a project semaphore. This code just puts one in the archive
        * directory that the archive we were given is in using the default
        * project semaphore name. Other options are:
        *
        * szArchive:
        * NULL - set semaphore on all directories in VCSDir,
        * A directory - set semaphore in that directory,
        * An archive - set semaphore in directory containing the archive */

        rc = PvcsSetProjectSemaphore(
            szArchive,
            NULL,
            PVCS_SEMAPHORE_SET);

        /*
        * Clear the project semaphore.
        */

        rc = PvcsSetProjectSemaphore(
            szArchive,
            NULL,
            PVCS_SEMAPHORE_CLEAR);
```

PvcsTestDifferences

This function compares two files or revisions and returns a status code that indicates whether they are different. This is equivalent to the VDIFF -T command.

```
Syntax  PvcsTestDifferences(
        ARCHIVEHANDLE hArchive, /* Input */
        unsigned char *refFile, /* Input */
        unsigned char *refRev, /* Input */
        unsigned char *tgtFile, /* Input */
        unsigned char *tgtRev, /* Input */
        unsigned short *diffStatus, /* Output */
        unsigned short recordLength, /* Input */
        unsigned char *columnMask, /* Input */
        PVCS_FLAGS flags) /* Input */
```

Parameters

<i>hArchive</i>	Handle returned by PvcsOpenArchive . If the archive is not open, specify <code>ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN</code> .
<i>refFile</i>	Pointer to a string containing the name of the reference file. Specify a null parameter if the reference file is an archive whose archive handle is specified in the <i>hArchive</i> parameter.
<i>refRev</i>	Pointer to a string containing the revision number or version label of the reference file. If the version label begins with a number, precede it with a backslash (\). If the reference file is not an archive, or if it is the tip revision, specify a null pointer.
<i>tgtFile</i>	Pointer to a string containing the name of the target file. Specify a null pointer if the target file is an archive whose archive handle is specified in the <i>hArchive</i> parameter.
<i>tgtRev</i>	Pointer to a string containing the revision number or version label of the target file. If the version label begins with a number, precede it with a backslash. If the target file is not an archive, or if it is the tip revision, specify a null pointer.
<i>diffStatus</i>	Pointer to an integer that indicates whether the target file differs from the reference file. Zero indicates that the files are identical; a non-zero value indicates that the target file has changed.
<i>recordLength</i>	Integer specifying the record length of the files to be compared. Specify 0 to indicate that the files use newline characters to indicate the ends of lines. This parameter is equivalent to the <code>VDIFF -XRecordLength</code> command.
<i>columnMask</i>	String specifying the columns to ignore when comparing. This parameter is equivalent to the <code>VDIFF -XColumnMask</code> command.
<i>flags</i>	Bit field that controls the operation of this function. Value includes: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ <code>PVCS_DIFF_IGN_WHITE</code> Ignores leading and trailing white space during comparison. This flag is equivalent to the <code>VDIFF -B</code> command.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:

`PVCS_E_ARCHIVE_NOT_FOUND`
`PVCS_E_NO_REVISION`
`PVCS_E_FILE_BUSY`
`PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER`
`PVCS_E_ACCESS_VIOLATION`

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Example

```
int diffStatus;
int status;

/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* Test differences between tip of archive, and workfile */
status = PvcsTestDifferences(ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN,
    "foo.c_v", /* Use archive as ref file */
    NULL,      /* Use tip of archive */
    "foo.c",   /* Use workfile as target */
```

```
    NULL,      /* Not an archive */
    &diffStatus, /* Receives difference status */
    0,         /* Newlines are end of line */
    NULL,      /* No columnmask */
    PVCS_DIFF_IGN_WHITE); /* Ignore leading and trailing
                           whitespace */

if (!status) {
    if (!diffStatus)
        printf("Files are identical.\n");
    else
        printf("Files are different.\n");
}
```

Related Functions [PvcsFindFirstArchive on page 79](#)
[PvcsReportDifferences on page 165](#)

Related Topics For more information, see the following topics in the *Serena PVCS Version Manager Command-Line Reference Guide*.

For information about...

Comparing files

Specifying archive and workfile names

See...

VDIFF command

File Specification

PvcsUnlockRevision

This function unlocks a revision in an archive. It is equivalent to the VCS -U command.

Syntax `PvcsUnlockRevision(
 ARCHIVEHANDLE hArchive, /* Input */
 unsigned char *fileName, /* Input */
 unsigned char *revarg, /* Input */
 unsigned char *locker) /* Input */`

Parameters

<i>hArchive</i>	Handle returned by PvcsOpenArchive . If the archive is not open, specify <code>ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN</code> .
<i>fileName</i>	Pointer to the name of an archive or a workfile. This parameter is required only if the archive is not open.
<i>revarg</i>	Pointer to a string containing the revision number, version label, or promotion group to unlock. If the version label begins with a number, precede it with a backslash (\). If this parameter is null, the function removes all locks owned by <i>locker</i> . This parameter is equivalent to the -R option used with the VCS -U command.
<i>locker</i>	Pointer to a string containing the user ID of the person owning the lock. If this parameter is null, the function uses the current user ID.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:

PVCS_E_ACCESS_VIOLATION
 PVCS_E_ARCHIVE_NOT_FOUND
 PVCS_E_FILE_BUSY
 PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
 PVCS_E_LOCKED_REVISION
 PVCS_E_NOT_LOCKED
 PVCS_E_USER_ABORTED

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Special Consideration If *fileName* refers to a workfile, the program infers the archive name. If *fileName* contains wildcards, the program expands it according to the usual Version Manager rules.

Example

```
/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* Unlock a revision */
PvcsUnlockRevision(ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN,
  "foo.c_v", /* Archive name */
  "1.12", /* Revision to unlock */
  "DAVEE"); /* User ID of lock owner */
```

Related Functions

- [PvcsGetLockInfo on page 95](#)
- [PvcsLockRevisionGroup on page 117](#)
- [PvcsOpenArchive on page 129](#)

Related Topics For more information, see the following topics in the *Serena PVCS Version Manager Command-Line Reference Guide*.

For information about...

See...

Unlocking revisions

VCS command

Locking revisions

Revision Locking

Specifying archive and workfile names

File Specification

PvcsUnRegisterEvent

This function removes the handle for a specified event.

Syntax

```
PvcsUnRegisterEvent(
  int eventID) /* Input */
```

Parameters

eventID Integer that identifies the event that triggers this handler. Values include:

- PVCS_EVENT_ALL_EVENTS
 Unregisters a trigger that would otherwise execute whenever any event occurs.

- **PVCS_EVENT_UNCOND_PRE_PUT**
Unregisters a trigger that is executed before a new revision is checked in and when the workfile has not yet been read by Version Manager.
- **PVCS_EVENT_PRE_PUT**
Unregisters a trigger that executes before a new revision is checked in.
- **PVCS_EVENT_POST_PUT**
Unregisters a trigger that executes after a revision is checked in.
- **PVCS_EVENT_PRE_GET**
Unregisters a trigger that executes before a workfile is checked out.
- **PVCS_EVENT_POST_GET**
Unregisters a trigger that executes after a workfile is checked out.
- **PVCS_EVENT_POST_JOURNAL**
Unregisters a trigger that executes after an entry is written to the journal file (Journal directive in effect).
- **PVCS_EVENT_PRE_PROMOTE**
Unregisters a trigger that executes before a revision is promoted.
- **PVCS_EVENT_POST_PROMOTE**
Unregisters a trigger that is executed after a revision is promoted.
- **PVCS_EVENT_PRE_VERSION_LABEL**
Unregisters a trigger that is executed before a version label is applied.
- **PVCS_EVENT_POST_VERSION_LABEL**
Unregisters a trigger that is executed after a version label is applied.
- **PVCS_EVENT_PRE_LOCK**
Unregisters a trigger that is executed before a revision is locked.
- **PVCS_EVENT_POST_LOCK**
Unregisters a trigger that is executed after a revision is locked.
- **PVCS_EVENT_PRE_UNLOCK**
Unregisters a trigger that is executed before a revision is unlocked.
- **PVCS_EVENT_POST_UNLOCK**
Unregisters a trigger that is executed after a revision is unlocked.
- **PVCS_EVENT_PRE_CREATE_ARCHIVE**
Unregisters a trigger that is executed before a new archive is created.
- **PVCS_EVENT_POST_CREATE_ARCHIVE**
Unregisters a trigger that is executed after a new archive is created.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Otherwise you can receive `PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER`. See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Example `PVCS_PUCHAR theCmdLine = "build -f myevent.bld";`

```

/* Register an event. */
PvcsRegisterEvent(PVCS_EVENT_POST_PUT,
```

```

    PVCS_EVENT_TYPE_CMDLINE,
    theCmdLine);

/* At this point you might do any other processing. When
 * a check in action occurs, theCmdLine will be executed,
 * causing the build script MYEVENT.BLD to be executed. */

/* At program completion (or earlier) you should unregister
 * all events that you registered */
PvcsUnRegisterEvent(PVCS_EVENT_POST_PUT);

```

Related [PvcsRegisterEvent on page 163](#)
 Function [PvcsQueryConfigurationItem on page 144](#)

PvcsVconfig

This function embeds the master configuration file, access control database name, and the list of user ID sources in the Version Manager DLL files. This function is equivalent to the VCONFIG command.

Syntax `PvcsVconfig(`
 unsigned char **DLLName*,/* Input */
 unsigned char **accessDbName*,/* Input */
 unsigned char **masterConfigName*, /* Input */
 unsigned char **userIDSources*, /* Input */
 unsigned char **language*,/* Input */
 unsigned char **messagePath*,/* Input */
 unsigned char **localePath*,/* Input */
 void **reserved*) /* Reserved */

Parameters

<i>DLLName</i>	Pointer to a string that specifies the Developer's Toolkit DLL to configure (Windows or Protected Mode DLL). The file name cannot contain wildcards. If this is a null pointer, then Developer's Toolkit uses the default file name. If it is a null string, then it returns an error.
<i>accessDbName</i>	Pointer to a string that specifies the access control database. If it is a null pointer, then its setting is not affected. If it is a null string, then the currently embedded access control database is removed. This parameter is equivalent to the VCONFIG -A command.
<i>masterConfigName</i>	Pointer to a string that specifies the master configuration file. If it is a null pointer, then its setting is not affected. If it is a null string, then the currently embedded master configuration name is removed. This parameter is equivalent to the VCONFIG -C command.

<i>userIdSources</i>	<p>Pointer to a string that specifies the user identification sources and the order in which Version Manager uses them. Sources are not case-sensitive, and include the following values:</p> <table><tr><td>HOST</td><td>LANMAN</td></tr><tr><td>NETWARE</td><td>UNKNOWN</td></tr><tr><td>VCSID</td><td>VLOGIN</td></tr></table> <p>If <i>userIdSources</i> is a null pointer, then its setting is not affected. If it is a null string, then the currently embedded user identification sources are removed. This parameter is equivalent to the VCONFIG -C command.</p>	HOST	LANMAN	NETWARE	UNKNOWN	VCSID	VLOGIN
HOST	LANMAN						
NETWARE	UNKNOWN						
VCSID	VLOGIN						
<i>language</i>	<p>Pointer to a string that specifies the default language. If <i>language</i> is a null pointer, then its setting is not affected. If <i>language</i> is a null string, then the currently embedded default language is removed. This parameter is equivalent to the VCONFIG -I command.</p>						
<i>messagePath</i>	<p>Pointer to a string that names the path to the message file. If <i>messagePath</i> is a null pointer, then its setting is not affected. If it is a null string, then the currently embedded message file path is removed. This parameter is equivalent to the VCONFIG -P command.</p>						
<i>localePath</i>	<p>Pointer to a string that specifies the path to the locale file. If it is a null pointer, then its setting is not affected. If it is a null string, then the currently embedded locale file path is removed. This parameter is equivalent to the VCONFIG -C command.</p>						
<i>reserved</i>	<p>Reserved for future use.</p>						

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:

PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
PVCS_E_BAD_USER_ID_SOURCE
PVCS_E_CANT_OPEN_VCONFIG_FILE
PVCS_E_CANT_READ_VCONFIG_FILE
PVCS_E_CANT_WRITE_VCONFIG_FILE
PVCS_E_BAD_SERIAL_NUMBER
PVCS_E_BAD_VCONFIG_FILE
PVCS_E_UNKNOWN_ID_SOURCE

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Special
Considerations

For UNIX users:

- Under UNIX, the *DLLName* parameter is *library*.
- Under UNIX, LANMAN and NETWARE are not applicable values for the *userIdSources* parameter. If you use VLOGIN as a login source, you must call **PvcsLogin** to validate a login ID.

Example

```
int status;  
  
/* Initialize configuration settings */  
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);  
  
/* Implant configuration information into DLL */  
status = PvcsVconfig(  
    NULL,          /* Use default DLL file name */
```



```

        "c:\\pvcs\\access.db", /* Name of access control db */
        "c:\\pvcs\\master.cfg", /* Name of master cfg file */
        "netware, vlogin, host", /* List of user ID sources */
        NULL, /* Default language unchanged */
        NULL, /* Path unchanged */
        NULL, /* Path unchanged */
        (void *)0); /* Reserved for future use */

if (!status)
    printf("Implanted configuration information.\n");
}

```

PvcsVerifyPromoTree

This function verifies the promotion model by making sure it has exactly one group at the highest level (or *production group*) and that every group (except the production group) promotes to exactly one parent.

Syntax PvcsVerifyPromoTree(
void)

Return Value The return value is zero if the function is successful. The other possible value is PVCS_E_BAD_PROMO_TREE. See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Example

```

int status;

/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* Build the promotion model */
PvcsAddPromoteTreeNode("QA", "PRODUCTION");
PvcsAddPromoteTreeNode("DEV1", "QA");
PvcsAddPromoteTreeNode("DEV2", "QA");
PvcsAddPromoteTreeNode("DEV3", "QA");

/* Verify the model */
status = PvcsVerifyPromoTree();
if (!status)
    printf("Promotion model defined successfully.\n");

```

Related Functions [PvcsGetPromoParent on page 99](#)
[PvcsGroupToRevision on page 111](#)
[PvcsPromoteRevision on page 131](#)
[PvcsVerifyPromoTreeNodeExist on page 178](#)

Related Topics For more information, see the following topics in the *Serena PVCS Version Manager Command-Line Reference Guide*.

For information about...

Promotion models

See...

Promotion

Defining a promotion group

Promote directive

Promoting revisions

VPROMOTE command

PvcsVerifyPromoTreeNodeExist

This function determines whether a promotion group exists in a promotion model and indicates whether it is a production group, development group, or neither.

Syntax `PvcsVerifyPromoTreeNodeExist(
 unsigned char *node_name,/* Input */
 unsigned short *value)/* Output */`

Parameters

node_name

Pointer to the name of the promotion group to verify.

value

Pointer to a variable that receives one of the following values:

- PVCS_PROMO_DEV
Bottom-level group, called a *development group*.
- PVCS_PROMO_MID
Group exists and is neither a *development group* nor the *production group*.
- PVCS_PROMO_NO_EXIST
Group does not exist in the model.
- PVCS_PROMO_ROOT
Production group.

Return Value The return value is zero if the function is successful. The other possible value is PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER. See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Special Consideration Use **PvcsGroupToRevision** to determine whether an archive contains a revision at the specified promotion group.

Example

```
int type;  
int i;  
char *production = "PRODUCTION";  
char *qa = "QA";  
char *development[3] = {"DEV1", "DEV2", "DEV3"};  
int status;
```

```
/* Initialize configuration settings */  
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);
```

```
/* Build the promotion model */  
for (i = 0; i < 3; i++)  
    PvcsAddPromoteTreeNode(development[i], qa);  
    PvcsAddPromoteTreeNode(qa, production);
```

```
/* Verify the existence of groups */  
for (i = 0 ; i < 3; i++) {
```

```

        PvcsVerifyPromoTreeNodeExist(development[i], &type);
        displayGroupType(development[i], type);
    }
    PvcsVerifyPromoTreeNodeExist(qa, &type);
    displayGroupType(qa, type);
    PvcsVerifyPromoTreeNodeExist(production, &type);
    displayGroupType(production, type);
    .
    .
    .
void displayGroupType(char *group, int type)
{
    switch (type) {
        case PVCS_PROMO_DEV:
            printf("\'%s\' is a development group.\n",
                group); break;
        case PVCS_PROMO_MID:
            printf("\'%s\' is an intermediate group.\n",
                group); break;
        case PVCS_PROMO_ROOT:
            printf("\'%s\' is the production group.\n",
                group); break;
        case PVCS_PROMO_NO_EXIST:
            printf("\'%s\' does not exist in the
                hierarchy.\n", group); break;
    }
}

```

Related Functions

- [PvcsGetPromoParent on page 99](#)
- [PvcsGroupToRevision on page 111](#)
- [PvcsPromoteRevision on page 131](#)
- [PvcsVerifyPromoTree on page 177](#)

Related Topics For more information, see the following topics in the *Serena PVCS Version Manager Command-Line Reference Guide*.

For information about...

Promotion models

Defining a promotion group

Promoting revisions

See...

Promotion

Promote directive

V PROMOTE command

PvcsVersionToRevision

This function returns the revision numbers that are assigned to a specified version label.

Syntax

```

PvcsVersionToRevision(
    ARCHIVEHANDLE hArchive, /* Input */
    unsigned char *fileName, /* Input */
    unsigned char *versionLabel, /* Input */
    unsigned short *pVersCount, /* Input / Output */
    unsigned char *versionTable, /* Output */
    unsigned short bufLen) /* Input */

```

Parameters

<i>hArchive</i>	Handle returned by PvcsOpenArchive . If the archive is not open, specify <code>ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN</code> .
<i>fileName</i>	Pointer to the name of an archive or a workfile. This parameter is required only if the archive is not open.
<i>versionLabel</i>	Pointer to a string containing a version label. The version label must exist in the archive. If <i>versionLabel</i> is null, the function returns all revision/version pairs up to the limit specified in <i>pVersCount</i> or until the <i>versionTable</i> buffer is full.
<i>pVersCount</i>	Points to a variable that specifies the number of revision/version pairs to retrieve. The parameter returns the actual number retrieved.
<i>versionTable</i>	Pointer to a buffer that receives the revision/version pairs.
<i>bufLen</i>	Specifies the length of the <i>versionTable</i> buffer.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:

PVCS_E_ACCESS_VIOLATION
PVCS_E_ARCHIVE_NOT_FOUND
PVCS_E_BUFFER_OVERFLOW
PVCS_E_FILE_BUSY
PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER
PVCS_E_NO_REVISION
PVCS_E_NO_VERSION

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Special Considerations

- If *fileName* refers to a workfile, the program infers the archive name. If *fileName* contains wildcards, the program expands it according to the usual Version Manager rules.
- The format of the buffer is:

<i>revisionString</i>
<i>null</i>
<i>versionString</i>
<i>null</i>
.
.
.
<i>null</i>

Each revision string and version string is null-terminated, and the end of the buffer is marked by an additional null character. The revision number is returned as a printable string—for example, 1.15, 1.5.2.3, or 1.2.1.*. (The last example is a revision string for a floating version label.)

Example

```
unsigned short versCount = -1;
char versBuffer[512];
char *bufPtr;
```

```
/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* Obtain revisions associated with version labels */
PvcsVersionToRevision(ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN,
    "foo.c_v", /* Name of archive or workfile */
    NULL, /* All revision/version pairs */
    &versCount, /* Returns number of pairs
                retrieved */
    versBuffer, /* Buffer receiving rev/ver
                pairs */
    sizeof(versBuffer)); /* Length of the buffer */

/* Display all revisions with version labels */
bufPtr = versBuffer;
while (versCount--) {
    printf("Revision: %s", bufPtr);
    bufPtr += strlen(bufPtr) + 1; /* Skip over revision */
    printf(" Version: %s\n", bufPtr);
    bufPtr += strlen(bufPtr) + 1; /* Skip over version */
}
```

Related Functions [PvcsAssignVersion on page 54](#)
[PvcsGetRevisionInfo on page 103](#)
[PvcsOpenArchive on page 129](#)

Related Topics For more information, see the following topics in the *Serena PVCS Version Manager Command-Line Reference Guide*.

For information about...

Version labels

Revision numbers

See...*Version Labels**Revision Numbering*

Chapter 3

Serena Configuration Builder Functions

PvcsBuild	184
PvcsCloseBuildScript	185
PvcsReadBuildScript	186
PvcsRedirectBuildOutput	188
PvcsRegisterBuildCallback	190
PvcsSaveWinmainParams	193
PvcsUnsaveWinmainParams	194

PvcsBuild

This function builds a target according to the rules in a build script that was previously read with **PvcsReadBuildScript**.

Syntax `PvcsBuild(
 SCRIPTHANDLE theScript,/* Input */
 unsigned char *targetName,/* Input */
 unsigned short FAR *lastErrorlevel)/* Output */`

Parameters

<i>theScript</i>	Handle that was initialized with PvcsReadBuildScript .
<i>targetName</i>	Pointer to a buffer containing the name of the target to be built. The function builds all sources for <i>targetName</i> first, if necessary, and then builds <i>targetName</i> . The function builds the default target if the value is null.
<i>lastErrorlevel</i>	Operating system exit code of the last command executed.

Return Values The return value is one of the following if the function is successful:

PVCS_E_MKUPTODATE
PVCS_E_MKWORKED

If the operation is not successful, the return value is one of the following:

PVCS_E_MKFAILED
PVCS_E_MKABORTED

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Special Consideration You can call **PvcsBuild** multiple times using a script handle that was initialized just once.

Example

```
char *scriptName = "makefile";  
char *target = "foo.exe";  
SCRIPTHANDLE handle;  
PVCS_FLAGS options = PVCS_RD_DEBUG_OUTPUT |  
    PVCS_RD_INHERIT_ENVIRONMENT |  
    PVCS_RD_DEFINE_ENV_MACROS;  
int errorLevel;  
int status;  
  
/* Read build script */  
status = PvcsReadBuildScript(  
    scriptName,/* Name of build script */  
    options, /* Options */  
    "MEMORY_MODEL=LARGE",/* Define a macro */  
    &handle);/* Receives the script handle */  
if (!status) {  
  
    /* Build a target */  
    status = PvcsBuild(  
        handle, /* Script handle */  
        target, /* Target to build */  
        &errorLevel);/* Receives exit code of last command */  
}
```



```

    /* Display message and close handle */
    if (!status) {
        printf("Successfully built target \"%s\".\n", target);
        PvcsCloseBuildScript(handle);
    }
}

```

Related Functions [PvcsReadBuildScript on page 186](#)
[PvcsCloseBuildScript on page 185](#)

Related Topics For more information, see the following topics in the *Serena Configuration Builder Reference Guide*.

For information about...	See...
Build script contents	<i>Build Scripts</i>
Building targets	<i>Targets</i>

PvcsCloseBuildScript

This function closes a script handle that was opened by **PvcsReadBuildScript**.

Syntax `PvcsCloseBuildScript(
 SCRIPTHANDLE theScript) /* Input */`

Parameter

<i>theScript</i>	Handle that was initialized with PvcsReadBuildScript .
------------------	---------------------------------------------------------------

Return Value The return value is zero if the function is successful.

Special Considerations

- Use this function to free memory allocated in other Configuration Builder functions.
- Do not call this function if any previous Serena Configuration Builder function terminated unsuccessfully.

Example

```

char *scriptName = "makefile";
SCRIPTHANDLE handle;
int status;

/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* Read build script */
status = PvcsReadBuildScript(scriptName,
    CS_RD_INHERIT_ENVIRONMENT, "", &handle);
if (!status) {

    /* Close build script */
    status = PvcsCloseBuildScript(handle);
    if (!status)

```

```
        printf("Successfully closed build script \"%s\".\n",
              scriptName);
    }
```

Related Functions [PvcsBuild on page 184](#)
 [PvcsReadBuildScript on page 186](#)

Related Topics For more information, see the following topics in the *Serena Configuration Builder Reference Guide*.

For information about...

Build script contents

See...

Build Scripts

PvcsReadBuildScript

This function reads a build script and returns a script handle, which is passed to **PvcsBuild**. A script handle identifies a body of rules that describe how to build a project (or parts of a project). You cannot access or modify this body of rules directly; instead, you must use this function.

Syntax `PvcsReadBuildScript(
 unsigned char *scriptName,/* Input */
 PVCS_FLAGS buildOptions,/* Input */
 unsigned char *macroDefs,/* Input */
 SCRIPTHANDLE FAR *theScript)//* Output */`

Parameters

scriptName Name of the build script. If this parameter is null, the function finds the build script using the usual Configuration Builder rules.

buildOptions Bit field that controls the operation of this function. Values include:

- PVCS_RD_INHERIT_ENVIRONMENT
Passes environment to commands executed by **PvcsBuild**. This flag emulates the program's default behavior, which you can override from the command line using the -NoEnvInherit flag.
- PVCS_RD_ALLOW_DEFAULTRULES
Uses built-in rules. This flag emulates the program's default behavior, which you can override from the command line using the -Reject flag.
- PVCS_RD_ALLOW_INI_FILE
Looks for the TOOLS.INI file. This flag emulates the program's default behavior, which you can override from the command line using the -Init flag.

- **PVCS_RD_DEBUG_OUTPUT**
Displays debugging information. This flag is equivalent to the -Debug flag.
- **PVCS_RD_DEFINE_ENV_MACROS**
Uses environment variables as predefined macros. This flag emulates the program's default behavior, which you can override from the command line using the -NoEnvMacros flag.
- **PVCS_RD_DISPLAY_SYMBOL_TABLE**
Displays a summary of macro definitions, archive declarations, rules, and dependencies. This flag is equivalent to the -Summary flag.
- **PVCS_RD_ENV_MACRO_PRECEDENCE**
Gives environment variables precedence over macro definitions. This flag emulates the program's default behavior, which you can override from the command line using the -NoRedefine flag.
- **PVCS_RD_IGNORE_ERRORS**
Ignores any non-zero exit codes from operations. This flag is equivalent to the -Ignore flag.
- **PVCS_RD_KEEP_WORKING**
Keeps working despite errors. This flag is equivalent to the -KeepWorking flag.
- **PVCS_RD_MS_NMAKE_MODE**
Emulates Microsoft NMAKE. This flag is equivalent to the -Nmake flag.
- **PVCS_RD_NOEXECUTION**
Displays operation lines but does not execute them. This flag is equivalent to the -NoExecute flag.
- **PVCS_RD_SILENT_OPERATION**
Does not display commands and error messages. This flag is equivalent to the -Quiet flag.
- **PVCS_RD_TOUCH_ONLY**
Sets the time and date of any files that need to be built to the current time and date. This flag is equivalent to the -Touch flag.

- **PVCS_RD_UNCONDITIONAL_BUILD**
Forces a rebuild without regard to the timestamp of the target and all sources. This flag is equivalent to the -All flag.

macroDefs A null-terminated string in the following form:
MacroName=Value...
Separate multiple MacroName=Value pairs with spaces.

theScript Script handle for use in subsequent operations.

Return Values The return value is zero if the function is successful. Other values may be:
PVCS_E_MKABORTED
PVCS_E_FILE_NOT_FOUND

See [Chapter 4, "Return Values"](#) for descriptions of return values.

Example

```
/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);
```

```
/* Read build script */
status = PvcsReadBuildScript(
    scriptName, /* Name of build script */
    options, /* Options */
    "MEMORY_MODEL=LARGE", /* Define a macro */
    &handle); /* Receives the script handle */

if (!status) {

    /* Build a target */
    status = PvcsBuild(
        handle, /* Script handle */
        target, /* Target to build */
        &errorLevel); /* Receives exit code */
```

Related Function [PvcsCloseBuildScript on page 185](#)

Related Topics For more information, see the following topics in the *Serena Configuration Builder Reference Guide*.

For information about...	See...
Command-line flags	<i>Flags</i>
Build script contents	<i>Build Scripts</i>

PvcsRedirectBuildOutput

This function redirects standard output or standard error to a file.

Syntax

```
PvcsRedirectBuildOutput(
    SCRIPTHANDLE theScript, /* Input */
    unsigned char *newStdOut, /* Input */
```

```
unsigned char *newStdErr)/* Input */
```

Parameters

<i>theScript</i>	Handle initialized with PvcsReadBuildScript . You can call this function with different build scripts, and specify different files for redirection. This parameter can be null, so you can call this function before calling PvcsReadBuildScript to redirect read-time output. If you set <i>theScript</i> to null, you must call PvcsReadBuildScript immediately after calling PvcsRedirectBuildOutput . The redirection is effective only for the <code>SCRIPTHANDLE</code> initialized by that call to PvcsReadBuildScript .
<i>newStdOut</i>	Pointer to a string that specifies a file name for standard output. If the string is a hyphen (-), the function redirects standard output to the file specified by <i>newStdErr</i> . If the string is null, the function does not redirect standard output. This enables you to redirect standard error without redirecting standard output.
<i>newStdErr</i>	Pointer to a string that specifies a file name for standard error. If the string is a hyphen (-), the function redirects standard error to the file specified by <i>newStdOut</i> . If the string is null, the function does not redirect standard error. This enables you to redirect standard output without redirecting standard error.

Return Value This function always returns zero.

```
Example char *scriptName = "makefile";
char *target = "foo.exe";
SCRIPTHANDLE handle;
PVCS_FLAGS options = PVCS_RD_DEBUG_OUTPUT |
    PVCS_RD_INHERIT_ENVIRONMENT |
    PVCS_RD_DEFINE_ENV_MACROS;
char *outFile = "build.log";
int errorLevel;
int status;

/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* Read build script */
status = PvcsReadBuildScript(scriptName, options,
    "MEMORY_MODEL=LARGE", &handle);
if (!status) {

    /* Place all output in a log file */
    PvcsRedirectBuildOutput(
        handle, /* Script handle */
        outFile, /* File to contain std output messages */
        outFile); /* File to contain std error messages */

    /* Build a target */
    status = PvcsBuild(handle, target, &errorLevel);
```

```
/* Close handle */  
if (!status)  
    PvcCloseBuildScript(handle);  
printf("Build output log is in \"%s\".\n", outFile);  
}
```

Related Functions [PvcReadBuildScript on page 186](#)
 [PvcBuild on page 184](#)

Related Topics For more information, see the following topics in the *Serena Configuration Builder Reference Guide*.

For information about...

Redirecting error messages

See...

-DirectOutput flag
-DirectAll flag
-DirectErrors flag

PvcRegisterBuildCallback

This function registers a callback function that Developer's Toolkit calls when an event occurs. The parameter list passed to your callback function varies depending on the type of the callback.

Syntax `PvcRegisterBuildCallback(
 SCRIPTHANDLE theScript, /* Input */
 int callbackType, /* Input */
 PVCSCB_YIELDPROC pFunction) /* Input */`

Parameters

<i>theScript</i>	<p>Handle initialized with PvcsReadBuildScript. You can call this function with different build scripts, and specify different callbacks.</p> <p>This parameter can be null, so you can call this function before calling PvcsReadBuildScript to register callback functions. If you set <i>theScript</i> to null, call PvcsReadBuildScript immediately after calling PvcsRegisterBuildCallback. The callback function is effective only for the SCRIPTHANDLE initialized by that call to PvcsReadBuildScript.</p>
<i>callbackType</i>	<p>Integer that specifies the callback function identified in the header file. Values include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> ■ PVCS_CALLBACK_YIELD Developer's Toolkit calls the specified function at frequent intervals during processing. Your function should have the following form: <pre>int PVCS_CALLBACK YieldCallbackFunction(void)</pre> ■ PVCSCB_CALLBACK_VIEW Developer's Toolkit calls the specified function at any point where the command line executable would write to standard output or standard error, and passes the message string to the callback function.
<i>pFunction</i>	<p>Pointer to the function that Developer's Toolkit calls when the callback event occurs.</p> <p>If <i>callbackType</i> is PVCS_CALLBACK_YIELD, <i>pFunction</i> must point to a function of type PVCSCB_CALLBACK.</p> <p>If <i>callbackType</i> is PVCSCB_CALLBACK_VIEW, <i>pFunction</i> must point to a function of type PVCSCB_VIEWPROC, which requires a typecast. For example, the standard C <code>vprintf()</code> function is of this type.</p>

Return Value This function always returns zero.

- Special Considerations
- By default, the Windows version of Serena Configuration Builder has a yield function that is a `PeekMessage()` loop. Some applications may need a more complex yield function. You can call **PvcsRegisterBuildCallback** with *callbackType* set to **PVCS_CALLBACK_YIELD** to register a yield function that Configuration Builder calls in place of the default yield function.
- If you register a yield callback that blocks the flow of messages, then the Windows desktop environment will be stopped until the entire build finishes.
- If the yield function returns a non-zero value, Configuration Builder terminates with the following message:
- Received Interrupt: cleaning up.
- This enables the application to cancel the build process—for example, with a Cancel button.
- If you call **PvcsRegisterBuildCallback** with *callbackType* set to **PVCSCB_CALLBACK_VIEW**, then Configuration Builder sends every message to the

display function before it displays the message. After calling the display function, Configuration Builder writes the normal output to the output window or redirected file.

- When calling this function from a DLL, disable stack checking on callback functions. To disable stack checking using the Microsoft C compiler, use either the /Gs compiler option, or the `check_stack` pragma.

```
Example char *scriptName = "makefile";
char *target = "foo.exe";
SCRIPTHANDLE handle;
PVCS_FLAGS options = PVCS_RD_DEBUG_OUTPUT |
    PVCS_RD_INHERIT_ENVIRONMENT |
    PVCS_RD_DEFINE_ENV_MACROS;
int errorLevel;
int status;

/* Initialize configuration settings */
PvcsQueryConfiguration(NULL, NULL, 0, PVCS_CONFIG_OVERWRITE);

/* Read build script */
status = PvcsReadBuildScript(
    scriptName, options, "MEMORY_MODEL=LARGE", &handle);
if (!status) {

    /* Register a "yield" function */
    PvcsRegisterBuildCallback(
        handle, /* Build script handle */
        PVCS_CALLBACK_YIELD, /* Callback func id */
        callbackYield); /* Function to call */

    /* Build a target */
    PvcsBuild(handle, target, &errorLevel);

    /* Close handle */
    PvcsCloseBuildScript(handle);
}
.
.
.

#pragma check_stack(off)
/* When calling functions from a DLL, */
/* you must disable stack checking. Microsoft */
/* C provides this pragma to disable stack */
/* checking. */
/*
 * Callback function that is called at frequent intervals.
 */
static int PVCS_CALLBACK callbackYield(void)
{
    int status = 0;
    static int timesCalled = 0;
    printf("Yield callback: %d\n", ++timesCalled);
    return status;
}
```



```
#pragma check_stack()/* Enable stack checking */
```

Related Functions [PvcsReadBuildScript on page 186](#)
[PvcsBuild on page 184](#)
[PvcsRegisterCallback on page 155](#)

PvcsSaveWinmainParams

This function saves the parameters that Windows passes to an application when it starts the application.

Syntax `PvcsSaveWinmainParams(`
 unsigned *hInst*, /* Input */
 unsigned *hPrevInstance*,/* Input */
 unsigned char **lpCmdLine*,/* Input */
 int *nCmdShow*) /* Input */

Parameters

<i>hInst</i>	The instance handle that Windows uses to identify the application.
<i>hPrevInstance</i>	The previous instance handle. This is the instance handle of the most recent active instance of the same program.
<i>lpCmdLine</i>	Command-line parameters.
<i>nCmdShow</i>	A number that specifies how to display the window.

Return Values This function returns zero if it is successful. If the **PvcsSaveWinmainParams** parameters could not be stored, the Developer's Toolkit will return a non-zero value. If you receive this error, check to see that you have called **PvcsUnsaveWinmainParams** at the end of each Configuration Builder application.

Special Considerations

- Windows applications must call this function before calling other Configuration Builder functions, passing it the arguments that Windows passed to the application's WinMain function. Since you can run multiple instances of the DLL, this function records the instance handle, the previous instance handle, and command-line parameters for each program instance.
- This function is only available (and necessary) in the Windows version of the Developer's Toolkit.

Example

```
WinMain(
    HANDLE hInstance,
    HANDLE hPrevInstance,
    LPSTR lpCmdLine,
    int nCmdShow
)
{
    PvcsSaveWinmainParams(hInstance, hPrevInstance, lpCmdLine,
        nCmdShow);

    /*... do other Configuration Builder calls here ... */

    PvcsUnsaveWinmainParams();
}
```

```
    return 0;
}
```

Related Function [PvcsUnsaveWinmainParams on page 194](#)

PvcsUnsaveWinmainParams

This function frees resources reserved by a previous call to **PvcsSaveWinmainParams**.

Syntax `PvcsUnsaveWinmainParams(
 void)`

Parameters There are no parameters to this function.

Return Value This function always returns zero.

Special Considerations

- You must call this function as a cleanup function when your Windows program exits.
- This function is only available (and necessary) in the Windows version of the Developer's Toolkit.

Example

```
WinMain(
    HANDLE hInstance,
    HANDLE hPrevInstance,
    LPSTR lpCmdLine,
    int nCmdShow
)
{
    PvcsSaveWinmainParams(hInstance, hPrevInstance, lpCmdLine,
        nCmdShow);

    /*... do other Configuration Builder calls here ... */

    PvcsUnsaveWinmainParams();

    return 0;
}
```

Related Function [PvcsSaveWinmainParams on page 193](#)

Chapter 4

Return Values

Return Values

Developer's Toolkit
error codes

The following table lists the values returned by Serena PVCS Version Manager Developer's Toolkit functions and the reasons why each occurs. The values for these codes are defined in PVCS.H. If you don't see a value listed here, check PVCS.H.

Code	Return Value	Description
1	PVCS_E_INTERNAL	An internal error occurred because of an unexpected condition.
2	PVCS_E_ARCHIVE_NOT_FOUND	Developer's Toolkit cannot find the specified archive.
3	PVCS_E_ALREADY_EXISTS	A file cannot be created because it already exists, and the NO_OVERWRITE flag was specified.
4	PVCS_E_INVALID_CONFIG_PARM	A line in the configuration file is invalid.
5	PVCS_E_ACCESS_DENIED	File access is denied at the file system level. The most likely cause is insufficient network privileges.
6	PVCS_E_FILE_BUSY	File access is denied because the file is in use by another process.
7	PVCS_E_INVALID_PARAMETER	A parameter to a function is invalid.
8	PVCS_E_BUFFER_OVERFLOW	The buffer receiving information is not large enough.
9	PVCS_E_BAD_FILENAME	The file name is invalid because the drive or path does not exist, or the file name contains invalid characters.
10	PVCS_E_BAD_ARCHIVE_HANDLE	The archive handle does not specify an open archive.
11	PVCS_E_NO_VERSION	The specified version label does not exist.
12	PVCS_E_VERSION_EXISTS	Developer's Toolkit could not add a version label because the label already exists.

Code	Return Value	Description
13	PVCS_E_ACCESS_VIOLATION	Access to the archive is denied by Version Manager because the current user has insufficient access privileges.
14	PVCS_E_LOCKED_REVISION	You tried to operate on a revision that is currently locked.
15	PVCS_E_USER_ABORTED	The user canceled the request in response to a prompt.
16	PVCS_E_NO_MEMORY	A memory allocation request failed.
17	PVCS_E_BAD_DATE	The date specification is invalid.
18	PVCS_E_NO_REVISION	The specified revision does not exist.
19	PVCS_E_BAD_REVISION	The revision specification contains incorrect syntax.
20	PVCS_E_ARCHIVE_EMPTY	Developer's Toolkit cannot process the request because the archive contains no revisions.
21	PVCS_E_EXCESS_CFG_NESTING	The levels of configuration file nesting exceed the maximum of 20.
22	PVCS_E_SAME_NAME	The workfile and archive names are identical.
23	PVCS_E_CANT_DELETE	An error occurred when the program tried to delete the file.
24	PVCS_E_OVERWRITE	A file already exists, and permission to overwrite it was not given.
25	PVCS_E_NO_HANDLES	The operating system is out of file handles.
26	PVCS_E_NET_NOT_ALLOWED	Developer's Toolkit detected a license violation and is denying access to network files.
27	PVCS_E_BAD_ARCHIVE	The file is not an archive.
28	PVCS_E_NO_ATTRIBUTE	No attribute exists.
29	PVCS_E_CANT_LOCK	Developer's Toolkit cannot lock a revision. Either lock checking is disabled for the archive, or the archive has the ExclusiveLock attribute and there is already a lock on it.
30	PVCS_E_NOT_LOCKED	Developer's Toolkit expected to find a locked revision, but no locks exist on the specified revisions.
31	PVCS_E_NO_MORE_FILES	There are no more files that match the wildcard file specification.

Code	Return Value	Description
32	PVCS_E_WORK_NOT_FOUND	The program cannot find the specified workfile.
33	PVCS_E_PROMPT	Version Manager requires user input, but prompts are suppressed.
34	PVCS_E_INVALID_PROMO	Either you tried to promote the production group, there are no revisions at the group from which you tried to promote, or you attempted some other promotion that violates the promotion model.
35	PVCS_E_BAD_PROMO_TREE	PvcsQueryConfiguration returns this error code when a configuration file contains Promote directives with recursive promotions or multiple top levels.
36	PVCS_E_PROMO_NO_PARENT	You tried to promote from the promotion group that is at the top of the promotion model.
37	PVCS_E_PROMO_NO_NODE	The specified promotion group does not exist.
38	PVCS_E_PROMO_ERROR	Obsolete.
39	PVCS_E_NO_ALIAS	The PvcsQueryAlias parameter cannot find the alias.
40	PVCS_E_GROUP_EXISTS	The promotion group already exists.
41	PVCS_E_NO_GROUP	The specified promotion group does not exist in the archive.
42	PVCS_E_NO_NETWARE_DLL	PvcsInit returns this code under Windows if the NetWare drivers are loaded, but NWNETAPI.DLL is not in the PATH. This prevents Version Manager from using any non-file I/O services, such as getting user IDs or creating semaphores.
43	PVCS_E_NO_JOURNAL_FILES	PvcsListJournal returns this error when you do not specify a journal file, and it cannot find a default file.
44	PVCS_E_BAD_JOURNAL_FILE	PvcsListJournal returns this error code when it encounters a format error in a journal file, which may happen if someone edits the file.
45	PVCS_E_NOT_DEV_GROUP	Developer's Toolkit cannot lock a revision because the specified group is not a development group.

Code	Return Value	Description
46	PVCS_E_GROUP_LOCKED	The program could not place a lock on a revision because the specified development group is already associated with another lock.
47	PVCS_E_BRANCHWARN	PvcsGetRevision and PvcsLockRevisionGroup return this code when a revision that you are locking would cause a branch to be created when it is checked in, and the BranchWarn directive is in effect.
48	PVCS_E_CANT_OPEN_ACCESSDB	Developer's Toolkit cannot open the access control database.
49	PVCS_E_PROMOTE_XBRANCH	PvcsPromoteRevision returns this error when you specify the PVCS_PROMOTE_NO_XBRANCH flag and a promotion would cross a branch.
50	PVCS_E_NO_USER_ID	Developer's Toolkit cannot find the user identification.
51	PVCS_E_OLD_WORKFILE	PvcsPutRevision cannot check in a revision because the workfile is older than the previous revision. To check it in, use the PVCS_PUT_FORCE_PUT flag.
52	PVCS_E_UNCHANGED_WORKFILE	The workfile is identical to the previous revision in the archive. Use the PVCS_PUT_FORCE_PUT flag to check in the file anyway.
53	PVCS_E_EXPECTING_FILENAME	PvcsReportDifferences and PvcsMerge return this code when you do not specify the required number of file names or revisions. PvcsReportDifferences must be able to identify two files by some combination of file names and revision parameters. PvcsMerge must be able to identify a base file and two branch files by some combination of file names and revision parameters.
55	PVCS_E_FILE_NOT_FOUND	A specified file cannot be found.
56	PVCS_E_BAD_REDIRECT	A redirection specification contains a syntax error, invalid file name, or invalid path name.
57	PVCS_E_CFG_INCLUDE	A configuration file contains a syntax error in the Include directive.

Code	Return Value	Description
58	PVCS_E_CANT_SHARE	The file system does not support file sharing.
59	PVCS_E_CANT_MAP	Developer's Toolkit cannot map to a network drive.
60	PVCS_E_CFG_COLUMNMASK	A configuration file contains a syntax error in the ColumnMask directive.
61	PVCS_E_SEMAPHORE_NOT_ALLOWED	The Semaphore directive specifies a type that is not allowed by the operating system.
62	PVCS_E_CFG_BAD_CONDITIONAL	A configuration file conditional construct contains a syntax or logic error.
63	PVCS_E_CFG_RENUMBER	A configuration file contains a syntax error in the Renumber directive.
64	PVCS_E_LINE_EDITOR	Developer's Toolkit cannot open the console for the line editor.
65	PVCS_E_CANT_CREATE_SEMAPHORE	<p>Developer's Toolkit issues this error for any of the following reasons:</p> <p>You tried to create a semaphore, but it already exists.</p> <p>The NoSemaphore directive is enabled.</p> <p>You tried to use a nonexistent directory as the <i>archDir</i> parameter.</p> <p>You tried to use a nonexistent archive as the <i>archDir</i> parameter.</p>
66	PVCS_E_CANT_DELETE_SEMAPHORE	You tried to delete a semaphore that does not exist.
67	PVCS_E_BAD_PRIVILEGE	A privilege statement in the access control database contains a syntax error.
68	PVCS_E_UNKNOWN_PRIVILEGE	Developer's Toolkit did not recognize a privilege in the <i>privilegeList</i> parameter as base, composite, or custom.
69	PVCS_E_BAD_ACCESS_GROUP	A group definition statement in the access control database contains a syntax error.
70	PVCS_E_BAD_ACCESS_USER	A user definition statement in the access control database contains a syntax error.
71	PVCS_E_WORK_MSG_SAME	The workfile and message file are the same.

Code	Return Value	Description
72	PVCS_E_NO_MSGFILE	Developer's Toolkit cannot find a message file.
73	PVCS_E_EDITFILE	The program cannot open a temporary file specified by the VCSEdit directive.
74	PVCS_E_CFG_VCSEDIT	A configuration file contains a syntax error in the VCSEdit directive.
75	PVCS_E_VCSEDIT_CANCEL	The editor returned an error code as specified by the VCSEdit directive.
76	PVCS_E_NOT_DIR	The specified directory does not exist.
77	PVCS_E_DISK_FULL	A write error occurred. The disk is probably full.
78	PVCS_E_BRANCH_REVISION	Version Manager cannot delete a revision because it contains a branch.
79	PVCS_E_PROCESS_ABORTED	The process was interrupted. For example, the user pressed Ctrl+C.
80	PVCS_E_NO_ACCESS_DB	You did not specify an access control database.
81	PVCS_E_BAD_ACCESS_DB	Corrupted access control database.
82	PVCS_E_USER_EXPIRED	Valid dates for this user have expired, and access to the access control database is denied.
83	PVCS_E_UNKNOWN_USER	Developer's Toolkit did not find the user in the database specified by the <i>userName</i> parameter.
84	PVCS_E_INVALID_PASSWORD	The user ID you specified does not exist in the access control database.
85	PVCS_E_DIAG_FILE	Developer's Toolkit cannot open the diagnostic file, tried to open it when it is already opened, or tried to close it and it was already closed.
86	PVCS_E_UNKNOWN_GROUP	Developer's Toolkit did not find the group in the database specified by the <i>groupName</i> parameter.
87	PVCS_E_USER_EXISTS	The user you wanted to add using the <i>userName</i> parameter already exists in the database.

Code	Return Value	Description
88	PVCS_E_PRIVILEGE_EXISTS	The name specified by the <i>newName</i> parameter for this privilege already exists in the database.
89	PVCS_E_BAD_DATABASE_HANDLE	Trying to update access control database that is open as read-only.
90	PVCS_E_DLL_INUSE	Trying to load the Toolkit DLL more than once (DLL is not reentrant).
91	PVCS_E_SCRIPT_NOT_FOUND	Developer's Toolkit could not open the file specified by the <i>ScriptName</i> parameter
92	PVCS_E_CANT_LOAD_DLL	Developer's Toolkit cannot load the Configuration Builder DLL.
94	PVCS_E_EVENT_REGISTERED	Developer's Toolkit tried to register an event more than once.
95	PVCS_E_NOT_IN_LIST	User ID was not found in AccessList.
96	PVCS_E_BAD_SERIAL_NUMBER	Developer's Toolkit detects a serial number mismatch.
97	PVCS_E_BAD_VCONFIG_FILE	The file specified by the <i>fileToConfigure</i> parameter cannot be configured.
98	PVCS_E_CANT_OPEN_VCONFIG_FILE	Developer's Toolkit cannot open the file specified by the <i>fileToConfigure</i> parameter to modify it.
99	PVCS_E_CANT_READ_VCONFIG_FILE	Developer's Toolkit either cannot find or read the file specified by the <i>fileToConfigure</i> parameter.
100	PVCS_E_CANT_WRITE_VCONFIG_FILE	Developer's Toolkit cannot write to the file specified by the <i>fileToConfigure</i> parameter.
101	PVCS_E_UNKNOWN_ID_SOURCE	Developer's Toolkit does not recognize the user identification source.
102	PVCS_E_PROJECT_BUSY	Project semaphore exists in directory where archive update is to occur.
103	PVCS_E_TRIGGER_ABORTED	Developer's Toolkit returns this error if an action being performed aborts because an event trigger returns a non-zero exit code. For example, a PvcsPutRevision() might return this error if a <i>PrePut</i> event trigger returns a non-zero exit code.

Code	Return Value	Description
104	PVCS_E_TRIGGER_ISLVDOS_MISSING	Trigger execution failed because the ISLVDOS.386 VxD is not installed.
105	PVCS_E_TRIGGER_WEXECDOS_MISSING	Trigger execution failed because WEXECDOS.PIF or WEXECDOS.EXE does not exist in the executable directory.
106	PVCS_E_TRIGGER_FAILED	The trigger failed to execute for some other reason.
107	PVCS_E_CANT_OPEN_CONFIG_FILE	Can't open a configuration file.
108	PVCS_E_ACCESS_GROUP_EXISTS	Group already exists in access control database.
109	PVCS_E_DIRECTIVE_DISALLOWED	Configuration directive has been disallowed.
110	PVCS_E_NOT_SUPPORTED	The action or item requested is not supported.
111	PVCS_E_NOT_DEFINED	The action or item requested is not defined.
112	PVCS_E_CHECKSUM_ERROR	Licensing error.
113	PVCS_E_LICENSE_ERROR	Licensing error.
254	PVCS_E_FUNCTION_NOT_FOUND	A wrapper function failed to find an address for function.
255	PVCS_E_DTK_NOT_LOADED	A wrapper function failed to load the toolkit.

Chapter 5

Data Structures

Data Structures

Data structures used by the API This chapter lists the data structures used by Serena PVCS Version Manager Developer's Toolkit functions. These structures are defined in the files PVCSVM.H and PVCSCB.H.

ARCHIVEINFO

Archive information	<pre>typedef struct _ARCHIVEINFO { USHORT revcnt; /* Number of revisions */ USHORT lockers; /* Number of locks */ USHORT attributes; /* Attribute bits */ USHORT reclen; /* Workfile fixed record length */ PVCSDATE create_time; /* Workfile creation time */ USHORT renum_start_col; /* Renumber start column */ USHORT renum_end_col; /* Renumber end column */ LONG renum_start_val; /* Renumber starting value */ LONG renum_step_val; /* Renumber increment */ USHORT archive; /* Offs to name of archive */ USHORT workfile; /* Offs to name of workfile */ USHORT owner; /* Offs to archive owner */ USHORT access; /* Offs to archive access list */ USHORT cmt_str; /* Offs to comment prefix str */ USHORT newline; /* Offs to newline string */ USHORT diffmask; /* Offs to column mask range */ UCHAR info[1]; /* Variable length information */ } ARCHIVEINFO;</pre>
---------------------	---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

ARCHIVEINFO Attribute Definitions

Attribute definitions	<pre>#define PVCS_ATTR_CHK_LOCK 0x0001 /* check lock on check-in */ #define PVCS_ATTR_WRT_PROT 0x0002 /* archive write protection */ #define PVCS_ATTR_EXCL_LOCK 0x0004 /* only one lock at a time */ #define PVCS_ATTR_EXP_KEYS 0x0008 /* expand keywords */ #define PVCS_ATTR_TRANSLATE 0x0010 /* do eol translation */ #define PVCS_ATTR_CMPRS_DELTA 0x0020 /* compress deltas */ #define PVCS_ATTR_CMPRS_TEXT 0x0040 /* compress full text revs */</pre>
-----------------------	------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------------

CONFIG

Directive values	<pre>typedef struct _CONFIG {</pre>
------------------	-------------------------------------

```
    BOOL quiet;                /* Quiet */
    BOOL wrtProtArchive;       /* WriteProtect */
    BOOL checkLock;           /* CheckLock */
    BOOL branchWarn;          /* BranchWarn */
    BOOL ignorePath;          /* IgnorePath */
    BOOL forceUnlock;          /* ForceUnlock */
    BOOL autoCreate;           /* AutoCreate */
    BOOL firstMatch;           /* FirstMatch */
    BOOL delMsgFile;           /* DeleteMessageFile */
    BOOL useArchiveWork;       /* ArchiveWork */
    BOOL signon;               /* SignOn */
    BOOL ignIDCase;            /* NoCase VCSID */
    BOOL shareLocal;           /* Share Local */
    BOOL shareNet;             /* Share Network */
    BOOL memswap;              /* MemSwap */
    BOOL ctrlz;                /* Ctrlz */
    BOOL writable_workfile;    /* NoDeleteWork NoWriteProtect*/
    BOOL writable_accessdb;    /* AccessDB NoWriteProtect*/
    USHORT semaphoreLocal;     /* Semaphore Local */
    USHORT semaphoreNetwork;   /* Semaphore Network */
    USHORT semRetry;           /* SemaphoreRetry */
    USHORT semDelay;           /* SemaphoreDelay */
    USHORT delWork;            /* DeleteWork */
    USHORT multiLockUser;      /* MultiLock User */
    USHORT multiLockRev;       /* MultiLock Revision */
    USHORT exclusiveLock;      /* ExclusiveLock */
    USHORT vloginInt;          /* VLogIn */
    LONG diag;                 /* Internal diagnostic level */
    char pathSep;              /* PathSeparator */
    UCHAR *translate;          /* Translate */
    UCHAR *archsuf;            /* ArchivSuffix */
    UCHAR *msgsuf;             /* MessageSuffix */
    UCHAR *semsuf;             /* SemSuffix */
    UCHAR *defVers;            /* DefaultVersion */
    UCHAR *baseVers;           /* BaseVersion */
    UCHAR *branchVers;         /* BranchVersion */
    UCHAR *semDir;             /* SemaphoreDir */
    UCHAR *workDir;            /* WorkDir */
    UCHAR *archiveWorkDir;     /* ArchiveWork */
    UCHAR *vcsEdit;            /* VCSEdit */
    UCHAR *vcsid;              /* VCSID */
    UCHAR *owner;              /* Owner */
    UCHAR *journal;            /* Journal */
    UCHAR *newline;            /* NewLine */
    UCHAR *accessdb;           /* AccessDB */
    UCHAR *columnMask;         /* ColumnMask */
    UCHAR *renum;              /* Renumber */
    UCHAR *vcmdir;             /* VCSDir */
    UCHAR *compressImage;      /* CompressWorkImage */
    UCHAR *compressDelta;      /* CompressDelta */
    UCHAR *recordLength;       /* RecordLength */
    UCHAR *expKeywords;        /* ExpandKeywords */
    UCHAR *loginSource;        /* LogIn */
} CONFIG;
```

LOCK

Lock information This structure is used by **PvcsGetLockInfo**. The buffer that you pass to **PvcsGetLockInfo** must be large enough to contain this structure, plus room for the *revision*, *newRevision*, and *lockerdata*. In other words, **PvcsGetLockInfo** uses the storage that you provide to return the actual lock data.

PvcsGetLockInfo can return information about more than one lock. If this happens, your buffer will contain an array of LOCK structures. The LOCK structures contain pointers which point to the actual lock data.

Allocate 64 bytes per lock record.

```
typedef struct _LOCK {
    UCHAR *revision;      /* The locked revision */
    UCHAR *newRevision;   /* Revision to create at check in */
    UCHAR *locker;        /* User ID of the locker */
} LOCK;
```

Example The following is a sample piece of code to walk the LOCK list:

```
LOCK *pLockInfo = malloc(256);
PvcsGetLockInfo(
    ARCHIVEHANDLE_NOT_OPEN, /* Archive handle */
    archive, /* Archive name
    NULL, /* Revision (any revision) */
    NULL, /* VCSID (any) */
    &lockCount, /* Count (unlimited) */
    pLockInfo, /* Buffer */
    sizeof(pLockInfo)); /* Buffer length */
while (lockCount-- > 0) {
    printf("Revision: %s NewRevision: %s locker: %s\n",
        pLockInfo->revision, pLockInfo->newRevision,
        pLockInfo->locker);

    // Advance pointer to next lock structure
    pLockInfo += 1;
}
```

PVCSDATE

Time/date stamp

```
typedef struct _PVCSDATE {
    unsigned year      : 7; /* Number of years since 1980 */
    unsigned month     : 4; /* Month (1-12) */
    unsigned day       : 5; /* Day of month (1-31) */
    unsigned hours     : 5; /* Hour of day (24 hr. clock) */
    unsigned minutes   : 6; /* Minutes (0-59) */
    unsigned twosecs   : 5; /* 2-sec. increments (0-29) */
} PVCSDATE;
```

REVINFO

Revision information

```
typedef struct _REVINFO {
    USHORT branch_count; /* Number of branches off this rev */
    USHORT lock_count;   /* Number of locks on this rev */
    USHORT level;        /* Revision tree level, 0 == trunk */
}
```

```
PVCSDATE date;      /* Check in date of revision */
PVCSDATE mdate;     /* Modification date of revision */
USHORT ord;         /* Ordinal number in archive */
UCHAR revstr[64];   /* Revision number (ASCII string)*/
} REVINFO;
```

Index

A

- aliases, finding values 138
- archive handles
 - about 14
 - invalid 195
- ARCHIVEINFO structure 86, 203
- archives
 - access denied 196
 - cannot find 195
 - checking revisions into 134
 - closing 14
 - empty 196
 - handles 14
 - invalid 196
 - opening 14
 - viewing header information 85
- ArchiveSuffix directive 64
- ArchiveWork directive 56

B

- BranchWarn directive 101, 118
- buffers
 - allocating 12
 - error message 12
 - too small 195

C

- callback functions, PvcRegisterBuildCallback 190
- callback types
 - PVCS_CALLBACK_YIELD 191
 - PVCSCB_CALLBACK_VIEW 191
- callbacktypes 191
- calling conventions 11
- closing, archives 14
- compiling 12
- Compress directive 66
- CONFIG structure 56, 66, 140, 203
- configuration files
 - errors reading 143, 195
 - nesting exceeded 196
 - reading 13, 14, 140
 - reading more than one 141
- contacting technical support 8
- conventions, typographical 7

D

- data structures
 - ARCHIVEINFO 86, 203
 - CONFIG 56, 66, 140, 203
 - even-byte alignment 12
 - LOCK 96, 205
 - REVINFO 104, 205
- data types 11
- dates, invalid 196
- deleting revisions 67
- delta files 79
- Developer's Toolkit
 - distributing and licensing functions 15
 - licensing for distribution 15
- Developer's Toolkit components 10
- directives 66
- Disallow directive 149
- distributing
 - Serena Configuration Builder functions 16
 - Version Manager functions 15

E

- error codes 195
- errors in configuration files 143
- ExclusiveLock directive 196
- ExpandKeywords directive 66

F

- file server 15
- files
 - access denied 195
 - cannot create 195
 - cannot open 196
 - cannot overwrite 196
 - error in deleting 196
 - header 11
 - import libraries 11
 - invalid names 195, 201
- functions, case-insensitive 12

G

- global parameters 168

H

- handles
 - archive 14
 - search 79
- hard-copy manuals, ordering 8
- header files 11

I

- IDENT 20
- IgnorePath directive 65
- import libraries 10, 11
- installing a DTK application 16

J

- Journal directive 116
- journal files 115

L

- LIBPATH statement 10
- libpvcsvm.a 10
- libpvcsvm.sl 10
- libpvcsvm.so 10
- libraries
 - dynamic link (DLL) 10
 - import 10, 11
 - shared 10
 - static 11
- license violations 196
- licensing
 - redistribution of the Developer's Toolkit 15
- linking 12
- LOCK structure 96, 205
- locking, error 196
- LogIn directive 110
- login source 110
- login, Version Manager File Server 15

M

- memory, allocation request failed 196
- MultiLock directive 101, 118, 158

N

- null pointers or parameters 12

O

- online help
 - accessing 7
 - for the command-line interface 7
 - for the desktop client 7
- online manuals
 - ordering hard-copy manuals 8
- opening archives 14

P

- parameters
 - invalid 195
 - null 12
- pointers, null 12, 141
- printed manuals
 - ordering 8
- Promote directive 51
- promotion error 197
- promotion groups, do not exist 197
- PUT command 54, 134
- PVCS_CALLBACK_CFG_ALIASREF 156
- PVCS_CALLBACK_CFG_CONDITION 157
- PVCS_CALLBACK_CFG_INCLUDE 157
- PVCS_CALLBACK_CHGDESC 157
- PVCS_CALLBACK_CONFIG 158
- PVCS_CALLBACK_CONFIRM 159
- PVCS_CALLBACK_DELAY 160
- PVCS_CALLBACK_FREEMEM 160
- PVCS_CALLBACK_NO_DIRECTORY 161
- PVCS_CALLBACK_WORKDESC 161
- PVCS_CALLBACK_YIELD 162
- PVCS_CFGITEM_EVENTTRIGGER 149
- PVCS_LOCK_BRANCH_PERMITTED 118
- PVCS_LOCK_MULTILOCK 118
- PVCS_LOCK_NOBRANCH 118
- PVCS_LOCK_NOMULTILOCK 118
- PVCS.H 11
- PvcsAccessAddGroupGroup 20
- PvcsAccessAddGroupUser 21
- PvcsAccessDefineGroup 23
- PvcsAccessDefinePrivilege 24
- PvcsAccessDefineUser 25
- PvcsAccessDeleteGroup 27
- PvcsAccessDeleteGroupGroup 28
- PvcsAccessDeleteGroupUser 29
- PvcsAccessDeletePrivilege 29
- PvcsAccessDeleteUser 30
- PvcsAccessEnumerateGroupGroups 31
- PvcsAccessEnumerateGroups 32
- PvcsAccessEnumerateGroupUsers 34
- PvcsAccessEnumeratePrivilege 35
- PvcsAccessEnumerateUserGroups 37
- PvcsAccessEnumerateUsers 39
- PvcsAccessOpenDB 40

PvcAccessQueryGroup 41
 PvcAccessQueryPrivilege 42
 PvcAccessQueryUser 43
 PvcAccessRenameGroup 45
 PvcAccessRenameGroupGroup 46
 PvcAccessRenameGroupUser 47
 PvcAccessRenamePrivilege 48
 PvcAccessRenameUser 49
 PvcAddAlias 50
 PvcAddPromoteTreeNode 51
 PvcAssignPromoGroup 53
 PvcAssignVersion 54
 PvcBuild 184
 PvcCancelUpdate 14, 56, 129
 pvcscb.a 11
 PVCSCB.H
 about 11
 lists data structures 11
 PvcChangeAccessList 57
 PvcChangeArchiveInfo 59
 PvcCloseAll 62
 PvcCloseArchive 14, 56, 63
 PvcCloseBuildScript 185
 PvcComputeArchiveName 64
 PvcCreateArchive 65
 PvcDeleteRevision 67
 PvcDiagnosticEnable 68
 PvcEndArchiveSearch 73
 PvcExport 74
 PvcFindFirstArchive 79, 81
 PvcFindNextArchive 81
 PvcGenDeltaFile 79
 PvcGetArchiveInfo 85
 PvcGetArchiveInfoVB1 87
 PvcGetArchiveInfoVB2 90
 PvcGetExtRevAttribute 93, 133
 PvcGetLockInfo 95
 PvcGetLockInfoVB 97
 PvcGetPromoParent 99
 PvcGetRevision 100
 PvcGetRevisionInfo 103
 PvcGetRevisionInfo2 105
 PvcGetRevisionInfoVB 107
 PvcGetUserInfo 110
 PvcGroupToRevision 111
 PvcInit 113
 PvcIsArchive 114
 PvcIsUserInDatabase 114
 PvcListJournal 115
 PvcLog 85, 119
 PvcLogin 122
 PvcMakeDB 123
 PvcMerge 124
 PvcMerge2 126
 PvcOpenArchive 14, 56, 64
 PvcPromote 131
 PvcPutExtRevAttribute 132
 PvcPutRevision 134
 PvcQueryAlias 138
 PvcQueryArchiveAccess 139
 PvcQueryConfiguration 14, 56, 140
 PvcQueryConfigurationError 143
 PvcQueryUserAccess 150
 PvcQueryVconfigItem 151
 PvcReadBuildScript 186
 PvcReadDB 152
 PvcRedirectBuildOutput 188
 PvcRedirectOutput 154
 PvcRegisterBuildCallback 190
 PvcRegisterCallback 155
 PvcRegisterEvent 163
 PvcReportDifferences 165
 PvcSaveWinmainParams 193
 PvcSetGlobalParameter 168
 PvcSetProjectSemaphore 169
 PvcTestDifferences 170
 PvcUnregisterEvent 173
 PvcUnsaveWinmainParams 194
 PvcVconfig 175
 PvcVerifyPromoTree 52, 177
 PvcVerifyPromoTreeNodeExist 178
 PVCSTM.H 11
 PVCSTMW.DLL 10

Q

querying, aliases 138

R

redirecting, Configuration Builder output 188
 redistribution of the Developer's Toolkit 15
 return values 92, 195
 REVINFORM structure 104, 205
 revisions
 cannot lock 196
 checking in 134
 deleting 67
 do not exist 196
 invalid syntax 196
 locked 196

S

semaphores 129, 199
 Serena
 Configuration Builder 16
 Serena, contacting 8
 shared libraries 10
 stack allocation 12

static library 11

T

threads, multiple, not supported 12
typographical conventions 7

U

Unix applications 13
user ID 110
Using this Manual 7

V

VCS command 117
VCSDir directive 66, 80, 81
VCSEdit directive 200
VDEL command 67
VDIFF command 79
version labels 195
Version Manager File Server 15
VJOURNAL command 115
VLOG command 85
VPROMOTE command 131

W

Windows parameters, saving 193
WinMain function 193